Controlling officer: the Director of Food and Environmental Hygiene will account for expenditure under this Head.

Estimate 2017–18	\$6,776.2m
Establishment ceiling 2017–18 (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 11 173 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2017 reducing by two posts to 11 171 posts as at 31 March 2018.	\$3,318.5m
In addition, there will be an estimated 16 directorate posts as at 31 March 2017 rising by two posts to 18 posts as at 31 March 2018.	
Commitment balance	\$52.1m

Controlling Officer's Report

Programmes

Programme (1) Food Safety and Public Health	This programme contributes to Policy Area 2: Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Safety (Secretary for Food and Health).
Programme (2) Environmental Hygiene and Related Services Programme (3) Market Management and Hawker Control	These programmes contribute to Policy Area 32: Environmental Hygiene (Secretary for Food and Health).
Programme (4) Public Education and Community Involvement	This programme contributes to Policy Area 2: Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Safety (Secretary for Food and Health) and Policy Area 32: Environmental Hygiene (Secretary for Food and Health).

Detail

Programme (1): Food Safety and Public Health

•	2015–16	2016–17	2016–17	2017–18
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	1,033.4	1,033.7	1,097.1 (+6.1%)	1,131.4 (+3.1%)

(or +9.5% on 2016–17 Original)

Aim

2 The aim is to ensure that food available for human consumption is wholesome, hygienic and safe; and to safeguard public health through testing and control of live food animals and effective pest control.

Brief Description

- 3 The work involves:
- conducting risk assessment on food and providing timely information to the public,
- investigating and managing food incidents,
- · exercising import control on high-risk food and issuing health certificates for food exports,
- exercising import control on live food animals,
- · conducting inspections and tests on live food animals at licensed slaughterhouses,
- providing meat inspection services at licensed slaughterhouses,
- conducting food surveillance at various points of the food chain and taking enforcement actions,
- promoting the Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) approach to the trade and the adoption of HACCP-based food safety plans,
- ensuring prepackaged food for sale is properly labelled,
- conducting risk assessment on pests affecting public health,

- · taking control measures to prevent vector-borne diseases, and
- investigating incidents of vector-borne diseases.
- 4 The key performance measures are:

Targets

1115015				
	Target	2015 (Actual)	2016 (Actual)	2017 (Plan)
initiating investigation of reports of food unfit for human consumption within				
24 hours (%)applications for import of game, meat and	100	100	100	100
poultry to be processed within five working days (%) applications for import of milk and milk	98	100	100	98
products to be processed within 12 working days (%)	98	100	100	98
applications for import of frozen confections to be processed within	98	100	100	98
12 working days (%) applications for export or re-export food health certificates to be processed	98	100	100	98
within 12 working days (%) issuing veterinary health certificates for	98	99	100	98
export food containing animal products within two working days (%) inspecting vehicles carrying poultry at	100	100	100	100
Man Kam To (% of vehicles)	100	100	100	100
testing pigs for beta-agonists (% of lots)	98	100	100	98
conducting inspections of farms exporting food animals to Hong Kong (no. of	98		100	20
farms) food surveillance through testing of food samples (no. of food samples tested per	35	51	53	50
1 000 population per year) initiating investigation of complaints	8	9	9	9
about food labelling within three working days (%) initiating pest control measures within	100	100	100	100
24 hours upon receiving report of vector-borne diseases (%)	100	100	100	100
dealing with complaints on wasps/ bees infestation within six working days (%)	100	100	100	100
5				
Indicators				
		2015	2016	2017
		(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
food complaints handlad		5 036	5 541	5 (00
food complaints handled				5 600
applications for import of game, meat and por	uury	2 969	2 978	3 000
applications for import of milk and milk prod	ucts	455	532	540
applications for import of frozen confections.		207	264	270
export or re-export food health certificates iss veterinary health certificates for export food c	containing	352	384	390
animal products issued.	т.	110 406	127 448	125 450
vehicles carrying poultry inspected at Man Ka samples taken from imported live poultry for	testing of		-	
avian influenza (including H5 and H7) vehicles carrying vegetables inspected at Mar	n Kam To Food	10 213	11 179	11 200
Control Office samples taken from food animals for testing c	of veterinary	33 898	33 643	34 000
drug residues		50 968	48 351	49 000
food samples taken for testing		64 432^	65 414^	65 000
labels checked		55 075	55 078	55 000
HACCP seminars/workshops		33	33	33
poison treatments of rodent infestation in buil		52 397	57 209	57 200
no. of trappings		54 533	53 477	53 500

	2015	2016	2017
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
mosquito breeding places eliminated	55 353	57 103	57 100
pest control surveys conducted	8 043	9 085	9 330

∧ This indicator excludes samples taken from imported Japanese food for examination of radiation level in connection with the Japan nuclear power plant incident in March 2011. The number of such samples was 72 549 in 2015 and 73 699 in 2016.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2017–18

- 5 During 2017–18, the Department will:
- study the latest international development on regulation of nutrition claims and health claims for formula products and prepackaged food for infants and young children under the age of 36 months, with a view to putting forth specific legislative proposals;
- put forth legislative proposals in respect of the regulation of the safety and quality standards of edible fats and oils, develop relevant guidelines on good practice on "cooking oils in use" for the trade as appropriate, and continue to implement measures to require recycling of waste cooking oils produced by local licensed food premises;
- initiate consultation on strengthening the regulation of the levels of metallic contamination in food;
- continue to study the regulation of cooked meat, including looking into international practices;
- consider ways to optimise the regulatory framework governing veterinary drug residues in food with reference to the implementation of the Pesticide Residues in Food Regulation (Cap. 132CM);
- follow up proposals to introduce a pre-market safety assessment scheme for genetically modified food;
- continue to review and update the existing standards on food safety having regard to international practices and local needs;
- continue to implement the Food and Drugs (Composition and Labelling) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulation 2014 which came into full implementation in June 2016;
- conduct a comprehensive review of the food safety-related penalties under the Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132) and its subsidiary legislation, as well as the Food Safety Ordinance (Cap. 612);
- supervise the conduct of the second Hong Kong Food Consumption Survey to obtain up-to-date food consumption information among individuals in Hong Kong;
- implement re-engineering of workflow and overhaul of information technology systems for more effective data management in the Centre for Food Safety;
- review the regulation of the levels of mycotoxins in food; and
- continue to take forward initiatives to enhance pest control services to prevent vector-borne diseases.

Programme (2): Environmental Hygiene and Related Services

	2015–16	2016–17	2016–17	2017–18
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	3,210.7	3,440.3	3,488.8 (+1.4%)	3,673.4 (+5.3%)

(or +6.8% on 2016–17 Original)

Aim

6 The aim is to provide quality environmental hygiene services and facilities, and to safeguard public health through licensing and regulation of licensed food premises.

Brief Description

- 7 The work involves:
- providing efficient and effective public cleansing services, including street cleansing and household waste collection, and management of public cleansing facilities such as public toilets and refuse collection points;
- licensing and inspecting food premises, and taking enforcement actions against unlicensed and unhygienic food premises;
- processing liquor licence applications and providing administrative support to the Liquor Licensing Board;

- licensing private swimming pools, commercial bathhouses, places of public entertainment, funeral parlours, karaoke establishments in restaurants and offensive trades, and taking enforcement actions in relation to these activities;
- abating environmental nuisances relating to dripping air-conditioners and water seepage and cleaning up environmental hygiene blackspots; and
- managing cremation and burial facilities, including public cemeteries, crematoria and columbaria.
- 8 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2015 (Actual)	2016 (Actual)	2017 (Plan)
Cleansing completion of first round street sweeping services on main roads before 9:00 a.m. to ensure removal of over-night street litter (%)	99	100	100	99
Licensing of food premises holding of Application Vetting Panel meeting for restaurant licences within 20 working days from				
passing of initial screening (%) issuing of food business licences	99	100	100	99
within seven working days from confirmation of compliance (%) issuing of provisional licences for restaurants and other food premises within one working day from receipt of acceptable Certificates of Compliance for submissions over the	99	100	100	99
counter (%) issuing of liquor licences and club liquor licences within five working days from approval	99	100	100	99
by Liquor Licensing Board (%)	99	100	100	99
Licensing of private swimming pools, commercial bathhouses, places of public entertainment, funeral parlours, offensive trades issuing of Letters of Requirements within seven working days from clearance with concerned				
departments (%) issuing of licences within seven working days from	99	100	100	99
confirmation of compliance (%)	99	100	100	99
Cemeteries and crematoria booking of cremation sessions within 15 days (%) allocation of burial spaces on the day	99	100	100	99
of application (%)	99	100	100	99
Indicators		2015	0016	2015
		2015 (Actual)	2016 (Actual)	2017 (Estimate)
refuse collected (tonnes) recurrent expenditure per tonne of refuse collecte sludge collected by gully emptiers (tonnes)	ed (\$)Δ	2 020 442 233 3 337	2 071 929 247 2 420	2 071 900 270 2 400
restaurant licences other food-related licences (e.g. liquor, food factory, bakery)		13 143 18 389	13 743 18 945	13 700 18 900

Head 49 — FOOD AND ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE DEPARTMENT

2015 2016 (Actual) (Actual)	2017 (Estimate)
restricted food permits (e.g. sushi and milk)	7 000
applications for food business licences	4 100
applications for restricted food permits	1 200
inspections to food premises 239 301 247 422	247 400
raids against illegal slaughtering	24 @
prosecutions against food premises	0
licensed	2 000
unlicensed	3 000
food business licences suspended/cancelled	120
courses/seminars for Hygiene Supervisors 113 113	113
applications for private swimming pools, places of public	
entertainment and other licences (excluding applications	
for temporary licences) 82 101	100
inspections conducted to private swimming pools, places of	
public entertainment, etc 12 129 13 015	13 000
no. of cremations provided	
body 42 737 43 556	43 600
skeletal	2 500
no. of burials conducted	
coffin 1 009 916	920
urn	810
exhumation permits issued	4 600

 Δ The figures represent unit expenditure for the respective financial years ending 31 March.

- # The increase in applications for restricted food permits is attributed to the increase in applications after the introduction of restricted food permits for online selling of restricted food since 22 February 2016.
- @ The decrease in the number of raids (i.e. surveillance checks) is due to a reduction in the number of suspected illegal slaughterhouses in 2015 and 2016 and an expected further reduction of suspected illegal slaughterhouses in 2017.
- β The decrease in prosecutions against food premises and in food business licences suspended/cancelled is attributable to the decrease in the number of cases of illegal extension of food business area by food premises in 2015 and 2016.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2017–18

- 9 During 2017–18, the Department will:
- continue to take stringent enforcement actions against unlicensed food premises and food premises which pose immediate health hazards or with illegal extension of food business area,
- follow up the implementation of measures to enhance the liquor licensing regime,
- continue to take forward plans and projects to provide more crematorium and columbarium facilities,
- continue to assist the Food and Health Bureau (FHB) in taking forward the Private Columbaria Bill and implement the licensing scheme for private columbaria upon commencement of the legislation,
- assist the Tourism Commission in the implementation of the food truck pilot scheme,
- assist the Environmental Protection Department in launching a pilot scheme to deliver food waste collected mainly from selected public markets and cooked food centres to the new Organic Waste Treatment Facility for treatment,
- · continue to step up the marine refuse removal services at coastal areas under the Department's purview, and
- continue to take forward initiatives to enhance environmental hygiene and strengthen the related enforcement and prosecution work.

Programme (3): Market Management and Hawker Control

	2015–16	2016–17	2016–17	2017–18
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	1,745.6	1,896.0	1,918.8 (+1.2%)	1,921.1 (+0.1%)

(or +1.3% on 2016–17 Original)

Aim

 $10\,$ The aim is to maintain a clean and hygienic environment in public markets and to control on-street hawking activities.

Brief Description

- 11 The work involves:
- managing and maintaining public markets;
- inspecting markets to ensure cleanliness and compliance with tenancy requirements and conditions;
- controlling and containing on-street hawking activities and obstruction;
- · managing licensed hawker pitches, hawker permitted places and hawker bazaars; and
- taking enforcement actions.
- 12 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2015 (Actual)	2016 (Actual)	2017 (Plan)
markets with common parts cleansed at least three times a day (%) stalls let (%)0 responding to complaints against illegal	100 85	100 91	100 91	100 87
hawking in built-up areas within 30 minutes (%)	98	98	99	98

 θ In calculating the letting percentage, the number of stalls set aside for designated purposes has been included in the total number of stalls for letting.

Indicators

	2015 (Actual)	2016 (Actual)	2017 (Estimate)
licensed hawkers			
fixed pitch hawkers	5 703	5 496	5 450
itinerant hawkers	430	415	410
estimated no. of unlicensed hawkers	1 481	1 453	1 500
raids by Hawker Control Teams	116 702	117 045	117 000
joint operations against illegal hawking with other			
departments	1 984	2 009	2 000
hawker blackspots	45	45	45

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2017–18

- 13 During 2017–18, the Department will:
- continue to enhance the viability of public markets by improving management, upgrading facilities, providing a more flexible mix of trade, and carrying out promotional activities;
- assist FHB in developing proposals for improving the operating environment of public markets, taking into account the recommendations of the consultancy study conducted in 2014;
- take action to close public markets which are under-utilised;
- continue to take forward the assistance scheme for hawker licensees to improve the fire safety and operating environment of fixed-pitch hawker areas; and
- continue to enforce against shop front extensions.

Programme (4): Public Education and Community Involvement

	2015–16	2016–17	2016–17	2017–18
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	46.4	31.9	48.6 (+52.4%)	50.3 (+3.5%)

⁽or +57.7% on 2016–17 Original)

Aim

14 The aim is to promote food safety and the maintenance of a hygienic environment through partnership with the community and a multi-media publicity campaign.

Brief Description

- **15** The work involves:
- enhancing public awareness of the importance of food safety and empowering consumers to make informed choices,
- educating the public on their responsibility in maintaining a clean and hygienic living environment, and
- organising targeted public education and publicity programmes to mobilise community involvement and support for activities in keeping the environment clean.

16 The Department disseminates food safety and keep clean messages through television and radio Announcements in the Public Interest (APIs), social media such as Facebook and YouTube, mobile applications, banners, posters, publicity stickers, pamphlets, leaflets and a publicity vehicle. In addition, talks and support are given to cleansing campaign and work carried out by District Councils, non-governmental organisations, community groups and schools.

17 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2015 (Actual)	2016 (Actual)	2017 (Plan)
primary and secondary schools approached for talks on food safety and environmental hygiene (%) responding to requests for information/ talks on food safety and environmental	100	100	100	100
hygiene within one week (%)	100	100	100	100
publicity campaigns	3	3	3	3
Indicators				
		2015	2016	2017
		(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
seminars and activities for general public		1 401	1 410	1 400
television APIs		3 5	6 6	2
radio APIsoutreaching programmes targeted at schools		20	20	20
school talks on food safety and environmental hy		1 205	1 204	1 200

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2017–18

- **18** During 2017–18, the Department will:
- devise and implement a strategic plan for encouraging reduced intake of salt and sugars in food to promote a healthy diet; and
- continue the efforts in promoting public health and environmental hygiene education and food safety to the public, with special emphasis on domestic hygiene, through seminars and activities.

Programme	2015–16 (Actual) (\$m)	2016–17 (Original) (\$m)	2016–17 (Revised) (\$m)	2017–18 (Estimate) (\$m)
 Food Safety and Public Health Environmental Hygiene and Related 	1,033.4	1,033.7	1,097.1	1,131.4
(3) Market Management and Hawker	3,210.7	3,440.3	3,488.8	3,673.4
(4) Public Education and Community	1,745.6	1,896.0	1,918.8	1,921.1
Involvement	46.4	31.9	48.6	50.3
	6,036.1	6,401.9	6,553.3 (+2.4%)	6,776.2 (+3.4%)

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

(or +5.8% on 2016–17 Original)

Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

Programme (1)

Provision for 2017–18 is \$34.3 million (3.1%) higher than the revised estimate for 2016–17. This is mainly due to creation of new posts and increased operating expenses for assuring food safety, replacing the existing arrangement in the Centre for Food Safety with an interfaced system of food safety management and enhancing pest control services. There will be a net increase of four posts.

Programme (2)

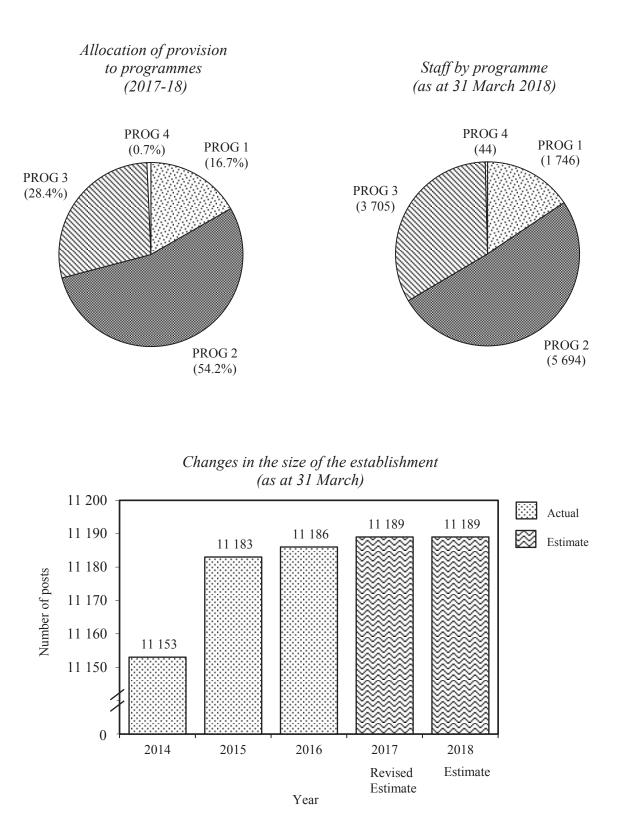
Provision for 2017–18 is \$184.6 million (5.3%) higher than the revised estimate for 2016–17. This is mainly due to increased operating expenses for crematoria and columbaria services, environmental hygiene and related services, procurement of services to collect food wastes at wet markets and clean up marine refuse washed ashore, as well as increased capital expenditure for the replacement of 49 refuse collection vehicles in 2017–18.

Programme (3)

Provision for 2017–18 is 2.3 million (0.1%) higher than the revised estimate for 2016–17. This is mainly due to increased operating expenses for market management, partly offset by the decreased expenditure under the Assistance Scheme for Hawkers in Fixed-pitch Hawker Areas. There will be a net decrease of four posts.

Programme (4)

Provision for 2017–18 is \$1.7 million (3.5%) higher than the revised estimate for 2016–17. This is mainly due to increased capital expenditure for the replacement of an exhibition vehicle for public education and community involvement activities.



Sub- head (Code)	,	Actual expenditure 2015–16	Approved estimate 2016–17	Revised estimate 2016–17	Estimate 2017–18
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000	Operational expenses	5,922,064	6,128,634	6,237,104	6,602,212
	Total, Recurrent	5,922,064	6,128,634	6,237,104	6,602,212
	Non-Recurrent				
700	General non-recurrent	52,224	70,020	75,992	52,078
	Total, Non-Recurrent	52,224	70,020	75,992	52,078
	Total, Operating Account	5,974,288	6,198,654	6,313,096	6,654,290
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
661	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote) Plant, vehicles and equipment	39,032 22,810	136,568 66,682	144,984 95,260	121,908
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	61,842	203,250	240,244	121,908
	Total, Capital Account	61,842	203,250	240,244	121,908
	Total Expenditure	6,036,130	6,401,904	6,553,340	6,776,198

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

The estimate of the amount required in 2017–18 for the salaries and expenses of the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department is \$6,776,198,000. This represents an increase of \$222,858,000 over the revised estimate for 2016–17 and \$740,068,000 over the actual expenditure in 2015–16.

Operating Account

Recurrent

2 Provision of \$6,602,212,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department.

3 The establishment as at 31 March 2017 will be 11 189 posts. No net change in establishment is expected in 2017–18. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2017–18, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$3,318,535,000.

4 An analysis of the financial provision under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is as follows:

	2015–16 (Actual) (\$'000)	2016–17 (Original) (\$'000)	2016–17 (Revised) (\$'000)	2017–18 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries - Allowances - Job-related allowances Personnel Related Expenses	2,970,250 35,214 65,156	3,060,515 34,290 63,712	3,137,220 35,877 66,662	3,176,141 35,877 66,662
 Mandatory Provident Fund contribution Civil Service Provident Fund 	25,030	25,051	29,436	25,962
contribution Departmental Expenses	105,945	141,326	141,023	181,323
- General departmental expenses Other Charges	2,720,162	2,803,440	2,826,568	3,115,921
- Commonwealth War Graves Commission	307	300	318	326
	5,922,064	6,128,634	6,237,104	6,602,212

Capital Account

Plant, Equipment and Works

5 Provision of \$121,908,000 under *Subhead 661 Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)* represents a decrease of \$23,076,000 (15.9%) against the revised estimate for 2016–17. This is mainly due to decreased funding requirement for replacement of minor plant and equipment.

Commitments

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment \$'000	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2016 \$'000	Revised estimated expenditure for 2016–17 \$'000	Balance \$'000
Opera	ting Acc	count				
700		General non-recurrent				
	818	Assistance Scheme for Hawkers in Fixed-pitch Hawker Areas	230,000	107,902	70,020	52,078
		Total	230,000	107,902	70,020	52,078