Controlling Officer's Report

Programmes

Programme (1) Control and Enforcement This programme contributes to Policy Area 6: Commerce and (Secretary Commerce and Industry for Economic Development), Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security) and Policy Area 25: Revenue Collection and Financial Control (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury). **Programme (2) Anti-narcotics Investigation** This programme contributes to Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security). **Programme (3) Intellectual Property** This programme contributes to Policy Area 4: Posts, Competition Policy and Consumer Protection (Secretary for **Rights and Consumer** Protection Commerce and Economic Development) and Policy Area 6: Commerce and Industry (Secretary for Commerce and Economic Development).

Programme (4) Revenue Protection and Collection

This programme contributes to Policy Area 25: Revenue Collection and Financial Control (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury).

Programme (5) Trade Controls

This programme contributes to Policy Area 6: Commerce and Industry (Secretary for Commerce and Economic Development).

Detail

Programme (1): Control and Enforcement

	2011–12	2012–13	2012–13	2013–14
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	1,840.7	2,042.2	2,010.4 (-1.6%)	2,287.9 (+13.8%)

(or +12.0% on 2012–13 Original)

Aim

2 The aims are to prevent and detect the smuggling of contraband, including narcotics, firearms, strategic goods, dutiable commodities, articles which infringe copyright or trade descriptions, and any other articles the importation or exportation of which is prohibited by law, through actions at control points and regular land and maritime patrols within the territory of Hong Kong.

Brief Description

- 3 The Department is the primary agency responsible for the suppression of smuggling activities and is an integral member of the Joint Police/Customs Anti-smuggling Task Force formed to combat smuggling activities at sea. The Department also acts as the front-line agency to prevent importation and exportation of any articles which are prohibited by law concerning security, public health and environmental protection or in fulfilling international obligations. The enforcement work includes:
 - monitoring both the import and export of goods and the licensing of the movement of prohibited and prescribed articles as stipulated in the Import and Export Ordinance (Cap. 60);

- conducting primary checks on passengers, crew, cargoes, postal parcels, aircraft, vessels and vehicles, and secondary examination of those considered high risk, in order to detect contraband, controlled items and other violations of the law;
- conducting regular maritime and land patrols within Hong Kong's territorial boundaries to detect and suppress violations of customs law and other illegal activities;
- providing sustained intelligence support to anti-smuggling enforcement actions through the work of the Intelligence Bureau; and
- inspecting and verifying licences and manifests in order to control the import and export of prohibited articles and the carriage of prescribed articles.
- 4 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Plan)
issuing licences for prescribed articles within 1 working day upon receipt of applications (%)γclearing detained sea cargo within five working days from date of	100	100Ω	100Ω	100
request (%)	100	100	100	100
clearing detained air cargo within 80 minutes from time of request (%) clearing passengers within 15 minutes upon queuing up for customs clearance	100	100	100	100
(except those selected for further examination) (%)	100	100	100	100
(except those selected for further examination) (%)	100	100	100	100

γ The target will be revised from within 14 working hours to one working day as from 2013 in order to further improve our services to the public by shortening the processing time and with an enhanced standard.

Indicators

	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)#	2013 (Estimate)
carriage licences issued	16	4	4
seizure cases	20 219	21 842	^
value of seizures (\$m)			
dutiable commodities¶	72.5	33.3	^
articles other than dutiable commodities	392.4	356.1	^
conveyance used for smuggling (e.g. vehicles,			
speedboats and small crafts)	2.4	4.6	^
persons compounded for offences relating to illicit			
cigarettes	6 633	8 668	^

[#] As it takes time to verify the data, figures for 2012 are subject to adjustment.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2013-14

- 5 During 2013–14, the Department will continue to:
- take proactive action against smuggling activities through intelligence-based operations and closer co-operation with the Mainland authorities;
- improve clearance services to facilitate efficient passenger and cargo flows across the boundary;
- closely monitor the operation of the electronic Road Cargo System to ensure efficient and effective clearance of cross-boundary goods vehicles;

 $[\]Omega$ The targets for 2011 and 2012 were within 14 working hours.

[^] Not possible to estimate.

[¶] Denote cases detected at all entry and exit points but excluding those taken over for in-depth investigation which are reflected in Programme (4).

- enhance publicity of the Inter-modal Transhipment Facilitation Scheme, whereby cargoes involving inter-modal transfer (e.g. from land to air and sea) will only be subject to customs inspection at either the point of exit or entry;
- promote greater use of the voluntary integrity-checking scheme to enable traders to enjoy tariff reductions under the Economic Cooperation Framework Agreement for goods that are transhipped through Hong Kong between the Mainland and Taiwan;
- ensure the smooth operation of the new air cargo terminal which commenced operation in early 2013 and the provision of effective cargo clearance thereat; and
- continue to promote and develop the Hong Kong Authorized Economic Operator Programme, whereby accredited companies may enjoy facilitation such as reduced inspection and prioritised clearance.

Programme (2): Anti-narcotics Investigation

	2011–12	2012–13	2012–13	2013–14
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	159.7	156.6	160.8 (+2.7%)	167.0 (+3.9%)

(or +6.6% on 2012–13 Original)

Aim

6 The aims are to suppress illicit trafficking in and abuse of dangerous drugs, to combat money laundering and to prevent diversion of controlled chemicals for the illicit manufacture of dangerous drugs.

Brief Description

- 7 The Department is responsible for investigating and detecting the illegal import, export, manufacture, distribution and abuse of dangerous drugs. It conducts financial investigations to trace the assets of drug traffickers and initiates confiscation proceedings in respect of drug-related assets. It also exercises licensing control on the import, export and transhipment of controlled chemicals and conducts investigations to prevent and detect their illicit diversion.
- **8** The Department co-operates with other Customs administrations and law enforcement agencies outside Hong Kong to combat international drug trafficking and money laundering, and to prevent illicit diversion of controlled chemicals. This work includes:
 - surveillance, investigations and operations to combat organised drug syndicates and individual drug offenders;
 - identification and confiscation of drug-related assets derived from offences committed in or outside Hong Kong;
 - liaison and co-operation with drug enforcement agencies and other competent authorities in or outside Hong Kong
 in the suppression of international drug trafficking and illicit diversion of controlled chemicals; and
 - collection, collation and exchange of intelligence with law enforcement agencies in or outside Hong Kong.
 - **9** The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Plan)
issuing authorisation for import/export of chemicals (as listed in Schedule 1 or 2 of the Control of Chemicals Ordinance (Cap. 145)) within ten working days upon receipt of				
applications (%)	100	100	100	100
issuing authorisation for export of any chemicals listed in Schedule 3 of the Control of Chemicals Ordinance to any country specified in the same Schedule within ten working days upon receipt of				
applications (%)	100	100	100	100
issuing approval for storing/keeping any chemicals listed in Schedule 1 or 2 of the Control of Chemicals Ordinance within five working days upon receipt				
of applications (%)	100	100	100	100

Indicators

	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)‡	2013 (Estimate)
drug abusers reported to the Central Registry of Drug Abuse			
maintained by Security Bureau	2 006	1.2550	
aged under 21	2 006	1 3578	<u>_^</u> ^
aged 21 or above	9 463	7 891§	<u>_^</u> `
average purity of heroin (indicative of availability) (%)	56.8	54.0	_^
average retail price of heroin (\$ per gram)	717.8	785.6	^
dangerous drugs seized in Hong Kong			
seizure cases	447	478	^
narcotics seized			
heroin (kg)	140.8	73.4	^
psychotropic drugs seized			
cocaine (kg)	30.1	724.5	^
cannabis (kg)	35.2	17.5	^
MDMA (ecstasy) (tablet)	2	16	^
methylamphetamine (ice) (kg)	31.2	37.7	^
ketamine (kg)	75.7	507.6	^
dangerous drugs seized outside Hong Kong (as a result of			
customs co-operation with agencies outside			
Hong Kong) (kg)	10.6	265.0	^
persons arrested outside Hong Kong (as a result of customs			
co-operation with agencies outside Hong Kong)	5	21	^
assets of drug traffickers (\$m)	-		
restrained	3.0	14.8	^
confiscated	0	0	^
poisons/anti-biotics seized in Hong Kong	· ·	· ·	
seizure cases	72	66	^
quantity (kg)	49.5	474.5	^
quantity (kg)quantity (tablet)	58 007	509 705	^
quality (motor)	20 007	307 103	

[‡] As it takes time to verify the data, figures for 2012, unless otherwise stated, are subject to adjustment.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2013-14

- 10 During 2013–14, the Department will continue to:
- strengthen the co-operation and intelligence exchange on drug trafficking, money laundering and smuggling of controlled chemicals with overseas law enforcement agencies;
- step up enforcement actions against cross-boundary drug trafficking via land boundary control points through closer co-operation with the Mainland authorities; and
- liaise with relevant policy bureaux and government departments to monitor any new threat posed by drugs of abuse and precursor chemicals in other regions and constantly review the corresponding enforcement strategies.

Programme (3): Intellectual Property Rights and Consumer Protection

	2011–12 (Actual)	2012–13 (Original)	2012–13 (Revised)	2013–14 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	253.0	275.0	276.1 (+0.4%)	284.3 (+3.0%)
				(or +3.4% on 2012–13 Original)

Aim

11 The aims are to prevent and detect copyright and trade mark infringement; to collaborate with trade mark and copyright owners, relevant organisations and law enforcement agencies in or outside Hong Kong in order to combat trade mark counterfeiting and copyright piracy; and to enforce consumer protection legislation relating to weights and measures, toys and children's products safety, consumer goods safety, trade descriptions and trade practices.

[§] Based on the figure provided by the Narcotics Division of the Security Bureau up to September 2012.

Not possible to estimate.

Brief Description

12 The Department is responsible for suppressing offences and investigating complaints related to copyright infringement under the Copyright Ordinance (Cap. 528) and the Prevention of Copyright Piracy Ordinance (Cap. 544), as well as those against forgery of trade marks, false trade descriptions and unfair trade practices under the Trade Descriptions Ordinance (Cap. 362). It initiates investigations in these areas and collaborates as necessary with organisations and law enforcement agencies in or outside Hong Kong, and with trade mark and copyright owners. To safeguard the interests of consumers, the Department also investigates complaints and conducts spot checks to ensure compliance with the Toys and Children's Products Safety Ordinance (Cap. 424), the Weights and Measures Ordinance (Cap. 68), the Consumer Goods Safety Ordinance (Cap. 456), the Trade Descriptions Ordinance, the Trade Descriptions (Marking) (Gold and Gold Alloy) Order (Cap. 362A), the Trade Descriptions (Marking) (Platinum) Order (Cap. 362C), the Trade Descriptions (Provision of Information on Natural Fei Cui) Order (Cap. 362M), the Trade Descriptions (Provision of Information on Regulated Electronic Products) Order (Cap. 362O). The enforcement work involves:

Intellectual property rights

- conducting investigations and taking enforcement actions against persons and syndicates suspected of committing offences relating to infringement of intellectual property rights;
- executing court orders to detain goods at importation for the purpose of enforcing boundary measures to comply
 with the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights established under the auspices of the
 World Trade Organization;
- arranging and supervising the examination and identification of seizures by trade mark and copyright owners or their representatives;
- conducting inspections on licensed optical disc mastering and replication factories to guard against manufacture of pirated optical discs and stampers;
- controlling the import and export of optical discs mastering and replication equipment; and
- applying to the court for the confiscation of financial proceeds obtained from intellectual property rights infringement crimes.

Consumer protection

- conducting spot checks on the accuracy of weighing and measuring equipment, compliance with the safety
 requirements for toys and children's products and consumer goods, and compliance with the orders for provision
 of information on precious stones, metals and regulated electronic products; and
- investigating complaints relating to short weights and measures, unsafe toys and children's products and consumer goods, false trade descriptions and unfair trade practices.
- 13 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Plan)
issuing licences for import and export of optical disc mastering and replication equipment within two working days upon receipt of applications (%)	100	100	100	100
issuing licences for manufacturing of optical discs within 14 working days	100	100	100	100
upon receipt of applications (%) commencing investigations into urgent complaints against short weights and measures and unsafe products within	100	100	100	100
24 hours (%)\mathbb{Y} commencing investigations into priority complaints against short weights and measures and unsafe products within	100	_	100	100
three working days (%)Ψ	100		100	100

Ψ New targets as from 2012.

Indicators

	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)#	2013 (Estimate)
Intellectual property rights	1 101	2.244	^
intellectual property rights investigations	1 121	3 244@	^
value of seizures (including optical discs, textiles, leather-ware, footwear and telecommunications	756	490	<u> </u>
equipment) (\$m)	112.2	66.0	^
spot checks on optical disc factories	300	247	100∇
verifications on import/export of optical disc mastering and			
replication equipment	181	201	190
W 1 1			
Weights and measures	2 400	2 100	2 400
spot checks	2 400	2 100	2 400
seizure cases	46	32	^
value of seizures (\$'000)	203.9	108.4	^
Toys and children's products safety			
spot checks	1 618	1 623	1 600
seizure cases	24	16	^
value of seizures (\$'000)	23.8	20.8	^
γαιας οι σει <u>ε</u> αίτες (ψ σοσ)	25.0	20.0	
Consumer goods safety			
spot checks	1 699	1 613	1 600
seizure cases	30	5	^
value of seizures (\$'000)	125.5	8.6	^
Fair trading in regulated articles (trade descriptions)			
spot checks	4 064	4 151	4 000
seizure cases	57	32	^
value of seizures (\$'000)	8,747	11,037	^

[#] As it takes time to verify the data, figures for 2012 are subject to adjustment.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2013-14

- 14 During 2013–14, the Department will continue to:
- strengthen the co-operative alliance with the industries and enforcement agencies in detecting online sale of infringing goods;
- widen the application of the Organised and Serious Crimes Ordinance (Cap. 455) to the investigation of intellectual property crimes;
- upgrade the capability in the investigation of Internet and electronic crimes relating to infringement of intellectual property rights;
- promote public and traders' awareness of intellectual property rights and consumer protection legislation through publicity programmes;
- strengthen enforcement actions against false trade descriptions and mis-statements in the sale of goods; and
- work closely with the Commerce and Economic Development Bureau and other parties to bring the Trade Descriptions (Unfair Trade Practices) (Amendment) Ordinance 2012 into operation and take enforcement actions against prohibited unfair trade practices that may be deployed in consumer transactions.

[@] The Department has expedited efforts to complete the administrative formality of closure of outstanding cases which no longer warrant further investigation. A total of 3 095 of such cases were closed between January and December 2012, and included in the yearly figure.

[^] Not possible to estimate.

[∇] There has been a continued decrease in the number of optical disc factories in recent years. The Department has accordingly adjusted the target number of spot check on optical disc factories for 2013.

Programme (4): Revenue Protection and Collection

	2011–12 (Actual)	2012–13 (Original)	2012–13 (Revised)	2013–14 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	160.2	151.8	165.7 (+9.2%)	189.8 (+14.5%)
				(or 125.0% on

(or +25.0% on 2012–13 Original)

Aim

15 The aims are to collect and protect revenue from dutiable commodities stipulated in the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance (Cap. 109) and to assess the provisional taxable values of motor vehicles under the Motor Vehicles (First Registration Tax) Ordinance (Cap. 330).

Brief Description

- 16 The Department is responsible for the collection and protection of duties derived from dutiable commodities stipulated in the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance. It administers a licensing and permit system to control the manufacture, import, export, storage and movement of dutiable commodities.
- 17 The Department assesses the provisional taxable values of motor vehicles for the purpose of calculating the first registration tax and maintains a registration scheme for motor vehicle importers and distributors.
- 18 The Department is responsible for combating smuggling and distribution of illicit cigarettes and taking enforcement actions against illicit fuel activities at all levels.
 - 19 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Plan)
Dutiable commodities				
issuing import and export licences within				
12 working days upon receipt of applications (%)	100	100	100	100
issuing permits within half a working day	100	100	100	100
upon receipt of applications (%)	100	100	100	100
providing customs attendance within two working days upon receipt of				
applications (%)	100	100	100	100
4 PP 1.041 1.0110 (7.0)	100	100	100	100
First Registration Tax				
completing assessment of provisional taxable values of imported vehicles				
within five working days upon receipt				
of applications (%)	100	100	100	100
completing registration of importers/				
distributors of motor vehicles within				
seven working days upon receipt of applications (%)	100	100	100	100
applications (70)	100	100	100	100
Indicators				
		2011	2012	2013
		(Actual)	(Actual)#	(Estimate)
Dutiable commodities				
licences issued		142	159	150
permits issued		99 857	105 215	105 000
duty collected (\$m)		7 852.7	8 632.8	8 756
duty recovered (\$m)		2.0	1.4	^
licence fees, customs attendance fees and other re	lated	7. A	5.0	7 1
payments collected (\$m)		5.4	5.2	5.1
revenue collected per \$1 provision (\$)		102.4 18	110.3 30	111.8
cases detected		10	30	

	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)#	2013 (Estimate)
Anti-illicit-cigarette enforcementy			
seizure cases	1 097	857	^
cigarettes seized ('000 sticks)	90 424	69 435	^
vehicles seized	54	83	^
vessels seized	1	0	^
persons prosecuted for offences relating to illicit cigarettes	2 194	2 359	^
Anti-illicit-fuel enforcementy			
seizure cases	180	150	^
hydrocarbon oil seized ('000 litres)	71	48	^
illicit fuel filling stations neutralised	166	148	^
First Registration Tax			
cases detected	34	63	^
inspection and verification of imported vehicles for payment			
of First Registration Tax	471	478	471
assessment of provisional taxable value on imported	., -	.,,	
vehicles (cases)	63 707	60 609	60 000
re-assessment of provisional taxable value on imported	02 , 0 ,	00 007	00 000
vehicles (cases)	16 722	17 057	17 000
venicles (cases)	10 /22	1/05/	17 000

[#] As it takes time to verify the data, figures for 2012 are subject to adjustment.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2013-14

- 20 During 2013–14, the Department will continue to:
- strengthen enforcement actions against illicit cigarettes activities, especially in the area of telephone-order peddling;
- strengthen regional co-operation with other Customs administrations in combating smuggling of illicit cigarettes;
 and
- strengthen co-operation with the Mainland Customs in combating cross-boundary smuggling of illicit fuel.

Programme (5): Trade Controls

	2011–12 (Actual)	2012–13 (Original)	2012–13 (Revised)	2013–14 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	136.2	153.6	175.0 (+13.9%)	178.7 (+2.1%)
				(or +16.3% on 2012–13 Original)

Aim

21 The aims are to secure and maintain the integrity and credibility of the various trade controls and import and export control systems operated in Hong Kong in fulfilment of international obligations and for public health and safety reasons; as well as to collect import and export declarations and declaration charges under the Import and Export (Registration) Regulations (Cap. 60E) and clothing levies under the Industrial Training (Clothing Industry) Ordinance (Cap. 318).

Brief Description

- 22 The Department enforces the relevant laws for various trade controls systems including those concerning the issue of Certificates of Origin, the import and export of textiles, strategic commodities, reserved commodities and other prohibited goods, as well as compliance with the Chemical Weapons Convention, with a view to preventing and detecting abuses of these systems. The Department is also tasked to collect import and export declarations, declaration charges and clothing levies and to enforce the relevant statutory control on these systems. The enforcement work involves:
 - factory and consignment inspections and factory audit checks to ensure compliance with legislation governing the issue of Certificates of Origin and import and export of textiles;
 - costing checks on goods covered by Certificates of Hong Kong Origin Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement (CO(CEPA)) to help ensure that only goods that pass a value-added percentage threshold can

[^] Not possible to estimate.

Ψ The figures reflect the enforcement efforts of the Department but exclude cases mentioned in Programme (1).

benefit from the tariff preference under the Mainland and Hong Kong Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement (CEPA);

- blitz checks on consignments subject to licensing control or covered by CO(CEPA) at entry and exit points and public cargo working areas;
- consignment inspections to ensure compliance with legislation governing the import and export of strategic commodities and other licensable items;
- inspections and verifications to ensure the effective implementation of the Chemical Weapons Convention in Hong Kong;
- inspections to enforce control on reserved commodities;
- collection of import and export declaration charges and clothing levies under the respective legislation;
- verification and assessment of the values of import and export consignments to recover under-paid import and export declaration charges and clothing levies; and
- investigation and prosecution of contraventions.
- 23 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Plan)
conducting pre-issue consignment inspections relating to textile licences / production notifications within two working days upon receipt of referral of applications from the Trade and Industry Department (TID) (%)	100	100	Ν.Α.φ	100
conducting pre-issue consignment inspections relating to non-textile licences within four working days upon receipt of referral of applications from the TID (%)	100	100	100	100
conducting factory registration and re-registration inspections relating to the issue of Certificates of Origin within four working days upon receipt of referral of applications from the	100	100	100	100
TID (%) conducting registration inspections relating to control on reserved commodities within three working days upon receipt of referral of applications	100	100	100	100
from the TID (%) conducting pre-issue consignment inspections relating to licences for strategic commodities within two working days upon receipt of	100	100	100	100
referral of applications from the TID (%)	100	100	100	100
upon receipt of referral of applications from the TID (%)	100	100	100	100

φ No such referral was received in 2012.

Indicators

	2011 (Actual)	2012 (Actual)#	2013 (Estimate)
factory and consignment inspections	37 078	35 575	34 300β
factory audit checks	2	2	2
reserved commodities inspections	4 402	4 288	4 400
blitz checks on consignments subject to licensing control or			
covered by CO(CEPA) at entry and exit points, and			
public cargo working areas	13 054	8 448	11 000
import and export declarations			
declarations processed	18 384 383	18 429 755	18 990 000
overdue declarations verifiedΛ	303 658	278 346	272 300
under-valued declarations verified∆	17 796	18 290	18 100
revenue collected (\$m)	1,742.6	1,404.7	974.2
revenue recovered (\$m)	10.5	10.5	^
administrative penalties imposed (\$m)	22.5	20.8	^

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2013-14

- 24 During 2013–14, the Department will continue to:
- assume any additional enforcement responsibilities arising from the trade in new products that become eligible for the zero tariff preference as a result of the biannual Rules of Origin Consultations under the CEPA implemented in two stages beginning on 1 January 2006;
- deter late lodgement of import and export declarations and cargo manifests by stepping up enforcement actions, etc.; and
- maintain effective enforcement actions on strategic trade controls by strengthening disposal checks and outreaching programmes.

As it takes time to verify the data, figures for 2012 are subject to adjustment.

The figure includes 8 130 consignment checks on pharmaceutical products in pursuance of the policy initiative of enhancing the regulation of medicine.

New indicators as from 2011.

Not possible to estimate.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

Programme	2011–12	2012–13	2012–13	2013–14
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)
 Control and Enforcement	1,840.7	2,042.2	2,010.4	2,287.9
	159.7	156.6	160.8	167.0
Consumer Protection	253.0	275.0	276.1	284.3
Collection	160.2	151.8	165.7	189.8
	136.2	153.6	175.0	178.7
	2,549.8	2,779.2	2,788.0 (+0.3%)	3,107.7 (+11.5%)

(or +11.8% on 2012–13 Original)

Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

Programme (1)

Provision for 2013–14 is \$277.5 million (13.8%) higher than the revised estimate for 2012–13. This is mainly due to an increase of 69 posts to meet operational needs, increased operating expenses and increased cash flow requirement for capital projects.

Programme (2)

Provision for 2013–14 is \$6.2 million (3.9%) higher than the revised estimate for 2012–13. This is mainly due to an increase of one post to meet operational needs and increased operating expenses.

Programme (3)

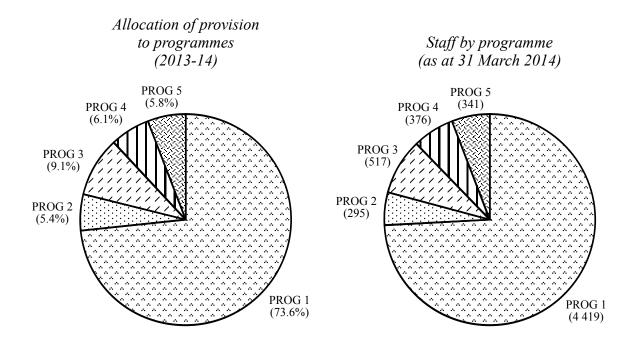
Provision for 2013–14 is \$8.2 million (3.0%) higher than the revised estimate for 2012–13. This is mainly due to the increased operating expenses.

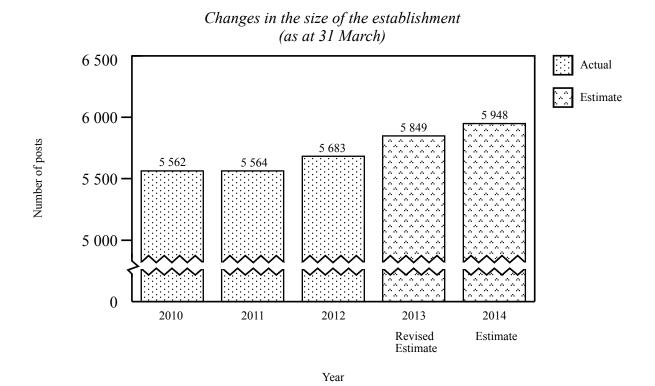
Programme (4)

Provision for 2013–14 is \$24.1 million (14.5%) higher than the revised estimate for 2012–13. This is mainly due to an increase of 30 posts to meet operational needs and increased operating expenses.

Programme (5)

Provision for 2013–14 is \$3.7 million (2.1%) higher than the revised estimate for 2012–13. This is mainly due to the increased operating expenses, partly offset by deletion of one post to meet operational needs.





Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2011–12	Approved estimate 2012–13	Revised estimate 2012–13	Estimate 2013–14
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000 103 292	Operational expenses	2,473,792 9,884 40,993	2,629,597 10,000 44,000	2,688,718 10,500 44,000	2,858,017 11,000 47,000
	Total, Recurrent	2,524,669	2,683,597	2,743,218	2,916,017
	Total, Operating Account	2,524,669	2,683,597	2,743,218	2,916,017
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
603 661	Plant, vehicles and equipment	11,160	61,373	24,955	152,622
001	vote)	13,941	34,186	19,858	39,050
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	25,101	95,559	44,813	191,672
	Total, Capital Account	25,101	95,559	44,813	191,672
	Total Expenditure	2,549,770	2,779,156	2,788,031	3,107,689

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

The estimate of the amount required in 2013–14 for the salaries and expenses of the Customs and Excise Department is \$3,107,689,000. This represents an increase of \$319,658,000 over the revised estimate for 2012–13 and of \$557,919,000 over actual expenditure in 2011–12.

Operating Account

Recurrent

- **2** Provision of \$2,858,017,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Customs and Excise Department.
- **3** The establishment as at 31 March 2013 will be 5 849 posts. It is expected that there will be a net increase of 99 posts in 2013–14. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2013–14, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$2,038,991,000.
 - 4 An analysis of the financial provision under Subhead 000 Operational expenses is as follows:

	2011-12	2012-13	2012-13	2013-14
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries	1,943,563	2,023,239	2,087,988	2,127,563
- Allowances	50,194	55,911	53,060	59,946
- Job-related allowances	8,191	10,169	8,940	11,392
Personnel Related Expenses				
- Rent allowance	545	800	600	700
- Mandatory Provident Fund				
contribution	3,583	5,651	5,638	7,954
- Civil Service Provident Fund				
contribution	45,186	51,136	51,842	62,503
- Disturbance allowance	73	50	80	30
Departmental Expenses				
- General departmental expenses	418,443	477,279	476,486	582,754
Other Charges				
- Land usage cost	3,749	5,100	3,821	4,900
- Grant to the Customs and Excise Service				
Welfare Fund	265	262	263	275
	2,473,792	2,629,597	2,688,718	2,858,017

- **5** Provision of \$11,000,000 under *Subhead 103 Rewards and special services* is for expenditure on rewards and services of a confidential nature.
- **6** Provision of \$47,000,000 under *Subhead 292 Seizure management* is to meet expenses related to the transportation and storage of goods seized in anti-smuggling and other enforcement activities.

Capital Account

Plant, Equipment and Works

7 Provision of \$39,050,000 under *Subhead 661 Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)* represents an increase of \$19,192,000 (96.6%) over the revised estimate for 2012–13. This is mainly due to increased requirement for new and replacement equipment.

Commitments

Sub- head Ite (Code) (C	em Code) Ambit	Approved commitment	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2012	Revised estimated expenditure for 2012–13	Balance
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Capital A	Account				
603	Plant, vehicles and equipment				
82	Procurement of a Z backscatter van for the Ports and Maritime Command	. 9,896	200	800	8,896
83	Replacement of one high speed pursuit craft	. 17,050	_	_	17,050
84	47 Replacement of two mobile X-ray vehicle scanning systems for Man Kam To Control Point and Sha Tau Kok Control Point	. 101,440	1,400	5,600	94,440
86	Replacement of one mobile X-ray checker van (AM 5952)	3,402	_	_	3,402
86	Replacement of one mobile X-ray checker van (AM 5953)	3,950	_	_	3,950
8′	70 Procurement of one X-ray checker with Air Cargo Clearance System interface feature and one desktop contraband detector for clearance of express cargoes at the new Customs Examination Hall of the Airport Command		_	150	2,957
87	71 Replacement of one mobile X-ray checker van (AM5809)	4,000	_	800	3,200
87	Replacement of one shallow water launch (CE12)	4,400	_	_	4,400
87	Replacement of one shallow water launch (CE13)	4,400	_	_	4,400
87	74 Replacement of one mobile X-ray checker van (AM5810)	4,000		800	3,200
87	75 Replacement of one mobile X-ray checker van (AM5950)	4,000		800	3,200
87	76 Procurement of one set of X-ray checker with conveyor belt modification (carousel no. 1) for the Airport Command	. 2,421	_	120	2,301
87	77 Procurement of one set of X-ray checker with conveyor belt modification (carousel no. 3) for the Airport Command	. 2,421	_	120	2,301
8^	Procurement of one set of X-ray checker with conveyor belt modification (carousel no. 7) for the Airport Command	. 2,421	_	120	2,301
87	79 Procurement of one set of X-ray checker with conveyor belt modification (carousel no. 8) for the Airport Command	. 2,421	_	120	2,301

${\bf Commitments} - {\it Cont'd}.$

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment \$'000	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2012	Revised estimated expenditure for 2012–13	Balance \$'000
Capital	l Acco	unt—Cont'd.				
603		Plant, vehicles and equipment—Cont'd.				
	880	Procurement of one set of X-ray checker with conveyor belt modification (carousel no. 12) for the Airport Command	2,421	_	120	2,301
	881	Procurement of one set of X-ray checker with conveyor belt modification (carousel no. 14) for the Airport Command	2,421	_	120	2,301
	889	Procurement of one set of X-ray checker for conveyor belt (carousel no. 5) for the Airport Command	2,421	105	80	2,236
	890	Procurement of one set of X-ray checker for conveyor belt (carousel no. 10) for the Airport Command	2,421	105	80	2,236
		Total	179,013	1,810	9,830	167,373