Controlling officer: the Director	of Food and Environmental Hygiene will a	count for expenditure under this Head.

Estimate 2014–15	\$5,667.2m
Establishment ceiling 2014–15 (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 11 138 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2014 rising by 30 posts to 11 168 posts as at 31 March 2015	\$2,813.7m
In addition, there will be an estimated 15 directorate posts as at 31 March 2014 and as at 31 March 2015.	
Commitment balance	\$203.7m

Controlling Officer's Report

Programmes

Programme (1) Food Safety and Public Health	This programme contributes to Policy Area 2: Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Safety (Secretary for Food and Health).
Programme (2) Environmental Hygiene and Related Services Programme (3) Market Management and Hawker Control	These programmes contribute to Policy Area 32: Environmental Hygiene (Secretary for Food and Health).
Programme (4) Public Education and Community Involvement	This programme contributes to Policy Area 2: Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Safety (Secretary for Food and Health) and Policy Area 32: Environmental Hygiene (Secretary for Food and Health).

Detail

Programme (1): Food Safety and Public Health

•	2012–13 (Actual)	2013–14 (Original)	2013–14 (Revised)	2014–15 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	840.5	920.3	929.9 (+1.0%)	972.2 (+4.5%)
				(or +5.6% on 2013–14 Original)

Aim

2 The aim is to ensure that food available for human consumption is wholesome, hygienic and safe; and to safeguard public health through testing and control of live food animals and effective pest control.

- **3** The work involves:
- conducting risk assessment on food and providing timely information to the public,
- investigating and managing food incidents,
- exercising import control on high-risk food and issuing health certificates for food exports,
- exercising import control on live food animals,
- · conducting inspections and tests on live food animals at licensed slaughterhouses,
- providing meat inspection services at licensed slaughterhouses,
- conducting food surveillance at various points of the food chain and taking enforcement actions,
- promoting the Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) approach to the trade and the adoption of HACCP-based food safety plans,
- ensuring pre-packaged food for sale is properly labelled,
- conducting risk assessment on pests affecting public health,

- taking control measures to prevent vector-borne diseases, and
- investigating incidents of vector-borne diseases.
- 4 The key performance measures are:

Targets

Turgeis				
	Target	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Actual)	2014 (Plan)
initiating investigation of non-outs of food	8	()	((")
initiating investigation of reports of food unfit for human consumption within				
24 hours (%)	100	100	100	100
applications for import of game, meat and	100	100	100	100
poultry to be processed within				
five working days (%)	98	100	100	98
applications for import of milk and milk				
products to be processed within				
12 working days (%)	98	100	100	98
applications for import of frozen				
confections to be processed within		100	100	
12 working days (%)	98	100	100	98
applications for export or re-export food				
health certificates to be processed	0.0	100	100	ne
within 12 working days (%)issuing veterinary health certificates for	98	100	100	98
export food containing animal products				
within two working days (%)	100	100	100	100
inspecting vehicles carrying poultry at	100	100	100	100
Man Kam To (% of vehicles)	100	100	100	100
testing pigs for beta-agonists (% of lots)	98	100	100	98
conducting inspections of farms exporting				
food animals to Hong Kong (no. of				
farms)	35	75	70	65
food surveillance through testing of food				
samples (no. of food samples tested per				
1 000 population per year)	8	9	9	9
initiating investigation of complaints				
about food labelling within	100	100	100	100
three working days (%)	100	100	100	100
initiating pest control measures within				
24 hours upon receiving report of vector-borne diseases (%)	100	100	100	100
dealing with complaints on wasps/	100	100	100	100
bees infestation within				
six working days (%)	100	100	100	100
on working days (70)	100	100	100	100
Indicators				
		2012	2012	2011
		2012	2013	2014
		(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
food complaints handled		5 261	5 005	5 000
applications for import of game, meat and poultry	y	2 943	3 257	3 300
applications for import of milk and milk products	5	310	401	400
applications for import of frozen confections		171	216	220
export or re-export food health certificates issued	l	256	308	310
veterinary health certificates for export food cont	aining	440	100	440
animal products issued	т	113	108	110
vehicles carrying poultry inspected at Man Kam	10	2 191	2 324	2 440
blood samples taken from poultry for testing of a		46 303	48 804	51 200
influenza H5 antibodiesvehicles carrying vegetables inspected at Man Ka		40 303	40 004	31 200
Control Office	111 10 1 00 u	28 890	32 721	33 000
samples taken from food animals for testing of vo		20 090	JL /L1	33 000
drug residues		56 084	55 152	55 000
food samples taken for testing.		64 923^	64 387^	65 000
labels checked		55 200	55 150	55 000
HACCP seminars/workshops		33	33	33
poison treatments of rodent infestation in building		46 983	46 196	46 200

	2012	2013	2014
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
no. of trappings	55 814	53 236	53 200
	41 650	46 199	46 200
	7 350	7 560	7 500

[^] In addition to the 64 923 and 64 387 food samples tested in 2012 and 2013 respectively, another 50 414 samples and 56 382 samples have been taken from imported Japanese food for examination of radiation level in 2012 and 2013 respectively in connection with the Japan nuclear power plant incident in March 2011.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2014–15

- 5 During 2014–15, the Department will:
- continue the laboratory analysis of the first Total Diet Study in Hong Kong to assess the risks of various food hazards,
- continue to assist the Food and Health Bureau (FHB) in preparing legislation to extend the existing import control regime for meat and poultry to cover poultry eggs,
- follow through the implementation of the Pesticide Residues in Food Regulation (Cap. 132CM) in August 2014,
- continue to assist FHB in refining the details of the proposed regulatory framework governing veterinary drug residues in food with reference to the Pesticide Residues in Food Regulation,
- continue to assist FHB in preparing legislation to regulate formula products and foods for infants and young children, and
- follow up on the proposals to introduce a mandatory pre-market safety assessment scheme for genetically modified food.

Programme (2): Environmental Hygiene and Related Services

	2012–13 (Actual)	2013–14 (Original)	2013–14 (Revised)	2014–15 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	2,659.8	2,736.6	2,819.4 (+3.0%)	2,997.5 (+6.3%)
				(or +9.5% on 2013–14 Original)

Aim

6 The aim is to provide quality environmental hygiene services and facilities, and to safeguard public health through licensing and regulation of licensed food premises.

- 7 The work involves:
- providing efficient and effective public cleansing services, including street cleansing and household waste collection, and management of public cleansing facilities such as public toilets and refuse collection points;
- licensing and inspecting food premises, and taking law enforcement actions against unlicensed and unhygienic food premises;
- processing liquor licence applications and providing administrative support to the Liquor Licensing Board;
- licensing private swimming pools, commercial bathhouses, places of public entertainment, funeral parlours, karaoke establishments in restaurants and offensive trades, and taking law enforcement actions in relation to these activities;
- abating environmental nuisances relating to dripping air-conditioners and water seepage and cleaning up environmental hygiene blackspots; and
- managing cremation and burial facilities, including public cemeteries, crematoria and columbaria.

The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Actual)	2014 (Plan)
Cleansing				
completion of 1st round street				
sweeping services on main roads				
before 9:00 a.m. to ensure				
removal of over-night street litter (%)	99	100	100	99
Licensing of food premises	,,,	100	100	,,
holding of Application Vetting Panel				
meeting for restaurant licences				
within 20 working days from	00	100	100	00
passing of initial screening (%) issuing of food business licences	99	100	100	99
within seven working days from				
confirmation of compliance (%)	99	100	100	99
issuing of provisional licences for				
restaurants and other food				
premises within one working day from receipt of acceptable				
Certificates of Compliance for				
submissions over the				
counter (%)	99	100	99	99
issuing of liquor licences and club				
liquor licences within five working days from approval				
by Liquor Licensing Board (%)	99	100	100	99
Licensing of private swimming pools,				
commercial bathhouses, places of				
public entertainment, funeral parlours,				
offensive trades issuing of Letters of Requirements				
within seven working days from				
clearance with concerned				
departments (%)	98	100	100	98
issuing of licences within				
seven working days from confirmation of compliance (%)	98	100	100	98
Cemeteries and crematoria	70	100	100	70
booking of cremation sessions within				
15 days (%)	99	100	100	99
allocation of burial spaces on the day	99	100	100	99
of application (%)	99	100	100	99
Indicators				
		2012	2013	2014
		(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
refuse collected (tonnes)		1 930 863	1 947 442	1 947 400
recurrent expenditure per tonne of refuse collec	ted (\$)∆	214	223	228
sludge collected by gully emptiers (tonnes)		8 435	6 854	8 000
restaurant licencesother food-related licences	•••••	11 834	12 086	12 100
(e.g. liquor, food factory, bakery)		16 487	16 835	16 800
restricted food permits (e.g. sushi and milk)		6 334	6 397	6 400
applications for food business licences		3 623	3 913	3 900
applications for restricted food permits		868 234 792	885 232 475	890 232 000
inspections to food premisesraids against illegal slaughtering		234 /92 150	232 475 130#	232 000 110
prosecutions against food premises	•••••	150	150#	110
licensed		4 231	3 687	3 700
unlicensed		4 466	6 295β	6 300
food business licences suspended/cancelled		282	312β	300
courses/seminars for Hygiene Supervisors	•••••	113	113	113

	2012	2013	2014
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
applications for private swimming pools, places of public entertainment and other licences (excluding applications for temporary licences)	86	75	80
inspections conducted to private swimming pools, places of public entertainment, etc	13 773	13 305	13 300
bodyskeletal	39 494	38 914	39 200
	2 860	3 662	3 700
no. of burials conducted coffin	1 164	1 114	1 100
urnexhumation permits issued	900	1 173	1 000
	6 482	5 808	6 200

 $[\]Delta$ The figures represent unit expenditure for the respective financial years ending 31 March.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2014–15

- 9 During 2014–15, the Department will:
- continue to convert designated aqua privies into flushing toilets by phases,
- continue to take stringent enforcement actions against unlicensed food premises and food premises which pose immediate health hazards or with illegal extension of food business area,
- continue to assist FHB in following up on the proposals in the review of liquor licensing,
- continue to take forward plans and projects to provide more crematorium and columbarium facilities, and
- continue to assist FHB in formulating legislation to enhance regulation of private columbaria.

Programme (3): Market Management and Hawker Control

	2012–13 (Actual)	2013–14 (Original)	2013–14 (Revised)	2014–15 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	1,479.0	1,518.8	1,573.4 (+3.6%)	1,671.2 (+6.2%)
				(or +10.0% on 2013–14 Original)

Aim

10 The aim is to maintain a clean and hygienic environment in public markets and to control on-street hawking activities.

- 11 The work involves:
- managing and maintaining public markets;
- inspecting markets to ensure cleanliness and compliance with tenancy requirements and conditions;
- controlling and containing on-street hawking activities and obstruction;
- · managing licensed hawker pitches, hawker permitted places and hawker bazaars; and
- · taking enforcement actions.

[#] The decrease in the number of raids is due to a further reduction in the number of illegal slaughterhouses in 2012 and 2013.

 $[\]beta$ The increases in prosecutions against unlicensed food premises and in food business licences suspended/cancelled are attributable to the enhanced enforcement action taken against illegal extension of food business area.

12 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Actual)	2014 (Plan)
markets with common parts cleansed at least three times a day (%)stalls let (%)§responding to complaints against illegal	100 80	100 89	100 90	100 85
hawking in built-up areas within 30 minutes (%)	97	98	99	98

[§] In calculating the letting percentage, the number of stalls set aside for designated purposes has been included in the total number of stalls for letting.

Indicators

	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Actual)	2014 (Estimate)
licensed hawkers			
fixed pitch hawkers	6 269	5 979	5 900
itinerant hawkers	470	455	440
estimated number of unlicensed hawkers	1 691	1 463	1 500
raids by Hawker Control Teams	119 712	118 894	119 000
raids by Hawker Control Teamsjoint operations against illegal hawking with other			
departments	1 614	1 867	1 900
hawker blackspots	45	45	45

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2014–15

- 13 During 2014–15, the Department will:
- continue to enhance the viability of public markets by improving management, upgrading facilities, providing a more flexible mix of trade, and carrying out promotional activities;
- assist FHB in developing proposals for improving the operating environment of public markets, taking into
 account the recommendations of the consultancy study commissioned in December 2013; and
- continue to take forward the assistance scheme for hawker licensees to improve the fire safety and operating environment of fixed-pitch hawker areas.

Programme (4): Public Education and Community Involvement

	2012–13 (Actual)	2013–14 (Original)	2013–14 (Revised)	2014–15 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	25.2	24.8	25.1 (+1.2%)	26.3 (+4.8%)
				(or +6.0% on 2013–14 Original)

Aim

14 The aim is to promote food safety and the maintenance of a hygienic environment through partnership with the community and a multi-media publicity campaign.

- 15 The work involves:
- enhancing public awareness of the importance of food safety and empowering consumers to make informed choices,
- · educating the public on their responsibility in maintaining a clean and hygienic living environment, and
- organising targeted public education and publicity programmes to mobilise community involvement and support for activities in keeping the environment clean.

16 The Department disseminates food safety and keep clean messages through television and radio Announcements in the Public Interest (APIs), banners, posters, publicity stickers, pamphlets, leaflets and a publicity vehicle. In addition, talks and support are given to cleansing campaign and work carried out by District Councils, non-governmental organisations, community groups and schools.

17 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Actual)	2014 (Plan)
primary and secondary schools approached for talks on food safety and environmental hygiene (%)responding to requests for information/talks on food safety and environmental	100	100	100	100
hygiene within one week (%)	100	100	100	100
publicity campaigns	3	3	3	3
Indicators				
		2012	2013	2014
		(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
seminars and activities for general public		1 388	1 390	1 385
television APIs		2	3	2
radio APIs		4	4	3
outreaching programmes targeted at schools		20	20	20
school talks on food safety and environmental hyg	giene	1 204	1 203	1 200

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2014–15

- 18 During 2014–15, the Department will:
- continue to promote the use of nutrition information on nutrition labelling; and
- continue the efforts in promoting public health and environmental hygiene education and food safety to the public, with special emphasis on domestic hygiene, through seminars and activities.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

		2012–13 (Actual) (\$m)	2013–14 (Original) (\$m)	2013–14 (Revised) (\$m)	2014–15 (Estimate) (\$m)
Pro	gramme				
(1) (2)	Food Safety and Public Health Environmental Hygiene and Related	840.5	920.3	929.9	972.2
	Services	2,659.8	2,736.6	2,819.4	2,997.5
(3)	Market Management and Hawker Control	1,479.0	1,518.8	1,573.4	1,671.2
(4)	Public Education and Community Involvement	25.2	24.8	25.1	26.3
		5,004.5	5,200.5	5,347.8 (+2.8%)	5,667.2 (+6.0%)

(or +9.0% on 2013–14 Original)

Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

Programme (1)

Provision for 2014–15 is \$42.3 million (4.5%) higher than the revised estimate for 2013–14. This is mainly due to filling of vacancies, creation of new posts, increase in operating expenses for food safety and pest control and increase in capital expenditure such as replacement of gas chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometers and procurement of an integrated system of liquid chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometer. There will be an increase of five posts.

Programme (2)

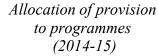
Provision for 2014–15 is \$178.1 million (6.3%) higher than the revised estimate for 2013–14. This is mainly due to filling of vacancies, creation of new posts and increased operating expenses for environmental hygiene and related services. There will be a net increase of 23 posts.

Programme (3)

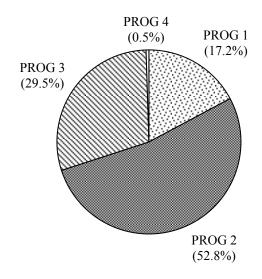
Provision for 2014–15 is \$97.8 million (6.2%) higher than the revised estimate for 2013–14. This is mainly due to increased operating expenses for market management and hawker control activities and increased capital expenditure on markets. There will be an increase of two posts.

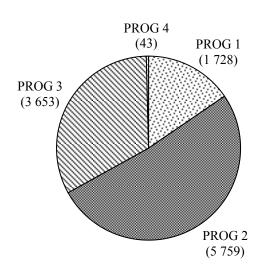
Programme (4)

Provision for 2014–15 is \$1.2 million (4.8%) higher than the revised estimate for 2013–14. This is mainly due to salary increment and increased operating expenses for public education and community involvement activities.

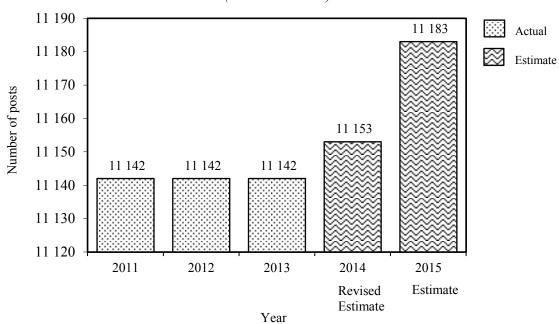


rogrammes Staff by programme (as at 31 March 2015)





Changes in the size of the establishment (as at 31 March)



Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2012–13	Approved estimate 2013–14	Revised estimate 2013–14	Estimate 2014–15
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000	Operational expenses	4,971,318	5,162,186	5,278,075	5,574,045
	Total, Recurrent	4,971,318	5,162,186	5,278,075	5,574,045
	Non-Recurrent				
700	General non-recurrent	720	_	38,000	48,000
	Total, Non-Recurrent	720	_	38,000	48,000
	Total, Operating Account	4,972,038	5,162,186	5,316,075	5,622,045
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
603	Plant, vehicles and equipment	6,071	8,900	2,300	7,350
661	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	26,412	29,456	29,456	37,827
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	32,483	38,356	31,756	45,177
	Total, Capital Account	32,483	38,356	31,756	45,177
	Total Expenditure	5,004,521	5,200,542	5,347,831	5,667,222

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

The estimate of the amount required in 2014–15 for the salaries and expenses of the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department is \$5,667,222,000. This represents an increase of \$319,391,000 over the revised estimate for 2013–14 and of \$662,701,000 over the actual expenditure in 2012–13.

Operating Account

Recurrent

- **2** Provision of \$5,574,045,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department.
- 3 The establishment as at 31 March 2014 will be 11 153 permanent posts. A net increase of 30 posts in establishment is expected in 2014–15. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2014–15, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$2,813,720,000.
 - 4 An analysis of the financial provision under Subhead 000 Operational expenses is as follows:

	2012–13 (Actual) (\$'000)	2013–14 (Original) (\$'000)	2013–14 (Revised) (\$'000)	2014–15 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries	2,570,656 30,329 58,972	2,630,189 26,269 61,963	2,699,397 31,392 61,144	2,755,318 31,392 61,144
Mandatory Provident Fund contributionCivil Service Provident Fund	16,990	16,793	20,793	18,311
contribution Departmental Expenses	41,135	58,716	59,198	83,651
- General departmental expenses Other Charges	2,253,000	2,367,976	2,405,773	2,623,909
- Commonwealth War Graves Commission	236	280	378	320
	4,971,318	5,162,186	5,278,075	5,574,045

Capital Account

Plant, Equipment and Works

5 Provision of \$37,827,000 under *Subhead 661 Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)* represents an increase of \$8,371,000 (28.4%) over the revised estimate for 2013–14. This is mainly due to increased funding requirement for replacement of minor plant and equipment.

Commitments

S'000 S'000 S'000 S'000 S'000 S'000 S'000	Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2013	Revised estimated expenditure for 2013–14	Balance
State				\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assistance Scheme for Hawkers in Fixed-pitch Hawker Areas 230,000	Opera	ting Acc	count				
Fixed-pitch Hawker Areas	700		General non-recurrent				
Capital Account 808 Replacement of an integrated system of gas chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometer at Man Kam To Food Laboratory		818		230,000	_	38,000	192,000
Replacement of an integrated system of gas chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometer at Man Kam To Food Laboratory				230,000		38,000	192,000
Replacement of an integrated system of gas chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometer at Man Kam To Food Laboratory	Capita	ıl Accou	int				
gas chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometer at Man Kam To Food Laboratory	603		Plant, vehicles and equipment				
chromatograph atomic emission detector with a gas chromatograph- tandem mass spectrometer system at Food Research Laboratory		808	gas chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometer at Man Kam To Food	2,100	_	_	2,100
system at Sai Wan Ho Cooked Food Centre		862	chromatograph atomic emission detector with a gas chromatograph- tandem mass spectrometer system at	2,200	_	_	2,200
liquid chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometer at Man Kam To Food Laboratory		864	Replacement of the water scrubber system at Sai Wan Ho Cooked Food	ŕ	_	_	·
		881	liquid chromatograph-tandem mass spectrometer at Man Kam To Food	4 500	_	_	4 500
			<u>Lucoratory</u>				
Total						_	
			Total	241,700		38,000	203,700