

The General Revenue Account is the Government's main account and acts as the central funding device with resources transferred as necessary to and from a number of purpose-specific funds. Volume I of the Estimates sets out the planned revenue and expenditure of the General Revenue Account. Volume IA contains an introduction and various summaries and, together with Volume IB, provides an expenditure analysis for all Heads of Expenditure in the form of Controlling Officers' Report, Details of Expenditure by Subhead and Commitments. Volume IB also contains the revenue analysis for the General Revenue Account. Both volumes contain at the back an index of policy areas by programmes. Volume II provides information on the purpose-specific funds.

General Revenue Account—Expenditure

- 2 The greater part of Government's expenditure is met directly from the General Revenue Account. There are 81 Heads of Expenditure. A head usually corresponds to a government bureau, a branch of a bureau or a department. Hereunder, reference to a department is taken to mean a bureau, branch or department with its own expenditure head.
 - 3 The following changes have been made to the Heads of Expenditure for 2005–06—
 - (a) Creation of new head
 - Head 33—Civil Engineering and Development Department
 - (b) Deletion of existing heads
 - Head 43—Civil Engineering Department
 - Head 110—Territory Development Department
 - (c) Retitling of existing heads
 - Head 158—"Government Secretariat: Environment, Transport and Works Bureau (Environment and Transport Branch)" retitled to "Government Secretariat: Environment, Transport and Works Bureau (Transport Branch)"
 - Head 47—"Information Technology Services Department" retitled to "Government Secretariat: Office of the Government Chief Information Officer"

Controlling Officers' Reports

- **4** Each Head of Expenditure is supported with a report by the controlling officer on the programmes on which it is proposed to spend resources and the results sought. The effectiveness or cost-effectiveness of the results is measured where possible in terms of unit cost or productivity indicators.
 - 5 The reports also show the percentage changes in the provision for each programme by comparing—
 - (a) the 2004–05 revised estimate against the 2004–05 original estimate; and
 - (b) the 2005–06 estimate against the 2004–05 original estimate and revised estimate.

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

6 The provision of each Head of Expenditure is typically broken down into the following expenditure components and standard subheads—

Operating Account

Recurrent Expenditure of a recurrent nature, i.e. normally required every

year. The main subhead is Subhead 000 Operational expenses, the scope of which is elaborated in paragraph 9.

Non-Recurrent Expenditure of a one-off nature but not involving the

acquisition or construction of a physical asset. A standard

subhead is Subhead 700 General non-recurrent.

Capital Account

Plant, Equipment and Works

Capital expenditure on assets acquired or constructed with government funding but not funded from the Capital Works Reserve Fund. The standard subheads include—

600 Works. The ambit covers minor capital works not in the Public Works Programme (e.g. Restoration of Hung Lau in Tuen Mun under Head 95—Leisure and Cultural Services Department).

603 Plant, vehicles and equipment. The ambit covers expenditure on plant, specialised vehicles (i.e. vehicles which, in addition to carrying goods, have mounted on them ancillary equipment for the purpose of performing specific functions) and equipment each costing more than \$2,000,000 but are not included in the Capital Works Reserve Fund, and dinghies and launches irrespective of value.

661 Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote). The ambit covers minor capital expenditure on plant, specialised vehicles and equipment (except administrative computer systems) with the cost of individual items above \$150,000 but not exceeding \$2,000,000.

Capital Subventions

Payments to external/subvented bodies for the purchase of equipment costing more than \$150,000 each, which is not consequential to building projects, and for capital works of a minor nature.

Transfers to Funds

Transfers in support of the various funds through which Government undertakes major capital spending and loans, etc.

- 7 Where an expenditure item is described as approved, this means that it has been approved by the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council or under delegated power. Approvals up to 17 December 2004 are included unless otherwise specified.
- **8** Controlling officers will provide explanations to variations in individual subheads (other than those non-recurrent and capital account subheads for which there is an approved commitment) where there is an estimated increase or decrease of five per cent or more against the revised estimate 2004–05.

Recurrent expenditure

9 Subhead 000 Operational expenses covers all recurrent expenditure of a department, unless otherwise shown and described by means of separate subheads. The financial provision under this subhead operates as a one-line vote. It is cash-limited and normally will not be increased in the course of the year, except for increases to the personal emoluments portion in line with civil service pay adjustment. To ensure sufficient transparency and accountability under the one-line vote, a further analysis of financial provision by the conventional expenditure subheads in the past is provided—

Conventional subheads Nature of expenditure

Personal Emoluments Civil service staff salaries and allowances.

-Salaries

—Allowances

—Job-related allowances

Personnel Related Expenses

—Mandatory Provident Fund contribution

—Civil Service Provident Fund contribution

Costs relating to the employment of civil service staff other than pay and allowances e.g. pensions, Mandatory Provident Fund contribution, Civil Service Provident Fund contribution and staff housing.

Departmental Expenses

—General departmental expenses

The day-to-day operating expenses of departments e.g. fuel, travelling and maintenance expenses.

Conventional subheads Nature of expenditure

Other Charges Significant expenditure peculiar to a particular department's

operation.

Recurrent Subventions Payments to external bodies in support of their on-going

expenses.

The controlling officer is given autonomy and flexibility in deploying the funds amongst the various components within *Subhead 000 Operational expenses*.

Personal Emoluments

- 10 The estimated establishment is given for each department as at 31 March 2005 and 31 March 2006.
- 11 Under the arrangements for the creation of posts which were introduced on 1 April 1980, controlling officers are authorised to create or delete posts in existing non-directorate ranks provided that the net additional notional annual mid-point salary value of the posts created does not cause the departmental establishment ceiling to be exceeded. In each department, a Departmental Establishment Committee (DEC) advises the controlling officer in the exercise of his delegated authority to create posts. With a few specified exceptions, posts may only be created by a controlling officer after obtaining the advice of the DEC, but the controlling officer may redeploy approved posts in non-directorate ranks freely without reference to the DEC.
- 12 The arrangements described in paragraph 11 above will continue to apply in 2005–06. The departmental establishment ceiling for 2005–06, as shown in the text accompanying each expenditure head, is expressed in terms of a notional annual mid-point salary value, calculated on the basis of pay scales in force on 1 January 2005. Any changes to the departmental establishment ceiling during the year will require the approval of Finance Committee.
- 13 Where civil servants work under the Hong Kong Housing Authority, the Hospital Authority, the Vocational Training Council, or, in certain cases, under subvented organisations or other public bodies, expenditure on their salaries and allowances is shown under *Subhead 003 Recoverable salaries and allowances (General)* or under specific subheads as indicated in the Estimates (e.g. *Subhead 006 Recoverable salaries and allowances (Companies Registry Trading Fund)*). Recoveries in respect of these salaries and allowances are credited to the same subhead but on-costs are credited to General Revenue.
- 14 In respect of *Salaries*, the estimated provision under individual Heads of Expenditure takes into account changes in requirements due to salary increments, changes in establishment, filling of vacancies, pre-retirement leave of staff, etc. For certain Heads of Expenditure, the provision covers non-accountable entertainment allowance for eligible officers.
- 15 In respect of *Allowances*, the scope covers various allowances payable to civil servants relating to the performance of duty other than job-related allowances, such as Acting Allowance, Overtime and related allowances, etc.
- 16 In respect of *Job-related allowances*, the scope covers various job-related allowances payable to civilian and disciplined services staff, including Extraneous Duties Allowance (for civilian staff), Extra Duties Allowance (for disciplined services staff), Hardship Allowance, Shift Duty Allowance and Typhoon/Rainstorm Black Warning Allowance.

Personnel Related Expenses

- 17 The scope of *Mandatory Provident Fund contribution* covers the Government's contributions to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for civil servants on agreement terms and those appointed under the new probationary terms on or after 1 June 2000.
- 18 The scope of *Civil Service Provident Fund contribution* covers the Government's contributions to the Civil Service Provident Fund Scheme for civil servants appointed under the new civil service entry terms on or after 1 June 2000 and are confirmed to the permanent establishment.

Departmental Expenses

19 The scope of *General departmental expenses* covers expenses that are directly related to the day-to-day running of the department and normally includes the following—

Stores and equipment—for expenditure on clothing and uniforms, cleaning materials, paper, office stationery, general publications, periodicals and journals, office furniture, office equipment (including the rental of equipment) and workshop tools and equipment costing not more than \$150,000 per item;

Technical Services Agreement—for payment to Reach Networks Hong Kong Limited for the provision of services under the Technical Services Agreement;

Rewards and special services—for expenditure on services of a confidential nature;

Light and power—for payment of gas and electricity bills;

Temporary staff—for employment of casual labour, post-secondary students and temporary staff and the government's contribution to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme in respect of such temporary staff;

Training expenses—for expenditure on training fees, subsistence allowances and travel costs related to training, publications, equipment and teaching aids and other minor expenses related to training;

Honoraria for members of committees—for payment of honoraria to members of committees (other than official members);

Hire of services and professional fees—for payment of fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, witnesses, artists, performers and other non-government professionals and for expenditure on the hire of cleansing services, security services, laundry services, flight calibration and inspection services, plant and vehicles (other than those required for travel and transport), computer services and other hired services not specifically covered elsewhere;

Expenses of visiting advisers—for expense of experts visiting Hong Kong at the invitation of the Government;

Administration—for expenditure on subsistence allowances (other than hotel subsistence allowances or those paid for training), telephone rentals, telephone call charges, telegrams, telex and private communication lines, overseas duty visits (including travel costs), official entertainment (local and overseas), postage, photocopying and reproduction, advertisement, printing costs and incidental administration expenses not elsewhere specified;

Transport and travelling—for expenditure on petrol and oil for vehicles used for travel and transport, the hire of vehicles for travel and transport, duty mileage allowance and duty travelling;

Fuel and lubricating oil—for expenditure on fuel and lubricants for aircraft, vessels, furnaces, generators and other plant;

Office rents and rates—for payment of office rents and rates including associated car park and management charges on government leased office accommodation;

Data processing—for expenditure on rentals, maintenance and excess usage of computer hardware, software and data preparation facilities; and on the rental of communication terminals, lines and modems;

Provisions for institutions—for expenditure on institutional diets (e.g. in prisons and hospitals);

Specialist supplies and equipment—for expenditure on supplies and equipment of a specialist nature peculiar to the department concerned;

Maintenance materials—for expenditure on materials for the maintenance of government capital assets;

Contract maintenance—for expenditure on all maintenance work on capital assets that is carried out under contract;

Recruiting expenses—for expenditure on advertisement, publicity campaigns, first appointment passage and other associated expenses arising from recruiting exercises;

Workshop services—for expenses in relation to services provided by the Electrical and Mechanical Services Trading Fund;

Trading fund services—for expenses in relation to services provided by Trading Fund bodies;

Staff suggestion scheme—for expenditure on awards in cash or kind to civil servants for suggestions for improving the efficiency of the civil service;

Staff welfare fund—for expenditure on welfare and recreational activities of civil servants, including provision for the purchase and maintenance of sports and recreational equipment; and

Staff motivation scheme—for expenditure on staff motivation activities, including educational programmes, publicity and awards in kind, for sustaining the commitment of civil servants to the performance pledge programmes and to a general improvement in service.

Non-Recurrent expenditure

- 20 Non-recurrent expenditure items costing more than \$150,000 each are charged to the non-recurrent (rather than recurrent) component of the Operating Account.
- 21 As from 2005–06, we have subsumed all former non-recurrent expenditure block vote subheads under the recurrent *Subhead 000 Operational expenses*. The change is intended to reduce confusion as most of the expenditure items which used to be charged to the non-recurrent expenditure block votes (such as minor consultancies, publicity and educational programmes) are now capable of being charged to the recurrent *Subhead 000 Operational expenses*. The change also increases flexibility in funds deployment. All remaining non-recurrent subheads of the Operating Account have approved commitments (paragraph 24 relating to capital account (vs non-recurrent) subheads also applies).

Capital Account expenditure

- 22 Capital expenditure items costing more than \$150,000 each, together with provisions for motor vehicles, dinghies and launches, irrespective of value, are charged to the Capital Account.
 - 23 Capital Account subheads should each have an approved commitment or an annual block vote ceiling.

Subheads with Approved Commitments

24 Expenditure items under these subheads are controlled by both the approved commitment of the item and the current year provision for each subhead. The approved commitment of an expenditure item represents the total cost of the project, which may straddle several years. Not all approved commitment items require spending in 2005–06. For those that do, we have included in the Commitments page of the relevant Heads of Expenditure details of the approved commitments (paragraph 26).

Block Vote Subheads

25 There is no approved commitment for items under capital account block vote subheads. Expenditure under these subheads is controlled by the approved provision only. The approved 2005–06 provision for each block vote subhead is limiting on both expenditure and commitments. As the approved provision is usually fully committed well before the close of the financial year, and yet will almost certainly be underspent because of delays beyond Government's control or lead time required for purchase or construction, Finance Committee has approved a standard limit of over-commitment for all block votes of 50% of the approved provision. Where this is inadequate, Finance Committee is approached annually for approval of a higher limit.

Commitments

26 In the Commitments page, the original approved commitment is shown in the first column, accumulated expenditure to 31 March 2004 in the second column, the revised estimate of expenditure for 2004–05 in the third column and the balance of the commitment in the last column. Figures for subhead totals in the third column may differ from those shown as revised estimate for 2004–05 on the subhead analysis page for the head because the Commitments page does not cover those commitments without cash requirement in 2005–06. The total balance shown in the last column of the Commitments page may exceed the provision shown under the same subhead on the subhead analysis page. This implies that completion of the expenditure is not expected in 2005–06 and that the balances of some items will be carried forward to 2006–07. This does not stop departments from becoming committed contractually up to the level of the total unspent balance, provided that they are satisfied that actual expenditure incurred during 2005–06 will not exceed the provision for the respective subhead.

Cash Limits

- 27 The total provision made to individual heads and subheads of expenditure is generally cash-limited except for—
 - (a) the portion for personal emoluments under Subhead 000 Operational expenses. We will provide additional provision for increases in line with the civil service pay adjustments, if applicable;
 - (b) those recurrent subheads of the Operating Account which are not by definition cash limitable. These subheads are identified in the expenditure Estimates with an asterisk (*); and
 - (c) extra requirements to meet statutory obligations, additional costs which are unforeseeable and wholly out of the control of the controlling officer (e.g. in responding to a natural disaster) and bills presented for payment within the approved commitment of a non-recurrent or capital item.