Controlling officer: the Government Chemist will account for expenditure under this Head.	
Estimate 2007–08	\$286.3m
<b>Establishment ceiling 2007–08</b> (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 348 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2007 rising by 56 posts to 404 posts as at 31 March 2008	\$156.8m
In addition, there will be an estimated six directorate posts as at 31 March 2007 and as at 31 March 2008.	
Commitment balance	\$21.2m

### **Controlling Officer's Report**

# **Programmes**

Programme (1) Statutory Testing

This programme contributes to Policy Area 2: Agriculture,

Fisheries and Food Sofety (Secretory for Health, Welfers and

Fisheries and Food Safety (Secretary for Health, Welfare and Food) and Policy Area 15: Health (Secretary for Health,

Welfare and Food).

Programme (2) Advisory and Investigative

Services

This programme contributes to Policy Area 2: Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Safety (Secretary for Health, Welfare and Food), Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security), Policy Area 23: Environmental Protection and Conservation (Secretary for the Environment, Transport and Works) and Policy Area 32: Environmental Hygiene (Secretary for Health, Welfare and Food).

**Programme (3) Forensic Science Service** 

This programme contributes to Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security).

#### Detail

#### **Programme (1): Statutory Testing**

	2005–06	2006–07	2006–07	2007–08
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	66.8	81.4	75.4 (-7.4%)	119.4 (+58.4%)

(or +46.7% on 2006–07 Original)

### Aim

2 The aim is to carry out statutory functions as referee analyst under a number of ordinances and regulations.

### **Brief Description**

- 3 The Government Chemist discharges statutory functions as referee analyst under various ordinances and regulations. The work involves the analysis of food products for regulatory compliance, the examination of western and Chinese medicines for registration and quality control, the classification of dangerous goods for compliance with the Dangerous Goods Ordinance, the testing of dutiable commodities for tariff classification, the assessment of toys, children's products and consumer articles for health and safety hazards, the determination of tar and nicotine yields in cigarettes, the assay of gold and platinum articles for fineness and the verification of products and equipment for compliance with the Weights and Measures Ordinance. The Government Laboratory provides 24-hour on-call service to assist the Fire Services Department and the Labour Department at scenes of accidents involving hazardous chemicals.
- 4 In 2006, due to the increasing workload on food complaint cases that are of a high level of complexity, only 75% of the food complaint samples were reported on target instead of the pledged target of 80%. The situation should improve next year with the additional resources approved for 2007–08 onwards. To address the widespread concerns on food safety, the Laboratory provided continuous support in testing additional samples submitted under the stepped-up food surveillance programme of the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department, which would become a regular programme for the coming years. In another area of health concern, the Laboratory continued to provide full support for the investigation into the cases of adverse reaction arising from taking slimming products or proprietary Chinese medicines found containing western drug ingredients, and intoxication incidents related to substitution or contamination of herbs in Chinese herbal medicines.

5 The key performance measures in respect of statutory testing are:

#### **Targets**

	Target	2005 (Actual)	2006 (Actual)	2007 (Plan)
Testing of:				
samples relating to food poisoning within one working day (%)#food samples for regulatory compliance	100	100	100	100
purposes within target reporting time averaging 19 working days (%)#food complaint samples within target	95	95	98	95
reporting time averaging 25 working days (%)#@	80	_	75	80
pharmaceuticals (quality control) within target reporting time averaging 14 working days (%)#	95Ω	99	99	95
pharmaceuticals (registration) within target reporting time averaging 30 working days (%)#	90	92	93	90
Chinese medicines within target reporting time averaging 30 working days (%)# dangerous goods within target reporting	95	98	96	95
time averaging 14 working days (%)# dutiable and other commodities within	95	98	97	95
target reporting time averaging ten working days (%)# toys and children's products within target	95ф	97	99	95
reporting time averaging 15 working days (%)#	95	95	96	95
consumer goods within target reporting time averaging 35 working days (%)#	95	95	97	95

<sup>#</sup> Different samples require different analytical procedures, thus different target reporting time applies. The quoted number of working days required represents an average of target reporting time for the different samples within the category.

### **Indicators**

The key indicators for statutory testing are the numbers of tests performed on the various samples submitted.

	2005	2006	2007
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
Tests performed			
food samples for regulatory compliance purposes	136 053	112 421	130 000
food complaint samples§	_	14 604	12 000
pharmaceuticals (quality control)	24 322	21 878	23 000
pharmaceuticals (registration)	19 853	19 748	19 000
Chinese medicines	53 022	56 076	51 000
dangerous goods	5 512	6 064	6 000
dutiable and other commodities	24 936	23 325	26 000
cigarette samples	13 380	14 064	12 000
toys and children's products	11 268	9 687	8 500
consumer goods	13 393	14 530	16 000

New indicator as from 2006. This new category of food complaint samples was grouped under the category of food samples for regulatory compliance purposes in previous years.

<sup>@</sup> New target as from 2006. This new category of food complaint samples was grouped under the category of food samples for regulatory compliance purposes in previous years. The target has been revised from 92% to 95% with effect from 2007.

The target has been revised from 90% to 95% with effect from 2007.

#### Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2007–08

- **6** During 2007–08, the Laboratory will continue to:
- provide analytical support to other government departments for further enhancement of food safety efforts in Hong Kong. The Laboratory is planning to establish a Food Safety Testing Laboratory to cope with the increasing demand for analytical services from the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department;
- participate in the development of the Hong Kong Chinese Materia Medica Standards;
- provide professional advice in the updating of the Toys and Children's Products Safety Ordinance (Cap.424) and make preparation for service provision to support the enforcement of the updated Ordinance; and
- develop testing methods to cater for the implementation of the Dangerous Goods (Amendment) Ordinance 2002.

#### **Programme (2): Advisory and Investigative Services**

	2005–06	2006–07	2006–07	2007–08
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	56.1	59.0	53.9 (-8.6%)	<b>59.7</b> (+10.8%)

(or +1.2% on 2006–07 Original)

#### Aim

7 The aim is to provide a wide range of primarily chemical testing and advisory services to other government departments and public institutions.

### **Brief Description**

- 8 The Laboratory provides comprehensive analytical and advisory services to the Government in the management and monitoring of the environment and in the enforcement of various pollution control measures. Chemical testing of air, water and waste samples for a variety of pollution indicators constitutes the main activity under this programme. Specific incidents of emission or leakage of gaseous substances into the environment involve the Laboratory in on-site investigations. Analytical support is provided to the Hong Kong Observatory's Environmental Radiation Monitoring Programme as well as the Daya Bay Contingency Plan. Other activities include the examination of seepage and swimming pool water samples for the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department, evaluation of workplace exposure of occupational hazards for the Labour Department, testing of government supplies for conformity to tender specifications and identifying products made from endangered species.
- **9** In 2006, the Laboratory continued to render analytical support and professional advice to the Government in improving the quality of the environment of Hong Kong and engage in scientific research to further extend its analytical capabilities in environmental analysis. In addition to its routine commitments, the Laboratory was actively involved in various environmental impact studies and ad-hoc projects including the analysis of environmental samples for organic pollutants under the Toxic Substances Monitoring Programme.
  - 10 The key performance measures in respect of advisory and investigative services are:

### **Targets**

	Target	2005 (Actual)	2006 (Actual)	2007 (Plan)
Testing of:				
air monitoring samples within target				
reporting time averaging 20 working days (%)β	95	99	99	95
other field investigation samples within	)3	,,,	,,	75
target reporting time averaging	0.51			
12 working days (%)β	96∆	99	100	96
air samples for litigation purposes within target reporting time averaging				
18 working days (%)β	97	100	100	97
water monitoring samples within target				
reporting time averaging 20 working days (%)β	96¶	99	100	96
waste monitoring samples within target	90 <sub>11</sub>	99	100	70
reporting time averaging 27 working				
days $(\%)\beta$	95	99	97	95

	Target	2005 (Actual)	2006 (Actual)	2007 (Plan)
waste samples for litigation purposes within target reporting time averaging 12 working days (%)βradioactivity monitoring samples within	97α	100	100	97
target reporting time averaging 12 working days (%)β pesticides formulation samples within	95	100	97	95
target reporting time averaging 38 working days (%)βseepage and swimming pool water	90	100	95	90
samples within target reporting time averaging ten working days (%)β other samples within target reporting time	95	97	99	95
averaging 25 working days $(\%)\beta$	90	97	98	90

β Different samples require different analytical procedures, thus different target reporting time applies. The quoted number of working days required represents an average of target reporting time for the different samples within the category.

- $\Delta$  The target has been revised from 95% to 96% with effect from 2007.
- ¶ The target has been revised from 95% to 96% with effect from 2006.
- $\alpha$  The target has been revised from 95% to 97% with effect from 2007.

#### **Indicators**

The key indicators for advisory and investigative services are the numbers of tests performed on the various samples submitted.

	2005 (Actual)	2006 (Actual)	2007 (Estimate)
Tasta narformed	(1101001)	(1100001)	(230222000)
Tests performed		<b>50.005</b>	<b>60</b> 000
air monitoring samples	76 767	78 237	62 000
air samples for litigation purposes	756	1 849	2 900
field investigation samples	1 137	434	450
water samples	128 117	128 126	125 000
waste monitoring samples	20 415	17 622	17 000
waste samples for litigation purposes	540	242	200
pesticides formulation samples	218	299	500
seepage and swimming pool water samples miscellaneous	46 657	33 096	35 000
radioactivity monitoring samples	4 312	4 366	4 700
other samples	17 167	14 683	10 000

# Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2007-08

- 11 During 2007–08, the Laboratory will:
- provide analytical services in the determination of volatile organic compound contents in specified products;
- provide support to government departments in pursuing action items proposed under the Hong Kong Implementation Plan for the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants;
- continue to provide analytical services according to international protocols in support of the fuel specifications stipulated in Air Pollution Control (Motor Vehicle Fuel) Regulations;
- continue to develop sensitive and advanced analytical techniques to cater for the measurement of ultra-trace levels of environmental pollutants; and
- continue to provide analytical and advisory services to government departments in support of the implementation of the Chemical Weapons (Convention) Ordinance.

#### **Programme (3): Forensic Science Service**

	2005–06 (Actual)	2006–07 (Original)	2006–07 (Revised)	2007–08 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	105.3	104.8	104.1 (-0.7%)	<b>107.2</b> (+3.0%)
				(or ±2 3% on

(or +2.3% on 2006–07 Original)

#### Aim

12 The aim is to provide a comprehensive and unbiased forensic science service to the criminal justice system.

### **Brief Description**

- 13 The Laboratory provides comprehensive forensic science services to law enforcement departments, which include mainly the Hong Kong Police Force, the Customs and Excise Department, the Immigration Department and the Independent Commission Against Corruption. Additionally, urinallysis monitoring is conducted for the Department of Health (Methadone Maintenance Scheme), the Social Welfare Department, the Correctional Services Department and other organisations requiring this service.
- 14 The services are grouped into two main work areas: criminalistics and quality management; and drugs, toxicology and documents. A 24-hour service is also provided for the scientific examination of crime scenes. It covers general crime scenes and scenes requiring specialist knowledge, such as fire investigation, traffic accident reconstruction, blood pattern analysis and illicit drug manufacturing.
- 15 The performance in biochemical grouping had previously been affected due to increased application of DNA analytical techniques for criminal investigation. The situation has been addressed by improving techniques and increasing use of resources on DNA profiling. In 2006, with the clearing of the long-standing backlog of cases, the pledged targets for all DNA profiling cases have been met. On areas where targets were not met owing to sustained demands, the Laboratory is striving to enhance efficiency to improve the situation.
  - **16** The key performance measures in respect of the forensic science services are:

#### **Targets**

Targets are defined as the number of working days required to complete 80% of cases in each category to accommodate the wide variations experienced in forensic casework.

	Target Working Days Per Case	2005 (Actual)	2006 (Actual)	2007 (Plan)
biochemical grouping (DNA profiling) -				
routine cases	88	129	68	75
complicated cases	154	188	140	150
DNA database (DNA profiling)	22	22	21	22
parentage testing (DNA profiling)∇	22	23	23	22
trace evidence	66	66	71	66
accident reconstruction	66	68	71	66
routine illicit drug seizures	11	10	11	11
major drug seizures and manufacturing	44	46	59	44
analytical toxicology	33	36	42	33
drug urinalysis -				
methadone clinics	11	8	6	8
judicial-screening^	11	13	_	_
judicial-confirmation	22	25	21	22
drink-driving	11	11	11	11
handwriting examination	66	78	84	66
counterfeiting/forgery	33	33	31	32
express counterfeiting/forgery service	1	1	1	1

<sup>∇</sup> The figures represent the number of working days lapsed between the reception by the Laboratory of samples for genetic testing and the issuing of genetic data after completion of DNA analysis of these samples within the Laboratory.

<sup>^</sup> With the application of new methodology, the presence of abused drugs in the urine samples can be confirmed directly instead of using the original screening method. With effect from 2006, all drug urinalysis findings will be confirmed results and the target on drug urinalysis (judicial screening) is to be discontinued.

### **Indicators**

Key indicators for the forensic science services are the number of cases investigated, urinalysis samples tested, statutory certificates or technical reports/witness statements issued and crime scenes attended.

	2005 (Actual)	2006 (Actual)	2007 (Estimate)
Criminalistics and Quality Management Group			
samples tested			
DNA database	5 036	4 298	5 000
cases investigated			
biochemical sciences -			
routine	5 131	3 206	3 500
complicated	804	691	800
parentage testing	2 726	2 672	2 700
chemical sciences	803	820	830
physical sciences	831	858	830
Total	10 295	8 247	8 660
Drugs, Toxicology and Documents Group cases investigated controlled drugs	5 754	6 450	6 400
analytical toxicology	2 379	2 400	2 600
drink-driving	141	118	140
questioned documents	2 284	2 154	2 400
Total	10 558	11 122	11 540
tests conducted			
drug urinalysis - methadone clinics	18 716	14 279	17 000
	7 900	N.A.	N.A.
judicial-screeningΨjudicial-confirmation	63 994	64 266	65 000
Total	90 610	78 545	82 000
10ta1	90 010	70 343	02 000
Forensic Science Division			
statutory certificates issued	5 932	6 698	6 690
technical reports/statements	17 262	14 787	16 000
crime scenes attended	437	451	450

 $<sup>\</sup>Psi$  With the application of new methodology since 2006, the presence of abused drugs in the urine samples can be confirmed directly instead of using the original screening method.

# Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2007-08

- 17 During 2007–08, the Laboratory will:
- maintain the efficiency in DNA profiling services in the detection and investigation of crime, management of the DNA database and genetic parentage testing; and
- endeavour to enhance the efficiency in other service areas where targets were not met, by refining methodology and administration.

#### ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

Programme	2005–06 (Actual) (\$m)	2006–07 (Original) (\$m)	2006–07 (Revised) (\$m)	2007–08 (Estimate) (\$m)
<ul><li>(1) Statutory Testing</li><li>(2) Advisory and Investigative</li></ul>	66.8	81.4	75.4	119.4
Services	56.1	59.0	53.9	59.7
(3) Forensic Science Service	105.3	104.8	104.1	107.2
	228.2	245.2	233.4 (-4.8%)	286.3 (+22.7%)

(or +16.8% on 2006–07 Original)

## **Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision**

### Programme (1)

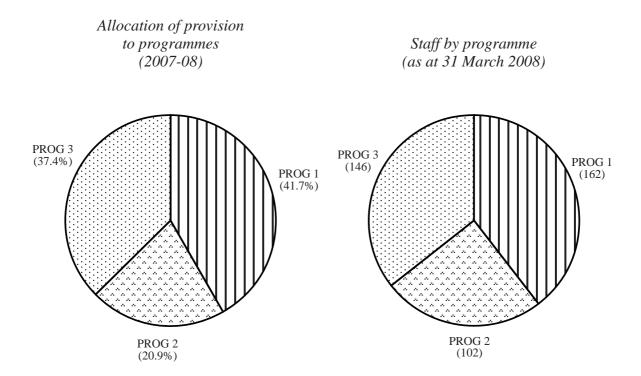
Provision for 2007–08 is \$44.0 million (58.4%) higher than the revised estimate for 2006–07. This is mainly due to additional provision for creating 48 posts for enhancement of food safety and meeting other operational needs, salary increments for staff and increased requirement for procurement of capital equipment and specialist stores for setting up a Food Safety Testing Laboratory and supporting the enforcement of the updated Toys and Children's Products Safety Ordinance.

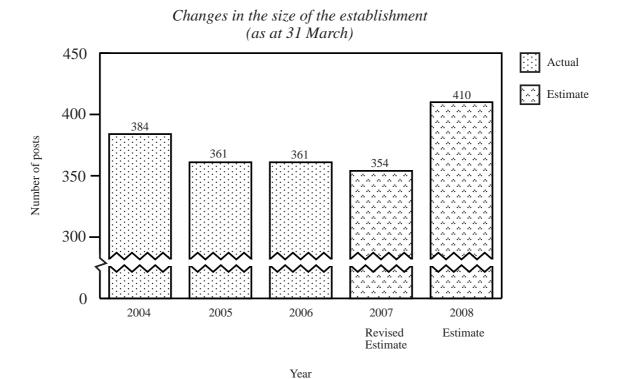
### Programme (2)

Provision for 2007–08 is \$5.8 million (10.8%) higher than the revised estimate for 2006–07. This is mainly due to increased requirement for procurement of capital equipment and salary increments for staff, partly offset by reduced requirement for specialist stores.

### Programme (3)

Provision for 2007–08 is \$3.1 million (3.0%) higher than the revised estimate for 2006–07. This is mainly due to additional provision for creating eight posts in 2007–08 to meet operational needs, salary increments for staff and increased requirement for procurement of capital equipment and specialist stores.





Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2005–06	Approved estimate 2006–07	Revised estimate 2006–07	Estimate 2007–08
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000	Operational expenses	217,814	218,825	217,425	243,434
	Total, Recurrent	217,814	218,825	217,425	243,434
	Total, Operating Account	217,814	218,825	217,425	243,434
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
603 661	Plant, vehicles and equipment	768	16,150	5,770	21,155
001	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	9,638	10,182	10,182	21,693
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	10,406	26,332	15,952	42,848
	Total, Capital Account	10,406	26,332	15,952	42,848
	Total Expenditure	228,220	245,157	233,377	286,282

#### **Details of Expenditure by Subhead**

The estimate of the amount required in 2007–08 for the salaries and expenses of the Government Laboratory is \$286,282,000. This represents an increase of \$52,905,000 over the revised estimate for 2006–07 and of \$58,062,000 over actual expenditure in 2005–06.

#### Operating Account

#### Recurrent

- **2** Provision of \$243,434,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Government Laboratory. The increase of \$26,009,000 (12.0%) over the revised estimate for 2006–07 is mainly due to additional provision for setting up a Food Safety Testing Laboratory and for making preparation for service provision to support the enforcement of the updated Toys and Children's Products Safety Ordinance in 2007–08.
- **3** The establishment as at 31 March 2007 will be 354 permanent posts. It is expected that 56 permanent posts will be created in 2007–08. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2007–08, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$156,824,000.
  - 4 An analysis of the financial provision under Subhead 000 Operational expenses is as follows:

	2005–06 (Actual) (\$'000)	2006–07 (Original) (\$'000)	2006–07 (Revised) (\$'000)	2007–08 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments - Salaries - Allowances	158,551 698	161,909 953	158,909 953	168,824 1,024
Personnel Related Expenses - Mandatory Provident Fund contribution Civil Service Provident Fund	480	434	434	625
contribution  Departmental Expenses	_	418	418	1,106
- General departmental expenses	58,085	55,111	56,711	71,855
	217,814	218,825	217,425	243,434

## Capital Account

### Plant, Equipment and Works

**5** Provision of \$21,693,000 under *Subhead 661 Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)* represents an increase of \$11,511,000 (113.1%) over the revised estimate for 2006–07. This is mainly due to more replacement and new items required in 2007–08.

### Commitments

	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2006	Revised estimated expenditure for 2006–07	Balance	
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Capital Account							
603		Plant, vehicles and equipment					
	448	Acquisition of a liquid chromatograph - mass spectrometer	4,000	_	_	4,000	
	804	Acquisition of a matrix-assisted laser desorption ionisation time-of-flight mass spectrometer	3,200	_	_	3,200	
	805	Acquisition of a scanning electron microscope	3,500	_	_	3,500	
	806	Acquisition of a high resolution gas chromatograph - high resolution mass spectrometer	4,680	_	_	4,680	
	838	Acquisition of a high resolution inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometer	5,775	_	_	5,775	
		Total	21,155		_	21,155	