Controlling officer: the Commissioner of Police will account for expenditure under this Head.

Estimate 2003–04	\$12,189.8m
Establishment ceiling 2003–04 (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 34 225 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2003 reducing by 286 posts to 33 939 posts as at 31 March 2004.	\$9,335.0m
In addition there will be 77 directorate posts as at 31 March 2003 and as at 31 March 2004.	
Capital Account commitment balance	\$258.6m

Controlling Officer's Report

Programmes

Programme (1) Maintenance of Law and Order in the Community	These programmes contribute Security (Secretary for Security).	to	Policy	Area	9:	Internal
Programme (2) Prevention and Detection of Crime	Security (Secretary for Security).					
Programme (3) Reduction of Traffic						
Accidents Programme (4) Operations						

Detail

Programme (1): Maintenance of Law and Order in the Community

	2001–02	2002–03	2002–03	2003–04
	(Actual)	(Approved)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	6,400.6	6,081.8 (-5.0%)	6,041.3 (-0.7%)	6,024.7 (-0.3%)

Aim

2 The aim is to maintain law and order through the deployment of efficient and well-equipped uniformed police personnel throughout the land regions.

Brief Description

3 Law and order is maintained primarily through the deployment of uniformed officers to project highly visible and mobile police presence. The constant monitoring of crime trends, judicious planning for public events and the use of an enhanced computer-assisted command and control system allow for the effective and efficient deployment of police resources.

- 4 In 2002, the Force:
- extended the trial scheme using vehicle patrols to increase coverage and to enhance response to emergencies in rural/remote areas to Hong Kong Island and Kowloon East;
- introduced a new public relations strategy, involving all levels within the Force, to project a strong positive Force image with a view to maintaining a high level of public support and participation in upholding law and order in the community;
- commissioned one customer satisfaction survey;
- continued to implement the two-pronged internal communications strategy to improve communications systems and practices whilst instilling a positive attitude to gain staff commitment to achieve the Force's objectives;
- continued to upgrade existing police premises under the Station Improvement Project, which is scheduled for completion by the end of 2002–03;
- conducted a feasibility study on introducing a Service Quality Award Scheme to promote and reinforce a quality service culture in the workplace;
- introduced a revised programme management system which utilises information technology and performance measures to allow for more efficient monitoring and management of Force projects; and
- established the foundation for the development of a Force-wide knowledge management system which enables the systematic capturing, storing and utilisation of organisational and individual knowledge.

5 The key performance measures are:

Targets

These include:

- maximisation of deployment of available uniformed officers in land regions on front-line operational duties;
- reduction of disciplined manpower on administrative duties to the minimum and deployment of these resources to
 operations; and
- rapid response to emergency calls as indicated below:

	Target (Minutes)	2001 (Actual)	2002 (Actual)	2003 (Plan)
response to emergency calls in Hong Kong Island and Kowloon (%) response to emergency calls in the New	9	99.0	98.9	100
Territories (%)	15	99.5	99.6	100
Indicators				
		2001	2002	2003
		(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
response to 999 calls				
total calls		625 165	644 133	674 000
emergency calls		90 630	83 866	85 000
all types of report to police		929 466	1 181 568	1 200 000
summonses issued (other than traffic summons	ses)	22 996	9 462	10 000
raids conducted		22 550	24 600	25 000
offenders arrested by uniformed officers	••••••	62 044	78 426	80 000

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2003-04

- 6 During 2003–04, the Force will:
- enhance the deployment on high profile policing and core functions by streamlining, reducing or eliminating nonconstabulary and non-core work;
- conduct a full review of the survey strategy to enhance the utility and effectiveness of surveys;
- continue the implementation of the two-pronged internal communications strategy to boost internal communication;
- embark on the fourth round of 'Living-the-Values' workshops through Force-wide participation involving members at all levels to enhance their personal commitment to the value of professionalism;
- introduce a Service Quality Scheme Award to promote best practices in the workplace;
- develop a strategic information warehouse to support the revised Force Programme Management System; and
- upgrade the technology and management infrastructure to support and oversee the full scale implementation of knowledge management.

Programme (2): Prevention and Detection of Crime

	2001–02	2002–03	2002–03	2003–04
	(Actual)	(Approved)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	2,261.3	2,536.6 (+12.2%)	2,463.0 (-2.9%)	2,435.9 (-1.1%)

Aim

7 The aim is to prevent and detect crime.

Brief Description

8 The prevention and detection of crime is a Force-wide priority with crime units, supported by uniformed officers, under a unified police command. This work involves:

- investigations by crime units in Police headquarters, regions, districts and divisions;
- developing the Force's various information and intelligence systems—in particular, strengthening its crime investigation capabilities through the use and development of various modern technologies;

- · maximising the use and effectiveness of computer systems and other intelligence gathering procedures;
- mounting crime prevention publicity programmes; and
- maintaining close liaison and cooperation with police authorities of the Mainland and other jurisdictions.
- **9** In 2002, the Force:
- implemented the Massage Establishment (Amendment) Ordinance enacted in November 2001;
- continued to work closely with Home Affairs Bureau and District Fight Crime Committees (DFCCs) to launch regular crime prevention initiatives, which included 'Help People to Help Themselves—Fight Crime Campaign', 'Fight Crime Game Stall Competition' and '18 Districts Fight Crime Carnival';
- worked closely with Junior Police Call (JPC) Honorary Presidents to identify and implement Force-wide anticrime initiatives, and carried out 143 activities including 'JPC Fight Crime Summer Camp', 'No Drug Action Basketball Competition' and 'Help the Police to Fight Youth Crime Competition';
- launched the Secondary School Liaison Programme to enhance police liaison with secondary schools, Education Department (ED), Social Welfare Department (SWD) and non-government organisations in tackling juvenile delinquency and crime;
- reviewed 47 multi-agency youth initiatives in various Police regions and districts. 'Smart Teen Challenge Camp' coordinated by the Force and ED remained a project identified suitable for Force-wide implementation. A total of 8 courses were run for 848 students in 2002. SWD and Narcotics Division of Security Bureau also assisted in the training and evaluation of the programme;
- organised anti-crime publicity programmes to address specific crime problems namely, 'Anti-shop Theft', 'Antidomestic Burglaries', 'Street Deception' and 'Computer Crime Involving Youngsters';
- tackled organised crimes, particularly crimes involving firearms, triad, soccer bookmaking, money laundering, syndicated vice and frauds through strengthened intelligence network, intelligence-based investigations and undercover operations with emphasis on attacking the financial sources behind these organised crimes;
- maintained operational liaison and bilateral relationships with the Mainland authorities in combating crossboundary organised crimes;
- conducted territory-wide crackdowns against drugs and psychotropic substances with operational support of the Mainland counterparts and law enforcement agencies in neighbouring cities and overseas countries;
- maintained close cooperation and liaison with overseas law enforcement agencies in addressing cross-border crimes and exchange of intelligence, skills and experiences;
- successfully held a Transnational Organised Crime Conference, which aimed to enhance international cooperation with focuses on triad, narcotics, money laundering and cyber crime, with a participation of over 500 local and overseas delegates;
- increased video interview rooms to 69 with a significant increase in the usage of these facilities, and introduced criteria to relax the video interview application for suitable Magistrates' court cases;
- pursued the upgrading of the existing intelligence processing computer system to enhance the Force's intelligence analysis and serious crime investigation capability;
- provided special training programmes for handling child abuse investigations and streamlined joint agency investigation procedures into child abuse, the Police Superintendent's Discretion Scheme and juvenile crime;
- improved the witness and victim support schemes with the completion of eight additional one-way-viewer identification parade suites; and
- enhanced enforcement capability against technology crime by strengthening the expertise of investigation officers and established a professional Computer Forensics Laboratory.
- 10 The key performance measures are:

Targets

These include preventing and detecting crime, giving top priority to violent and syndicated crime and targeting in particular:

- crimes where genuine firearms are used;
- triad-related offences;
- serious narcotic offences;
- threat of terrorist activities;
- money laundering;
- juvenile and youth crimes;

- · syndicated fraud; and
- technology crime and computer-related crime.

Indicators

	2001 (Actual)	2002 (Actual)	2003 (Estimate)
overall crimes reported	73 008	75 877	76 000
overall crimes detected	32 151	32 423	32 555
violent crimes reported	13 551	14 140	14 000
violent crimes detected	7 189	7 400	7 400
crimes reported involving genuine firearms	12	10	N.A.@
crimes detected involving genuine firearms	3	4	N.A.@
calls received by Police Hotlines	12 581	12 516	N.A.@
juveniles arrested for crime	5 903	5 335	5 500
vehicles stolen	2 562	2 412	2 500
total quantity of No. 4 Heroin seized (kg)	156#	189†	N.A.@
total quantity of cannabis seized (kg)	2 105#	827†	N.A.@
total quantity of Methamphetamine (ice) and other			
psychotropic drugs seized (kg)	145#	185†	N.A.@
total quantity of Ecstasy (MDMA) seized (no. of tablets)	170 243#	96 024†	N.A.@

- @ Not possible to estimate.
- # Provisional figures in the 2002–03 Estimates updated.
- † Provisional figures pending confirmation by Government Chemist.
- The total number of crimes recorded in 2002 was 75 877. This was an increase of 3.9% compared to 2001.
- The detection rate in 2002 was 42.7%.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2003–04

11 During 2003–04, the Force will:

Crime Prevention

- continue to review anti-crime publicity programmes with a view to identifying quarterly themes addressing specific crime problem for implementation Force-wide and to follow up the two main themes for the Fight Crime Publicity Campaign in 2002–03, namely the 'Anti-shop Theft' and 'Anti-domestic Burglaries'; and
- continue to prevent street level crimes.

Investigation of Crime

- tackle organised crimes, in particular crimes involving use of genuine firearms, triad, money laundering and syndicated fraud;
- · continue to enforce against drug-related offences, particularly offences in relation to psychotropic substances;
- continue to invest in the Force's information technology with a view to strengthening the crime investigation capability by improving the existing criminal intelligence systems;
- strengthen the investigation capability of child abuse and sexual exploitation of children through training of frontline police officers at regional and district levels and develop intelligence exchange with local non-government organisations and overseas law enforcement agencies;
- maintain close liaison with Mainland counterparts and law enforcement agencies in neighbouring cities and overseas countries in combating cross-boundary and transnational crimes;
- continue to improve the existing witness and victim support schemes;
- continue to apply Force-wide policing concept with a view to enhancing the Force's ability in prevention and detection of crime; and
- continue to enhance intelligence gathering capabilities.

Programme (3): Reduction of Traffic Accidents

	2001–02	2002–03	2002–03	2003–04
	(Actual)	(Approved)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	1,128.6	1,228.2 (+8.8%)	1,222.1 (-0.5%)	1,222.5 (+0.0%)

Aim

12 The aim is to maximise efforts to reduce the toll of traffic accidents including deaths, personal injuries and damage to property.

Brief Description

13 Reduction in the number of traffic accidents is achieved through:

- educating the public on road safety;
- · enforcing road traffic legislation; and
- advising on engineering improvements to the road infrastructure.

14 In 2002, the Force:

- continued to assist the Environment, Transport and Works Bureau (ETWB) in reviewing legislation on the use of vehicle headlights and hazard warning lights during hours of darkness or poor visibility;
- continued to launch the new automated computer case processing system with full scale implementation in 2003; and
- recruited and trained 183 road safety patrol members under the Road Safety Town Assistant Pioneer Scheme to instil road safety awareness in visitors to Road Safety Towns.

15 The key performance measures are:

Targets

These include:

- greater focus on education, particularly of professional drivers, and of young and elderly pedestrians, in road safety matters;
- strengthening traffic law enforcement against offences which are leading factors in causing accidents—such as
 excessive speed, disobeying traffic lights, illegal turns, careless lane changing and overloading; and reviewing
 annually the Selective Traffic Enforcement Programme to meet changing priorities;
- strengthening the police capability in accident investigation to ascertain the causes of accidents and the prosecution of offenders;
- maintaining a safe and smooth traffic flow through enforcement of parking restrictions and removal of obstructions; and
- improving traffic flow and reducing accidents through liaison with Transport Department.

Indicators

	2001	2002	2003
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
traffic accident figures			
slight injury	12 309	12 261	12 800
fatal/serious injury	3 252	3 166	3 200
summonses issued			
primary offences	24 249	26 209	26 500
moving and miscellaneous offences	21 697	19 339	21 500
fixed penalty tickets (FPT) issued			
moving offences	432 669	391 031	420 000
parking offences	695 118	508 238	500 000
prosecutions for speeding offences (included in summons			
and FPT figures above)	194 881	194 895	210 000
prosecutions and cautions for pedestrian offences			
warning	75 722	72 858	74 000
prosecution	29 117	16 243	16 000
attendances at Road Safety Exhibition Centre/Road Safety			
Bus/Road Safety Towns			
visitors	133 419	132 658	135 000
schools	1 946	1 768	2 000
organisations	284	388	400
number of major Road Safety Campaign events	37	61	55

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2003-04

- **16** During 2003–04, the Force will:
- further improve traffic enforcement capability by installing more video cameras in traffic patrol motorcycles to combat improper driving behaviour;
- upgrade the service and facilities of Road Safety Towns and Road Safety Bus in disseminating road safety messages to more people;
- continue to assist ETWB in reviewing road safety-related legislation and to increase the use of automated traffic enforcement systems; and
- continue to promote road safety by enhancing the partnership relationship with road safety stakeholders, commercial organisations, the media and other related parties.

Programme (4): Operations

	2001–02	2002–03	2002–03	2003–04
	(Actual)	(Approved)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	2,329.7	2,599.2 (+11.6%)	2,573.1 (-1.0%)	2,506.7 (-2.6%)

Aim

- 17 The aim is to:
- prevent and detect illegal immigration and smuggling;
- prepare, revise and test contingency plans to ensure readiness to deal with illegal immigration, major disasters, civil disturbances and acts of terrorism;
- maintain the internal security of the territory; and
- provide specialist reinforcement to other programmes.

Brief Description

18 The programme includes:

- co-ordinating Force deployment on anti-illegal immigration and anti-smuggling operations;
- maintaining readiness to react swiftly and effectively to cope with any type of major incident, disaster, civil disturbance or terrorist incident;
- providing reinforcement—particularly Police Tactical Unit, Marine and Auxiliary Police personnel—for operations to maintain law and order in the community; and
- providing enhanced training in all areas of internal security and crowd management to ensure the maintenance of law and order.

19 In 2002, the Force:

- enhanced its operational readiness and capability through exercises and updating of orders and equipment in order to be able to respond to terrorist attacks;
- continued to improve the Force's capability in the prevention and management of disasters through training and exercises;
- strengthened the collaboration with other emergency services in enhancing government responses to major incidents and emergencies;
- improved the resources support to officers undergoing training on crowd management and internal security situation through training enhancement and review of personal protective equipment;
- continued to draw reference from overseas organisations to ensure that the Force's capability in handling public order, internal security or international terrorism was in step with prevailing global trends;
- deployed resources for the policing of a series of international events including provision of security measures for visiting foreign dignitaries and national leaders;
- enhanced liaison with the Mainland counterparts and upgraded technical equipment to prevent and interdict illegal immigration along the land boundary with Shenzhen;
- continued to liaise closely and exchange intelligence with the Mainland counterparts to combat illegal immigration activities by sea;

- continued to upgrade technical equipment for Marine Police to enhance navigational safety and effectiveness in search and rescue operations as well as operational efficiency and actions against illegal immigration activities by sea;
- continued to work closely with both the Mainland counterparts and the Customs and Excise Department to counter cross-boundary smuggling by sea;
- took delivery of two surveillance barges and six high-speed interceptors and two replacement vessels for Marine Police; and
- completed tendering for the procurement of a new command and control communications system (CC III) to replace the present system (CC II) to enhance operational efficiency and quality of service.

20 The key performance measures are:

Targets

These include:

- detection and interdiction of illegal immigrants entering Hong Kong at land and sea boundaries;
- reduction of the resident illegal immigration population in Hong Kong by mounting intelligence-based operations;
- detection and neutralisation of syndicates engaged in production and sale of forged identity cards;
- detection and neutralisation of syndicated smuggling; and
- ensuring public order and safety during public gatherings through deployment of officers trained in internal security/crowd management/defensive search techniques.

Indicators

	2001 (Actual)	2002 (Actual)	2003 (Estimate)
illegal immigrants arrested			
by land	3 530	2 620	2 470
by sea	4 792	2 742	2 570
illegal immigrants prosecuted	1 099	645	569
aiders and abettors of illegal immigrants arrested	208	135	94
forged identity cards seized	497	529	488
Vietnamese illegal immigrants intercepted	208	241	N.A.@
anti-smuggling			
fast-moving target sightings	33	21	N.A.@
smuggled goods seized (\$ million)	40.4	45.3	N.A.@
officers trained in internal security duties	1 530	1 530	1 020
crowd management events	535	521	521
incidents of disposal of explosive devices	441	186	N.A.@
search and rescue operations conducted	89	73	73
casualties evacuated	2 414	2 569	2 569

@ Not possible to estimate.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2003-04

21 During 2003–04, the Force will:

- continue to enhance the Force's readiness and capability in the prevention, response and investigation regarding terrorist attacks;
- continue to improve the Force's capability in the prevention and management of disasters through training and exercises;
- implement a revised training schedule to better meet the changing training requirements of the Police Tactical Unit while improving human resource management and cost effectiveness of training resources;
- develop and provide new operational and tactical training courses to enhance the Force's operational capability;
- continue to review tactics, equipment, arms and ammunition to sustain the Force's capability in policing public order and internal security situation;
- continue to strengthen the collaboration with other emergency services with a view to enhancing government responses to major incidents and emergencies;
- continue to enhance liaison with the Mainland counterparts to prevent and interdict illegal immigration along the land boundary with Shenzhen;

- continue to upgrade technical equipment for Marine Police to enhance navigational safety and effectiveness in search and rescue operations as well as actions against illegal immigration activities by sea;
- collaborate with Security Bureau and Marine Department in formulating a Port Security Strategy to conform with the requirements of the International Ship and Port Facility Security Code;
- continue with the procurement of the remaining four replacement vessels for Marine Police; and
- continue with the procurement of CC III which is scheduled for rolling out in 2006.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

Programme	2001–02 (Actual) (\$m)	2002–03 (Approved) (\$m)	2002–03 (Revised) (\$m)	2003–04 (Estimate) (\$m)
(1) Maintenance of Law and Order in the				
Community	6,400.6	6,081.8	6,041.3	6,024.7
(2) Prevention and Detection of Crime	2,261.3	2,536.6	2,463.0	2,435.9
(3) Reduction of Traffic Accidents	1,128.6	1,228.2	1,222.1	1,222.5
(4) Operations	2,329.7	2,599.2	2,573.1	2,506.7
	12,120.2	12,445.8 (+2.7%)	12,299.5 (-1.2%)	12,189.8 (-0.9%)

Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

Programme (1)

Provision for 2003–04 is \$16.6 million (0.3%) lower than the revised estimate for 2002–03. This is mainly due to the full-year effect of civil service pay cut in 2002 and deletion of 69 posts to achieve efficiency savings in 2003–04; partly offset by salary increments for staff, full-year provision for posts created in 2002–03 and creation of 29 posts for expansion of operational capability in Lok Ma Chau Border Crossing Point in 2003–04.

Programme (2)

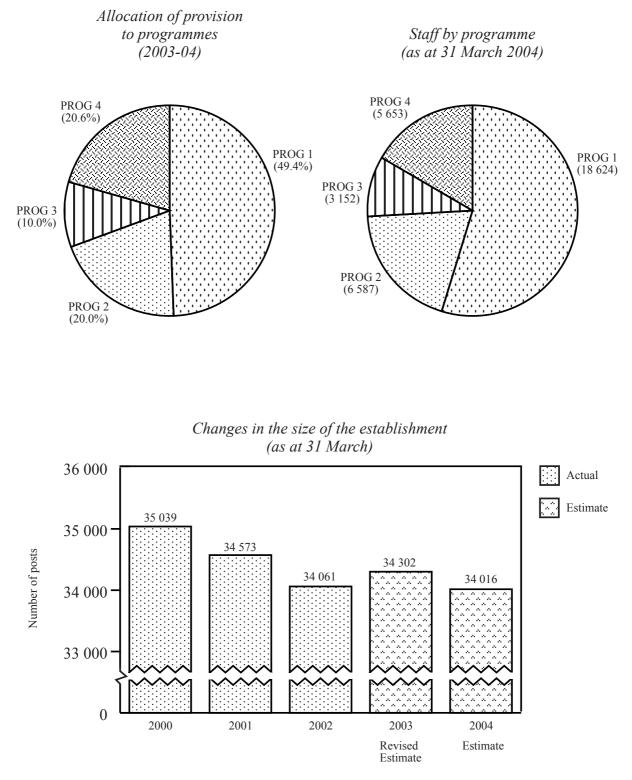
Provision for 2003–04 is \$27.1 million (1.1%) lower than the revised estimate for 2002–03. This is mainly due to the full-year effect of civil service pay cut in 2002 and deletion of 39 posts to achieve efficiency savings in 2003–04; partly offset by salary increments for staff and full-year provision for posts created in 2002–03.

Programme (3)

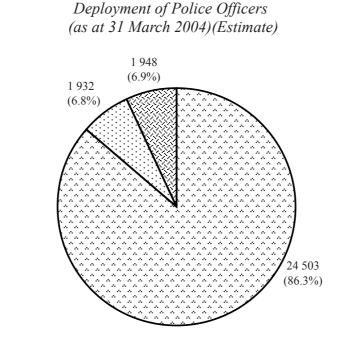
Provision for 2003–04 is \$0.4 million (0.0%) higher than the revised estimate for 2002–03. This is mainly due to the full-year provision for posts created in 2002–03, salary increments for staff and net creation of 11 posts (creation of 31 posts, offset by deletion of 20 posts) for strengthening operational front-line capability in new infrastructures in 2003–04; partly offset by the deletion of ten posts to achieve efficiency savings in 2003–04 and full-year effect of civil service pay cut in 2002.

Programme (4)

Provision for 2003–04 is \$66.4 million (2.6%) lower than the revised estimate for 2002–03. This is mainly due to the deletion of 208 posts to achieve efficiency savings in 2003–04, full-year effect of civil service pay cut in 2002 and reduced requirement for allowance; partly offset by salary increments for staff.



Year



Operational Front-line (24 503 or 86.3%)

- (a) Uniformed patrols (14 272 or 50.3%)
 (e.g. beat and mobile patrols, traffic police, Emergency Units, Police Tactical Units (PTU) on regional attachment)
- (b) Other uniformed operations (4 434 or 15.6%)
 (e.g. report rooms, Regional Command and Control Centres, Field Patrol Detachment, airport security, Marine Police)
- (c) Criminal investigation operations (5 797 or 20.4%)
 (e.g. district/regional crime units, Commercial Crimes Bureau, Narcotics Bureau)

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- Front-line Professional Support (1 932 or 6.8%) (e.g. Identification Bureau, Criminal Records Bureau)
- Logistical/Administration Support and Training (1 948 or 6.9%) (e.g. training reserves, PTU under training, personnel and administration support)

Head 122 -	-HONG	KONG	POLICE	FORCE

Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2001–02 \$'000	Approved estimate 2002–03 \$'000	Revised estimate 2002–03 \$'000	Estimate 2003–04
	Recurrent Account	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$,000
000 103 207	Operational expenses Rewards and special services Expenses of witnesses, prisoners and deportees Total, Recurrent Account	11,927,627 61,438 4,148 11,993,213	12,168,199 94,355 7,859 12,270,413	12,027,300 85,000 5,500 12,117,800	11,942,150 85,000* 5,500* 12,032,650
	Capital Account				
603	I — Plant, Equipment and Works Plant, vehicles and equipment	54,442	117,552	114,668	109,032
614 624	Alterations, additions and improvements to in- service Marine Police craft (block vote)	1,237	1,300	1,300	1,250
	Repairs and improvements to land boundary fences	24,993	6,902	13,314	340
661	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	42,362	46,274	46,274	44,544
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	123,034	172,028	175,556	155,166
	II — Other Non-Recurrent				
700	General other non-recurrent	3,989	3,310	6,185	1,951
	Total, Other Non-Recurrent	3,989	3,310	6,185	1,951
	Total, Capital Account	127,023	175,338	181,741	157,117
	Total Expenditure	12,120,236	12,445,751	12,299,541	12,189,767

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

The estimate of the amount required in 2003–04 for the salaries and expenses of the Hong Kong Police Force is \$12,189,767,000. This represents a decrease of \$109,774,000 against the revised estimate for 2002–03 and an increase of \$69,531,000 over actual expenditure in 2001–02.

Recurrent Account

2 Provision of \$11,942,150,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries and allowances of staff of the Hong Kong Police Force and its other operating expenses.

3 The establishment as at 31 March 2003 will be 34 302 permanent posts. It is expected that a net 286 permanent posts will be deleted in 2003–04. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated powers create or delete non-directorate posts during 2003–04, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$9,335,043,000.

4 An analysis of financial provision under Subhead 000 Operational expenses is as follows:

	2001–02 (Actual)	2002–03 (Original	2002–03 (Revised	2003–04 (Estimate)
	(\$'000)	Estimate) (\$'000)	Estimate) (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries	10,613,019	10,492,343	10,450,000	10,196,529
- Allowances	242,230	397,812	298,064	211,669
- Job-related allowances	4,842	6,042	4,436	71,475
Personnel Related Expenses				
- Mandatory Provident Fund				
contribution	—		—	27,284
- Civil Service Provident Fund				40.250
contribution	—	—	—	10,378
Departmental Expenses	(2.20.4	00 504	00 000	01 = 40
- Specialist supplies and equipment	63,304	82,594	82,000	81,749
- General departmental expenses	822,484	1,006,297	995,000	1,152,483
Other Charges				
- Upkeep of land boundary security	10.044	10.252	10.000	10.0(2
projects	10,844	19,263	19,000	19,263
- Investigation expenses	29,690	34,020	33,500	34,020
- Pay and allowances for the auxiliary	1 4 1 - 2 1 4	100.000	145 000	125 200
services	141,214	129,828	145,300	137,300
	11,927,627	12,168,199	12,027,300	11,942,150

5 Provision of \$85,000,000 under Subhead 103 Rewards and special services is for expenditure on rewards and services of a confidential nature.

6 Provision of \$5,500,000 under Subhead 207 Expenses of witnesses, prisoners and deportees is for meals for prisoners, illegal immigrants and refugees and for the expenses of witnesses from abroad.

Capital Account

Plant, Equipment and Works

7 Provision of \$1,250,000 under Subhead 614 Alterations, additions and improvements to in-service Marine Police craft (block vote) is for minor modification works on police launches.

Capital Account

Commitments

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2002	Revised estimated expenditure for 2002–03	Balance
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
603	685	<i>Plant, vehicles and equipment</i> Six divisional command and patrol launches	301,000	291,859	1,000	8,141
	754	Establishment of a Police Thermal	7 410	6 011	272	126
	760	Imagers Workshop Replacement high speed purpose-built boat PV21 for Anti-Smuggling Task	7,410	6,911	373	126
	761	Force Replacement high speed purpose-built boat PV25 for Anti-Smuggling Task	7,500	6,536	204	760
	762	Force	7,500	7,313	—	187
	766	Force Replacement high speed purpose-built	7,500	7,436	—	64
	767	boat PV23 for Anti-Smuggling Task Force Replacement high speed purpose-built	7,500	7,301	—	199
		boat PV26 for Anti-Smuggling Task Force	7,500	7,451	—	49
	771 774	Provision of video interviewing equipment Enhancement of training facilities at	4,984	3,893	48	1,043
	775	two mini-firing ranges in Police Training School Replacement video production	2,334	1,518	689	127
	776	equipment for TV Studio of Police Training School Enhancement of training facilities at	2,480	2,169	60	251
		eight mini-firing ranges in Police Tactical Unit	9,333	4,867	540	3,926
	779	Video interviewing equipment for 20 video interview rooms	6,723	3,469	650	2,604
	791 792	Provision of video interviewing equipment at divisional level Enhancement of training facilities at	3,570	3,498	8	64
		eight mini-firing ranges in the Police Headquarters	9,800	_	5,860	3,940
	793	Enhancement of training facilities at eight mini-firing ranges in the New Territories North Regional				
	794	Headquarters Replacement of six police launches	9,800 285,760	63,495	5,860 57,864	3,940 164,401
	796	Enhancement of training facilities at eight mini-firing ranges at Kowloon		00,190		
	797	East Operational Base Two dumb lighters and six high-speed interceptors for Marine Police	7,600	_	5,860	1,740
	801	Region Replacement craft PTU2 for the Maritime Counter Terrorism Section	24,430	1,945	16,860	5,625
	803	of the Special Duties Unit Replacement of assault craft B1 for the	95	70	20	5
	804	Maritime Counter Terrorism Section of the Special Duties Unit Replacement of assault craft B2 for the	9,544	_	4,772	4,772
		Maritime Counter Terrorism Section of the Special Duties Unit	9,194	_	4,597	4,597

Capital Account—Cont'd.

Commitments—*Cont'd*.

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2002	Revised estimated expenditure for 2002–03	Balance
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
603	805	Plant, vehicles and equipment—Cont'd. Replacement of assault craft B3 for the Maritime Counter Terrorism Section of the Special Duties Unit	9,894		4,947	4,947
	806	Replacement of Firearms Training Simulators for Police Training School	2,300	_	2,070	230
	807	Replacement of assault craft B6 for the Maritime Counter Terrorism Section of the Special Duties Unit	7,930		,	7,930
	808	Replacement of assault craft B5 for the Maritime Counter Terrorism Section		_	—	
	809	of the Special Duties Unit Replacement of assault craft B4 for the Maritime Counter Terrorism Section	7,660		—	7,660
		of the Special Duties Unit	8,200	—	—	8,200
	812 814	Upgrading of training facilities Replacement of one remote heavy bomb disposal machine and associated	3,148		2,298	850
	815	spares Replacement of Tolo Channel anti-	3,948		_	3,948
		smuggling barrier	4,902	_		4,902
	816	Replacement of craft PV90	275	—	—	275
	817	Replacement of craft PV91	275	_		275
	818	Replacement of craft PV92	275	—		275
	819	Replacement of craft PV93	192	_		192
	820 821	Replacement of craft PV94 Replacement of craft PV95	192 192			192 192
			780,940	419,731	114,580	246,629
624	720	Repairs and improvements to land boundary fences				
	739 786	Enhancement of land boundary fence from Sha Tau Kok to Lut Chau Replacement of electronic sensor cable	52,500	51,390	14	1,096
	795	system along the land boundary fence Video surveillance system along the land boundary fence in Tsim Bei	42,000	29,034	12,000	966
		Tsui area	6,000	3,817	1,300	883
			100,500	84,241	13,314	2,945
700	764	<i>General other non-recurrent</i> Replacement of departmental logos and symbols on Police buildings, vehicles				
	770	and launches Hire of consultancy on implementation of the Force Strategy on Service	6,000	2,675	3	3,322
		Quality	3,500	1,699	397	1,404
	787	May House removal exercise	5,000	1,768	_	3,232

Capital Account—Cont'd.

Commitments—Cont'd.

	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment \$'000	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2002 	Revised estimated expenditure for 2002–03 	Balance \$'000
700	811	General other non-recurrent—Cont'd. Outsourcing the production of 12 training videos for Basic Training				
		Division of Police Training School	1,800	—	727	1,073
			16,300	6,142	1,127	9,031
		Total	897,740	510,114	129,021	258,605