

APPENDIX C

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

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Note: Terms shown in *bold italic* are defined elsewhere in the glossary.

Capital expenditure. This comprises all expenditure charged to the Capital Account of the General Revenue Account, the Capital Works Reserve Fund (including interest on government bonds and notes but excluding repayment of the bonds and notes), Disaster Relief Fund, Innovation and Technology Fund, Loan Fund and Lotteries Fund. Unlike *capital spending*, it excludes advances and equity investments made from the Capital Investment Fund and repayment of government bonds and notes charged to the Capital Works Reserve Fund. Major items are highlighted below –

General Revenue Account

equipment, works and capital subventions of a minor nature

Capital Works Reserve Fund

acquisition of land
 capital subventions
 computerisation
 interest and other expenses on government bonds and notes
 major systems and equipment
 Public Works Programme expenditure

Disaster Relief Fund

relief to disasters that occur outside Hong Kong

Innovation and Technology Fund

projects promoting innovation and technology upgrading in manufacturing and service industries

Loan Fund

loans made under various development schemes supported by the Government
 loans to schools, teachers, students, and housing loans to civil servants, etc.

Lotteries Fund

grants, loans and advances for social welfare services

Capital financing surplus. The difference between *capital revenue* and *capital spending*.

Capital revenue. This comprises certain revenue items in the General Revenue Account and all receipts credited to the Funds (except Land Fund), as highlighted below –

General Revenue Account

disposal proceeds of government quarters and other assets
 estate duty
 loan repayments received
 recovery from Housing Authority
 taxi concessions

Capital Investment Fund

dividends from investments
 interest on loans
 investment income
 loan repayments received
 proceeds from sale of investments

Capital Works Reserve Fund

investment income
land premia
recovery from MTR Corporation Limited

Civil Service Pension Reserve Fund

investment income

Disaster Relief Fund

investment income

Innovation and Technology Fund

investment income
loan repayments received
proceeds from sale of investments

Loan Fund

interest on loans
investment income
loan repayments received
proceeds from sale of loans

Lotteries Fund

auctions of vehicle registration numbers
investment income
loan repayments received
share of proceeds from the Mark Six Lottery

Capital spending. The aggregate of *capital expenditure*, advances and equity investments from the Capital Investment Fund, and repayment of government bonds and notes charged to the Capital Works Reserve Fund.

Consolidated surplus. The difference between *government revenue* and *government spending*.

Fiscal reserves. The accumulated balances of the General Revenue Account and the Funds, including the net proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes and after deducting their repayments charged to Government's accounts.

Government expenditure. The aggregate of *operating expenditure* and *capital expenditure*. Unlike *government spending*, it excludes advances and equity investments from the Capital Investment Fund, and repayment of government bonds and notes charged to Government's accounts. Also, unlike *public expenditure*, it excludes expenditure by the Trading Funds and the Housing Authority.

Government revenue. The aggregate of *operating revenue* and *capital revenue*.

Government spending. The aggregate of *government expenditure*, advances and equity investments from the Capital Investment Fund, and repayment of government bonds and notes charged to the Capital Works Reserve Fund.

Operating expenditure. All expenditure charged to the Operating Account of the General Revenue Account.

Operating revenue. This comprises all revenue credited to the General Revenue Account (except those items which are treated as *capital revenue*) and the Land Fund, as highlighted below —

General Revenue Account

- duties
- finances, forfeitures and penalties
- investment income
- rents and rates
- royalties and concessions
- taxes
- utilities, fees and charges

Land Fund

- investment income

Operating surplus. The difference between *operating revenue* and *operating expenditure*.

Public expenditure. *Government expenditure* plus expenditure (operating and capital) by the Trading Funds and the Housing Authority.

Transfer to Funds. It is not counted as expenditure or spending under the General Revenue Account. In fact, all transfers between the General Revenue Account and the Funds are merely internal transfers within Government's accounts and do not form part of the revenue, expenditure or spending.