Controlling officer: the Controller, Government Flying Service will account for expenditure under this Head.				
Estimate 2014–15	\$367.3m			
<b>Establishment ceiling 2014–15</b> (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 226 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2014 reducing by one post to 225 posts as at 31 March 2015	\$124.8m			
In addition, there will be an estimated four directorate posts as at 31 March 2014 and as at 31 March 2015.				
Commitment balance	\$2,398.5m			

## **Controlling Officer's Report**

### **Programme**

**Government Flying Service** 

This programme contributes to Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security).

#### **Detail**

	2012–13	2013–14	2013–14	2014–15
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	641.9	515.8	297.6 (–42.3%)	<b>367.3</b> (+23.4%)

(or -28.8% on 2013–14 Original)

### Aim

**2** The aim is to provide a safe, efficient and cost-effective flying service to support the work of various departments and agencies of the Government, and to provide a 24-hour coverage of search and rescue (SAR) as well as air ambulance services.

### **Brief Description**

- 3 The Government Flying Service (GFS) operates four fixed-wing aircraft and seven helicopters providing a wide range of flying services. The GFS's major tasks are to:
  - carry out SAR both over land and at sea,
  - provide emergency air medical service,
  - support the Hong Kong Police Force and other disciplined services in carrying out their law enforcement duties and training for such duties,
  - assist in fighting fires and in responding to any other emergencies which threaten life or property,
  - carry out photography for aerial surveys, and
  - carry such persons as the Secretary for Security may authorise as passengers.
  - 4 The key performance measures are:

#### **Targets**

	Target	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Actual)	2014 (Plan)
Air ambulance service# on-scene time for call-outs for Type A+ and Type A casualty evacuation (Casevac) situations within Island Zone∧ within				
20 minutes (%)¶outside Island Zone∧ within	90	86	87	90
30 minutes (%)¶	90	N.A.	N.A.	90

	Target	2012 (Actual)	2013 (Actual)	2014 (Plan)
on-scene time for call-outs for				
Type B Casevac within	100	00	100	100
120 minutes (%)	100	99	100	100
SAR				
helicopter				
on-scene time for inshore SAR call-outs				
between 0700 and 2159 hours				
within 40 minutes (%)	90	95	96	90
between 2200 and 0659 hours				
within 40 minutes where				
additional crew or specialised equipment				
not required (%)	90	79	78	90
within 100 minutes where				
additional crew or				
specialised equipment	90	100	100	90
required (%)	90	100	100	90
on-scene time for offshore SAR				
call-outs				
between 0700 and 2159 hours				
less than 50 nm (92.5 km) from GFS				
Headquarters (HQ)				
within 60 minutes (%)	90	100	N.A.	90
50 nm (92.5 km) -				
200 nm (370 km)				
from GFS HQ within 60 minutes plus an				
extra 30 minutes per				
50 nm (%)	90	N.A.	100	90
between 2200 and 0659 hours				
less than 50 nm (92.5 km) from GFS HQ within				
120 minutes (%)	90	N.A.	100	90
50 nm (92.5 km) -				
200 nm (370 km)				
from GFS HQ within				
120 minutes plus an extra 30 minutes per				
50 nm (%)	90	N.A.	N.A.	90
fixed-wing aircraft on-scene time for SAR call-outs				
between 0700 and 2159 hours				
less than 50 nm				
(92.5 km) from				
GFS HQ within	90	100	100	90
50 minutes (%) 50 nm (92.5 km) -	90	100	100	90
100 nm (185 km)				
from GFS HQ within				
65 minutes (%)	90	100	100	90
beyond 100 nm (185 km) from GFS HQ within				
65 minutes plus an				
extra 15 minutes per				
50 nm (%)	90	86	80	90

between 2200 and 0659 hours				
less than 50 nm (92.5 km) from GFS HQ within	00	100	100	00
110 minutes (%) 50 nm (92.5 km) -	90	100	100	90
100 nm (185 km) from GFS HQ within				
125 minutes (%) beyond 100 nm (185 km)	90	100	100	90
from GFS HQ within				
125 minutes plus an extra 15 minutes per				
50 nm (%)	90	100	100	90
Law enforcement				
on-scene time for call-outs within Island Zone∧				
within 20 minutes where				
additional crew or				
specialised equipment not				
required (%)¶	90	100	99	90
within 80 minutes where additional crew or				
specialised equipment				
required (%)	90	N.A.	N.A.	90
on-scene time for call-outs outside				
Island Zone∧ within 30 minutes where				
additional crew or				
specialised equipment not				
required (%)¶	90	83	76	90
within 90 minutes where				
additional crew or				
specialised equipment required (%)	90	N.A.	N.A.	90
required (/0)	90	IV.A.	IV.A.	70
Fire fighting				
on-scene time for call-outs for water				
bombing	0.5	= .	c = 1	0.
within 40 minutes (%) on-scene time for call-outs for	85	76	65‡	85
trooping				
within 40 minutes where				
additional crew or				
specialised equipment not	0.5			
required (%) within 100 minutes where	85	N.A.	50γ	85
additional crew or				
specialised equipment				
required (%)	85	N.A.	N.A.	85
Flying services for government				
departments				
meet reasonable requests where other priorities permit (%)	100	100	100	100
priorities permit (70)	100	100	100	100

<sup>#</sup> The different types of casualty evacuation are denoted as follows: Type A+ Casevac - casualty evacuation involving life-threatening cases; Type A Casevac - casualty evacuation involving emergency medical conditions which are not life-threatening; and Type B Casevac - casualty evacuation involving lesser emergency.

¶ Or a later time specified by the tasking agent.

<sup>^</sup> Island Zone includes Hong Kong Island, Cheung Chau, Hei Ling Chau, Lamma Island, Lantau Island, Peng Chau and Soko Islands.

Delay was recorded in 15 out of 43 cases due to engagement of crew in an earlier operation, lead time required for refuelling, awaiting take-off clearance from Air Traffic Control, aircraft unserviceability, etc.

γ Delay was recorded in one out of two cases due to the additional time required for clarifying the call-out information.

Indicators			
	2012	2013	2014
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
total flying hours			
fixed-wing	1 093	1 385	1 529
helicopter	4 928	4 887	5 065
casualty evacuation	4 720	7 007	3 003
flying hours	1 236	1 317	1 350
casualties evacuated	1 871	2 040	— <sub>В</sub>
call-outs responded to (%)	100	100	100 <sup>P</sup>
search (fixed-wing)	100	100	100
flying hours	90	90	100
nying noursded to (0/)	100	100	100
call-outs responded to (%)	100	100	100
rescue (helicopter)	500	477	700
flying hours	502	477	500
persons rescued	421	398	_β
call-outs responded to (%)	100	100	100
law enforcement			
flying hours	185	210	200
call-outs responded to (%)	100	100	100
fire fighting			
flying hours	94	130	100
call-outs responded to (%)	100	100	100
other tasks for government departments			
flying hours	1 344	1 388	1 350
call-outs responded to (%)	100	100	100
passengers	9 909	9 172	9 000
training			
fixed-wing flying hours	597	846	1 000
helicopter flying hours	1 780	1 622	1 800
miscellaneous	1,00	1 022	1000
fixed-wing flying hours	23	23	24
helicopter flying hours	170	169	170
direct operating cost/hour flown	170	10)	170
fixed-wing			
Jetstream (\$)	12,670	12,500	12,500
ZLIN 242L (\$)	6,010	4,900	4,900
DA 12NG (\$)	0,010 N.A.α	3,510	4,900 3,510
DA42NG (\$)	IN.A.U	3,310	3,310
helicopter	21 200	25.050	25.050
ÂS-332 L2 Super Puma (\$)	31,200	35,950	35,950 23,860
EC 155B1 (\$)	19,740	23,860	23,860

# Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2014–15

5 During 2014–15, the GFS will continue to strengthen its capabilities to better serve the community and support other disciplined services in carrying out their law enforcement duties and training.

Not possible to estimate. This aircraft came into operation in January 2013.  $\alpha$ 

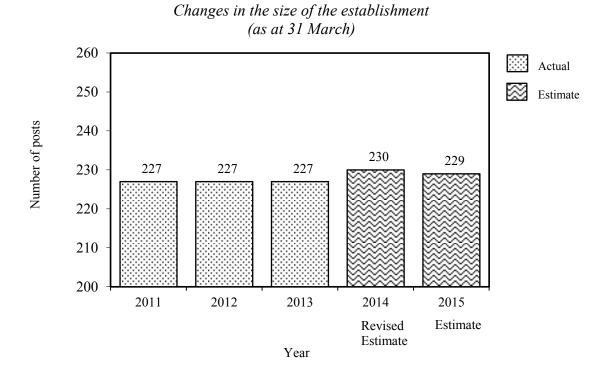
## ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

Programme	2012–13	2013–14	2013–14	2014–15
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)
Government Flying Service	641.9	515.8	297.6 (–42.3%)	367.3 (+23.4%)

(or -28.8% on 2013-14 Original)

# **Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision**

Provision for 2014–15 is \$69.7 million (23.4%) higher than the revised estimate for 2013–14. This is mainly due to the increased cash flow requirement for the replacement of fixed-wing aircraft and the increased aircraft maintenance cost.



Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2012–13	Approved estimate 2013–14	Revised estimate 2013–14  \$'000	Estimate 2014–15 \$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000 200	Operational expenses	200,482 695	232,987 700	215,696 700	227,890 700
	Total, Recurrent	201,177	233,687	216,396	228,590
	Total, Operating Account	201,177	233,687	216,396	228,590
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
603	Plant, vehicles and equipment	307,398	204,024	3,120	7,500
631	Aircraft components, component overhaul and safety equipment (block vote)	132,880	78,124	78,124	131,190
	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	485			
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	440,763	282,148	81,244	138,690
	Total, Capital Account	440,763	282,148	81,244	138,690
	Total Expenditure	641,940	515,835	297,640	367,280

#### **Details of Expenditure by Subhead**

The estimate of the amount required in 2014–15 for the salaries and expenses of the Government Flying Service (GFS) is \$367,280,000. This represents an increase of \$69,640,000 over the revised estimate for 2013–14 and a decrease of \$274,660,000 against the actual expenditure in 2012–13.

#### Operating Account

#### Recurrent

- **2** Provision of \$227,890,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the GFS. The increase of \$12,194,000 (5.7%) over the revised estimate for 2013–14 is mainly due to the full-year effect of vacancies filled in 2013–14, filling of vacancies in 2014–15 and increased requirement for operating expenses.
- 3 The establishment as at 31 March 2014 will be 230 posts. It is expected that there will be a net decrease of one post in 2014–15. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2014–15, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$124,809,000.
  - 4 An analysis of the financial provision under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is as follows:

	2012–13 (Actual) (\$'000)	2013–14 (Original) (\$'000)	2013–14 (Revised) (\$'000)	2014–15 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries	116,713	124,443	123,561	126,400
- Allowances	1,842	1,423	1,626	1,410
- Job-related allowances	128	146	128	129
Personnel Related Expenses				
- Mandatory Provident Fund				
contribution	240	366	305	467
- Civil Service Provident Fund				
contribution	2,551	3,299	3,085	3,578
Departmental Expenses				
- Fuel and lubricating oil	27,199	32,498	26,284	31,505
- General departmental expenses	38,110	54,443	47,335	46,254
Other Charges	ŕ	•	ŕ	ŕ
- Grant to the Government Flying Service				
Welfare Fund	10	10	10	10
- Pay and allowances for the auxiliary				
services	583	850	620	650
- Training expenses for the Government				
Flying Service	13,106	15,509	12,742	17,487
	200,482	232,987	215,696	227,890

5 Provision of \$700,000 under Subhead 200 Insurance of aircraft is for third party, passenger and crew liability insurance.

#### Capital Account

### Plant, Equipment and Works

6 Provision of \$131,190,000 under Subhead 631 Aircraft components, component overhaul and safety equipment (block vote) is for acquiring and overhauling aircraft engines and avionics, as well as safety and rescue equipment. The increase of \$53,066,000 (67.9%) over the revised estimate for 2013–14 is mainly due to the increased requirement for major aircraft components which are due for overhaul or repair in 2014–15.

# Commitments

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2013	Revised estimated expenditure for 2013–14	Balance
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Capita	ıl Accou	int				
603		Plant, vehicles and equipment				
	821	Procurement of seven helicopters and the associated mission equipment	2,187,500	_	120	2,187,380
	869	Replacement of two fixed-wing aircraft and the associated mission equipment	776,000	561,913	3,000	211,087
		Total	2,963,500	561,913	3,120	2,398,467