Controlling officer: the Commissioner of Customs and Excise will account for expenditure under this Head.

Estimate 2019–20	\$4,944.0m
Establishment ceiling 2019–20 (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 7 378 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2019 rising by 186 posts to 7 564 posts as at 31 March 2020.	\$3,300.2m
In addition, there will be an estimated nine directorate posts as at 31 March 2019 and as at 31 March 2020.	
Commitment balance	\$334.1m

Controlling Officer's Report

Programmes

Programme (1) Control and Enforcement	This programme contributes to Policy Area 1: Financial Services (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury), Policy Area 6: Commerce and Industry (Secretary for Commerce and Economic Development), Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security) and Policy Area 25: Revenue Collection and Financial Control (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury).
Programme (2) Anti-narcotics Investigation	This programme contributes to Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security).
Programme (3) Intellectual Property Rights and Consumer Protection	This programme contributes to Policy Area 4: Posts, Competition Policy and Consumer Protection (Secretary for Commerce and Economic Development) and Policy Area 6: Commerce and Industry (Secretary for Commerce and Economic Development).
Programme (4) Revenue Protection and Collection	This programme contributes to Policy Area 25: Revenue Collection and Financial Control (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury).
Programme (5) Trade Controls	This programme contributes to Policy Area 6: Commerce and Industry (Secretary for Commerce and Economic Development).
Detail	

Programme (1): Control and Enforcement

	2017–18	2018–19	2018–19	2019–20
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	2,646.8	3,415.4	3,128.4 (-8.4%)	3,869.4 (+23.7%)

(or +13.3% on 2018–19 Original)

Aim

2 The aims are to prevent and detect the smuggling of contraband, including narcotics, firearms, strategic goods, dutiable commodities, articles which infringe copyright or trade descriptions, and any other articles the importation or exportation of which is prohibited by law, through actions at control points and regular land and maritime patrols within the territory of Hong Kong; as well as to run a regulatory regime for the Money Service Operators (MSOs) under the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing (Financial Institutions) Ordinance (Cap. 615) (AMLO).

Brief Description

3 The Department is the primary agency responsible for the suppression of smuggling activities and is an integral member of the Joint Police/Customs Anti-smuggling Task Force formed to combat smuggling activities at sea. The Department also acts as the front-line agency to prevent importation and exportation of any articles which are prohibited by law concerning security, public health and environmental protection or in fulfilling international obligations; as well as to perform the regulatory functions of MSOs under the AMLO. The enforcement work includes:

- monitoring both the import and export of goods and the licensing of the movement of prohibited and prescribed articles as stipulated in the Import and Export Ordinance (Cap. 60);
- conducting primary checks on passengers, crew, cargoes, postal parcels, aircraft, vessels and vehicles, and secondary examination of those considered high risk, in order to detect contraband (including those for terrorist activities), controlled items and other violations of the law;
- conducting regular maritime and land patrols within Hong Kong to detect and suppress violations of customs law and other illegal activities;
- providing sustained intelligence support to anti-smuggling enforcement actions through the work of the Intelligence Bureau;
- inspecting and verifying licences and manifests in order to control the import and export of prohibited articles and the carriage of prescribed articles;
- processing declarations on large quantities of physical currency and bearer negotiable instruments and detecting non-compliance with the relevant declaration and disclosure requirements, in accordance with the Cross-boundary Movement of Physical Currency and Bearer Negotiable Instruments Ordinance (Cap. 629); and
- licensing and supervising MSOs under the AMLO and taking enforcement action against unlicensed MSOs.
- 4 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Plan)
issuing licences for prescribed articles within one working day upon receipt of applications (%)α clearing detained sea cargo within five working days from date of	100	100	100	100
request (%)α clearing detained air cargo within	100	100	100	100
80 minutes from time of request (%)α clearing passengers within 15 minutes upon queuing up for customs clearance	100	100	100	100
(except those selected for further examination) (%) clearing vehicles crossing the land boundary within 60 seconds	100	100	100	100
(except those selected for further examination) (%) issuing or renewing licences for MSOs	100	100	100	100
within 33 working days upon receipt of applications (%)α	100	100	100	100

α The target is applicable upon receipt of all necessary documents and information.

Indicators

	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)#	2019 (Estimate)
carriage licences issued	9	2	2
seizure cases	20 050	25 778	^
value of seizures (\$m)			
dutiable commodities¶	28.7	44.8	<u> </u>
articles other than dutiable commodities	523.9	400.1	<u> </u> ۸
conveyance used for smuggling (e.g. vehicles,			
speedboats and small crafts)	20.2	14.3	∧
persons compounded for offences relating to illicit			
cigarettes	6 388	11 159	^

	2017	2018	2019
	(Actual)	(Actual)#	(Estimate)
MSO licences issued or renewed	625	918	700

- # Figures for 2018 are subject to adjustment.
- \wedge Not possible to estimate.
- ¶ Denote cases detected at all entry and exit points but excluding those taken over for in-depth investigation which are reflected in Programme (4).

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2019–20

- 5 During 2019–20, the Department will:
- provide customs clearance services at Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point;
- continue to operate the Trade Single Window (TSW) Operation Office to deliver the service under TSW Phase 1 which provides an electronic platform for submission of the relevant types of business-to-government trade documents covered by Phase 1;
- continue to take proactive action against smuggling activities through intelligence-based operations and closer co-operation with the authorities of the Mainland and other places;
- continue to improve clearance services to facilitate efficient passenger and cargo flows across the boundary;
- continue to closely monitor the operation of the electronic Road Cargo System to ensure efficient and effective clearance of cross-boundary goods vehicles;
- continue to ensure smooth operation of the Inter-modal Transhipment Facilitation Scheme, whereby cargoes involving inter-modal transfer (e.g. from land to air and sea) will only be subject to customs inspection at either the point of exit or entry in Hong Kong;
- work with the Mainland authorities to ensure smooth operation of the Single E-lock Scheme and explore setting
 up more clearance points in the Mainland to enhance customs clearance efficiency for cargoes involving
 inter-modal transfer by reducing repeated inspections by customs authorities of both Hong Kong and Guangdong
 without compromising customs control;
- continue to promote the Free Trade Agreement Transhipment Facilitation Scheme to enable traders to enjoy tariff reductions for trade in goods between the Mainland and trading partners concerned when transhipped through Hong Kong;
- continue to promote and develop the Hong Kong Authorized Economic Operator Programme, whereby accredited companies may enjoy facilitation such as reduced inspection and prioritised clearance; and
- continue to maintain effective supervision of licensed MSOs to ensure compliance with the customer due diligence and record-keeping obligations.

Programme (2): Anti-narcotics Investigation

	2017–18	2018–19	2018–19	2019–20
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	235.2	241.1	248.0 (+2.9%)	250.5 (+1.0%)

⁽or +3.9% on 2018–19 Original)

Aim

6 The aims are to suppress illicit trafficking in and abuse of dangerous drugs, to combat money laundering and to prevent diversion of controlled chemicals for the illicit manufacture of dangerous drugs.

Brief Description

7 The Department is responsible for investigating and detecting the illegal import, export, manufacture, distribution and abuse of dangerous drugs. It conducts financial investigations to trace the assets of drug traffickers and initiates confiscation proceedings in respect of drug-related assets. It also exercises licensing control on the import, export and transhipment of controlled chemicals and conducts investigations to prevent and detect their illicit diversion.

8 The Department co-operates with other Customs administrations and law enforcement agencies outside Hong Kong to combat international drug trafficking and money laundering, and to prevent illicit diversion of controlled chemicals. This work includes:

- surveillance, investigations and operations to combat organised drug syndicates and individual drug offenders;
- identification and confiscation of drug-related assets derived from offences committed in or outside Hong Kong;
- liaison and co-operation with drug enforcement agencies and other competent authorities in or outside Hong Kong in the suppression of international drug trafficking and illicit diversion of controlled chemicals; and
- collection, collation and exchange of intelligence with law enforcement agencies in or outside Hong Kong.
- 9 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Plan)
 issuing authorisation for import/export of chemicals (as listed in Schedule 1 or 2 of the Control of Chemicals Ordinance (Cap. 145)) within ten working days upon receipt of applications (%)α issuing authorisation for export of any chemicals listed in Schedule 3 of the 	100	100	100	100
Control of Chemicals Ordinance to any country specified in the same Schedule within ten working days upon receipt of applications (%)α issuing approval for storing/keeping any chemicals listed in Schedule 1 or 2 of the Control of Chemicals Ordinance	100	100	100	100
within five working days upon receipt of applications (%)α	100	100	100	100

α The target is applicable upon receipt of all necessary documents and information.

Indicators

	2017	2018	2019
	(Actual)	(Actual)λ	(Estimate)
drug abusers reported to the Central Registry of Drug Abuse maintained by Security Bureau			
aged under 21	455	375§	^
aged 21 or above	6 2 7 0	5 250§	<u> </u>
average purity of heroin (indicative of availability) (%)	72.4	66.8	<u> </u>
average retail price of heroin (\$ per gram)	759.8	836.0	<u> </u>
dangerous drugs seized in Hong Kong			
seizure cases	952	919	<u> </u>
narcotics seized			
heroin (kg)	5.6	30.1	<u> </u> ۸
psychotropic drugs seized			
cocaine (kg)	139.9	255.4	<u> </u> ۸
cannabis (kg)	231.7	142.6	<u> </u> ۸
MDMA (ecstasy) (tablet)	1 721	4 527	<u> </u> ۸
methylamphetamine (ice) (kg)	122.6	164.0	<u> </u> ۸
ketamine (kg)	58.3	18.5	<u> </u> ۸
dangerous drugs seized outside Hong Kong (as a result of customs co-operation with agencies outside			
Hong Kong) (kg)	496.7	1 338.3	<u> </u> ۸
persons arrested outside Hong Kong (as a result of customs			
co-operation with agencies outside Hong Kong) assets of drug traffickers (\$m)	48	39	<u> </u> ۸
restrained	0	6	<u> </u>
confiscated	0.4	0	^

	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)λ	2019 (Estimate)
poisons/anti-biotics seized in Hong Kong			
seizure cases	338	175	^
quantity (kg)	317.2	174.3	<u> </u>
quantity (tablet)	295 103	90 768	<u> </u> ۸

 λ Figures for 2018, unless otherwise stated, are subject to adjustment.

- § Based on the figure provided by the Narcotics Division of the Security Bureau up to September 2018.
- \wedge Not possible to estimate.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2019–20

- 10 During 2019–20, the Department will continue to:
- strengthen the co-operation and intelligence exchange on drug trafficking, money laundering and smuggling of controlled chemicals with the Mainland and overseas law enforcement agencies;
- step up enforcement actions against drug trafficking via airport and land boundary control points through closer co-operation with the Mainland authorities and overseas counterparts; and
- liaise with relevant policy bureaux and government departments to monitor any new threat posed by drugs of abuse and precursor chemicals in other regions, and constantly review the corresponding enforcement strategies.

Programme (3): Intellectual Property Rights and Consumer Protection

	2017–18 (Actual)	2018–19 (Original)	2018–19 (Revised)	2019–20 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	344.8	349.2	359.9 (+3.1%)	395.3 (+9.8%)
				(or +13.2% on 2018–19 Original)

Aim

11 The aims are to prevent and detect copyright and trade mark infringement; to collaborate with trade mark and copyright owners, relevant organisations and law enforcement agencies in or outside Hong Kong in order to combat trade mark counterfeiting and copyright piracy; and to enforce consumer protection legislation relating to weights and measures, toys and children's products safety, consumer goods safety, trade descriptions and trade practices.

Brief Description

12 The Department is responsible for suppressing offences and investigating complaints related to copyright infringement under the Copyright Ordinance (Cap. 528) and the Prevention of Copyright Piracy Ordinance (Cap. 544), forgery of trade marks, false trade descriptions and unfair trade practices under the Trade Descriptions Ordinance (Cap. 362), short weights and measures under the Weights and Measures Ordinance (Cap. 68), unsafe toys and children's products under the Toys and Children's Products Safety Ordinance (Cap. 424) as well as unsafe consumer goods under the Consumer Goods Safety Ordinance (Cap. 456). It initiates investigations in these areas and collaborates as necessary with organisations and law enforcement agencies in or outside Hong Kong, and with trade mark and copyright owners. To safeguard the interests of consumers, the Department also conducts spot checks to ensure compliance with the Toys and Children's Products Safety Ordinance, the Weights and Measures Ordinance, the Consumer Goods Safety Ordinance and the Trade Descriptions Ordinance. The enforcement work involves:

Intellectual property rights

- conducting investigations and taking enforcement actions against persons and syndicates suspected of committing offences relating to infringement of intellectual property rights;
- executing court orders to detain goods at importation for the purpose of enforcing boundary measures to comply with the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights established under the auspices of the World Trade Organization;
- arranging and supervising the examination and identification of seizures by trade mark and copyright owners or their representatives;
- conducting inspections on licensed optical disc mastering and replication factories to guard against manufacture of pirated optical discs and stampers;

- · controlling the import and export of optical discs mastering and replication equipment; and
- applying to the court for the confiscation of financial proceeds obtained from intellectual property rights infringement crimes.

Consumer protection

- conducting spot checks on the accuracy of weighing and measuring equipment, compliance with the safety
 requirements for toys and children's products and consumer goods, compliance with the orders for provision of
 information on precious stones, metals and regulated electronic products, and compliance with the requirements
 on trade descriptions and trade practices; and
- investigating complaints relating to short weights and measures, unsafe toys and children's products and consumer goods, false trade descriptions and unfair trade practices.
- 13 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Plan)
issuing licences for import and export of optical disc mastering and replication equipment within two working days upon receipt of applications (%)α issuing licences for manufacturing of	100	100	100	100
optical discs within 14 working days upon receipt of applications (%)α commencing investigations into urgent complaints against short weights and measures and unsafe products within	100	N.A.β	N.A.β	100
24 hours upon receipt of complaints (%) commencing investigations into priority complaints against short weights and measures and unsafe products within	100	100	100	100
three working days upon assessment of complaints (%) commencing investigations into urgent complaints against unfair trade	100	100	100	100
practices within 24 hours upon receipt of complaints (%) commencing investigations into priority complaints against unfair trade	100	100	100	100
practices within three working days upon assessment of complaints (%)	100	100	100	100

 α The target is applicable upon receipt of all necessary documents and information.

 β No such application was received in 2017 and 2018.

Indicators

	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)#	2019 (Estimate)
Intellectual property rights investigations	1 540	1 448	
seizure cases	917	951	^
value of seizures (including optical discs, textiles, leather-ware, footwear and telecommunications			
equipment) (\$m)	118.2	103.7	∧
spot checks on optical disc factories verifications on import/export of optical disc mastering and	21	12	12
replication equipment	38	18	18
Weights and measures			
spot checks	1 715	1 749	1 700
seizure cases	20	15	—∧
value of seizures (\$'000)	100.2	21.4	<u> </u> ۸

Head 31 — CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DEPARTMENT

	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)#	2019 (Estimate)
<i>Toys and children's products safety</i> spot checks seizure cases value of seizures (\$'000)	1 603 35 159.9	1 686 22 85.1	1 600 ^
Consumer goods safety spot checks seizure cases value of seizures (\$'000)	1 440 13 2,076.9	1 410 8 5.8	1 400 ^
<i>Fair trading in articles (trade descriptions)</i> spot checks seizure cases value of seizures (\$'000)	4 000 21 3,357	4 023 28 1,599	4 000 ^ ^

Figures for 2018 are subject to adjustment.

 \wedge Not possible to estimate.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2019–20

14 During 2019–20, the Department will continue to:

- strengthen the co-operative alliance with the industries and enforcement agencies in detecting online sale of infringing goods;
- apply the Organised and Serious Crimes Ordinance (Cap. 455) to the investigation of intellectual property crimes;
- upgrade the capability in the investigation of Internet and electronic crimes relating to infringement of intellectual property rights;
- promote public and traders' awareness of intellectual property rights and consumer protection legislation through publicity and education programmes; and
- strengthen enforcement actions against false trade descriptions and unfair trade practices in respect of both goods and services.

Programme (4): Revenue Protection and Collection

	2017–18	2018–19	2018–19	2019–20
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	203.8	210.4	212.9 (+1.2%)	215.6 (+1.3%)

⁽or +2.5% on 2018–19 Original)

Aim

15 The aims are to collect and protect revenue from dutiable commodities stipulated in the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance (Cap. 109) and to assess the provisional taxable values of motor vehicles under the Motor Vehicles (First Registration Tax) Ordinance (Cap. 330).

Brief Description

16 The Department is responsible for the collection and protection of duties derived from dutiable commodities stipulated in the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance. It administers a licensing and permit system to control the manufacture, import, export, storage and movement of dutiable commodities.

17 The Department assesses the provisional taxable values of motor vehicles for the purpose of calculating the first registration tax and maintains a registration scheme for motor vehicle importers and distributors.

18 The Department is responsible for combating smuggling and distribution of illicit cigarettes and taking enforcement actions against illicit fuel activities at all levels.

19 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Plan)
Dutiable commodities issuing import and export licences within 12 working days upon receipt of				
applications (%)a	100	100	100	100
issuing permits within half a working day upon receipt of applications (%)α providing customs attendance within	100	100	100	100
two working days upon receipt of applications (%)α	100	100	100	100
 First Registration Tax completing assessment of provisional taxable values of imported vehicles within five working days upon receipt of applications (%)α completing registration of importers/ distributors of motor vehicles within 	100	100	100	100
seven working days upon receipt of applications (%)α	100	100	100	100

 α The target is applicable upon receipt of all necessary documents and information.

Indicators

	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)#	2019 (Estimate)
Dutiable commodities			
licences issued	125	103	103
permits issued Ω	158 519	165 792	166 000
duty collected (\$m)	10,590.3	10,677.9	10,745.0
duty recovered (\$m)	3.1	2.7	<u> </u> ۸
licence fees, customs attendance fees and other related			
payments collected (\$m)	5.9	6.3	6.3
revenue collected per \$1 provision (\$)	112.2	104.3	105.0
cases detected	41	37	<u> </u> ۸
Anti-illicit-cigarette enforcement8	700	1 200	
seizure cases	788	1 380	^
cigarettes seized ('000 sticks) vehicles seized	57 455	48 009	^
venicles seized	70	79	^
vessels seized	1 5 2 9	0	^
persons prosecuted for offences relating to illicit cigarettes	1 538	1 781	—/\
Anti-illicit-fuel enforcement8			
seizure cases	4	2	^
hydrocarbon oil seized ('000 litres)	1	$\frac{2}{3}$	^
illicit fuel filling stations neutralised	2	Ő	^
men ner ming stations neuransea	2	0	
First Registration Tax			
cases detected	33	42	<u> </u>
inspection and verification of imported vehicles for payment			
of First Registration Tax	1 429	1 414	1 420
assessment of provisional taxable value on imported			
vehicles (cases)	65 968	64 760	64 800
re-assessment of provisional taxable value on imported			
vehicles (cases)	22 720	21 681	21 700

#

Figures for 2018 are subject to adjustment. The figures cover both new permits and amended permits issued. Not possible to estimate. The figures reflect the enforcement efforts of the Department but exclude cases mentioned in Programme (1). ${}^{\Omega}_{\delta}$

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2019–20

- **20** During 2019–20, the Department will continue to:
- strengthen enforcement actions against illicit cigarettes activities, especially in respect of cross-boundary smuggling and telephone-order peddling;
- strengthen regional co-operation with other Customs administrations in combating smuggling of illicit cigarettes; and
- strengthen co-operation with the Mainland Customs in combating cross-boundary smuggling of illicit fuel.

Programme (5): Trade Controls

	2017–18 (Actual)	2018–19 (Original)	2018–19 (Revised)	2019–20 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	200.0	210.2	205.7 (-2.1%)	213.2 (+3.6%)
				(or +1.4% on

(or +1.4% on 2018–19 Original)

Aim

21 The aims are to secure and maintain the integrity and credibility of the various trade controls and import and export control systems operated in Hong Kong in fulfilment of international obligations and for public health and safety reasons; as well as to collect import and export declarations and declaration charges under the Import and Export (Registration) Regulations (Cap. 60E) and clothing levies under the Industrial Training (Clothing Industry) Ordinance (Cap. 318).

Brief Description

22 The Department enforces the relevant laws for various trade controls systems including those concerning the issue of Certificates of Origin, the import and export of strategic commodities, reserved commodities and other prohibited goods, as well as compliance with the Chemical Weapons Convention, with a view to preventing and detecting abuses of these systems. The Department is also tasked to collect import and export declarations, declaration charges and clothing levies and to enforce the relevant statutory control on these systems. The enforcement work involves:

- factory and consignment inspections to ensure compliance with legislation governing the issue of Certificates of Origin and import and export of other prohibited goods;
- costing checks on goods covered by Certificates of Hong Kong Origin Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement (CO(CEPA)) to help ensure that only goods that pass a value-added percentage threshold can benefit from the tariff preference under the Mainland and Hong Kong Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement (CEPA);
- blitz checks on consignments subject to licensing control or covered by CO(CEPA) at entry and exit points and public cargo working areas;
- consignment inspections to ensure compliance with legislation governing the import and export of strategic commodities and other licensable items;
- inspections and verifications to ensure the effective implementation of the Chemical Weapons Convention in Hong Kong;
- inspections to enforce control on reserved commodities;
- collection of import and export declaration charges and clothing levies under the respective legislation;
- verification and assessment of the values of import and export consignments to recover underpaid import and export declaration charges and clothing levies; and
- investigation and prosecution of contraventions.

23 The key performance measures are:

Targets

	Target	2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Plan)
 conducting pre-issue consignment inspections relating to licences on prohibited articles (other than strategic commodities) within four working days upon receipt of referral of applications from the Trade and Industry Department (TID) (%) conducting factory registration and re-registration inspections relating to the issue of Certificates of Origin 	100	100	100	100
within four working days upon receipt of referral of applications from the TID (%) conducting registration inspections relating to control on reserved commodities within three working days upon receipt of referral of applications	100	100	100	100
conducting pre-issue consignment inspections relating to licences for strategic commodities within two working days upon receipt of referral of applications from the	100	100	100	100
TID (%) conducting registration and re-registration inspections under the Air Transhipment Cargo Exemption Scheme for Strategic Commodities within four working days upon receipt of referral of applications	100	100	100	100
from the TID (%)	100	100	100	100
Indicators		• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •
		2017 (Actual)	2018 (Actual)#	2019 (Estimate)
factory and consignment inspections reserved commodities inspections blitz checks on consignments subject to licensing covered by CO(CEPA) at entry and exit points	control or	26 737 4 435	28 808 4 537	28 000 4 400
public cargo working areas	, anu	1 016	1 009	1 000
import and export declarations declarations processed overdue declarations verified under-valued declarations verified revenue collected (\$m) revenue recovered (\$m)		20 218 617 149 832 11 191 1,026.4 4.0	20 580 959 143 974 11 485 872.8 4.6	20 670 000 144 000 11 500 602.0 —^
administrative penalties imposed (\$m)		10.8	10.2	۸

Figures for 2018 are subject to adjustment.

 \wedge Not possible to estimate.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2019–20

- 24 During 2019–20, the Department will continue to:
- assume any additional enforcement responsibilities arising from the trade in new products that become eligible for the zero tariff preference as a result of implementation of the newly signed CEPA Agreement on Trade in Goods on 1 January 2019 and the biannual Rules of Origin Consultations under CEPA implemented since 1 January 2006; and
- maintain effective enforcement actions on strategic trade controls by strengthening disposal checks and outreaching programmes.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

Prog	gramme	2017–18 (Actual) (\$m)	2018–19 (Original) (\$m)	2018–19 (Revised) (\$m)	2019–20 (Estimate) (\$m)
(1)	Control and Enforcement	2,646.8	3,415.4	3,128.4	3,869.4
(2)	Anti-narcotics Investigation	235.2	241.1	248.0	250.5
(3)	Intellectual Property Rights and				
	Consumer Protection	344.8	349.2	359.9	395.3
(4)	Revenue Protection and Collection	203.8	210.4	212.9	215.6
(5)	Trade Controls	200.0	210.2	205.7	213.2
		3,630.6	4,426.3	4,154.9	4,944.0
				(-6.1%)	(+19.0%)
					(or +11.7% on

(or +11.7% on 2018–19 Original)

Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

Programme (1)

Provision for 2019–20 is \$741.0 million (23.7%) higher than the revised estimate for 2018–19. This is mainly due to the net increase of 144 posts to meet operational needs, increased operating expenses, and increased cash flow requirement for capital projects.

Programme (2)

Provision for 2019-20 is \$2.5 million (1.0%) higher than the revised estimate for 2018-19. This is mainly due to the increased operating expenses.

Programme (3)

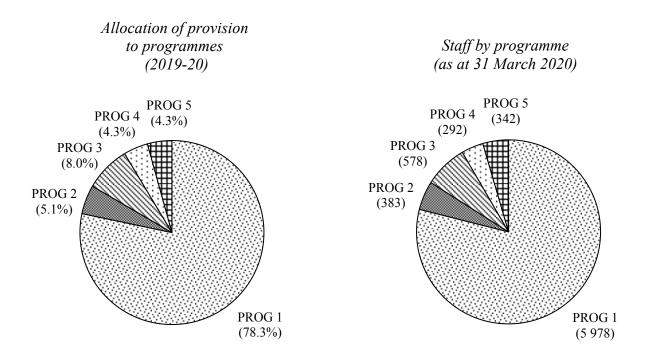
Provision for 2019–20 is \$35.4 million (9.8%) higher than the revised estimate for 2018–19. This is mainly due to the net increase of 40 posts to meet operational needs and increased operating expenses.

Programme (4)

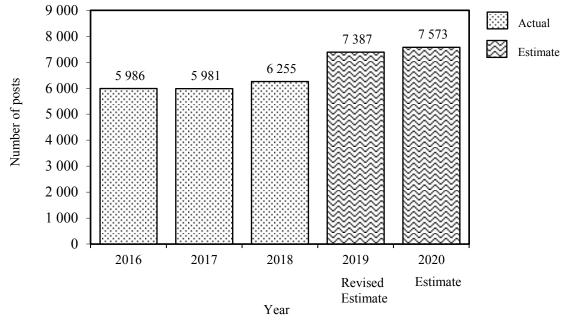
Provision for 2019–20 is \$2.7 million (1.3%) higher than the revised estimate for 2018–19. This is mainly due to the net increase of two posts to meet operational needs and increased operating expenses.

Programme (5)

Provision for 2019–20 is \$7.5 million (3.6%) higher than the revised estimate for 2018–19. This is mainly due to the increased operating expenses.



Changes in the size of the establishment (as at 31 March)



Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2017–18	Approved estimate 2018–19	Revised estimate 2018–19	Estimate 2019–20
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000 103 292	Operational expenses Rewards and special services Seizure management	3,529,274 12,205 45,720	4,191,433 11,500 49,000	3,972,269 11,500 49,000	4,661,991 12,000 51,500
	Total, Recurrent	3,587,199	4,251,933	4,032,769	4,725,491
	Total, Operating Account	3,587,199	4,251,933	4,032,769	4,725,491
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
603	Plant, vehicles and equipment	11,686	107,769	80,314	99,123
661	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	31,722	66,609	41,793	119,347
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	43,408	174,378	122,107	218,470
	Total, Capital Account	43,408	174,378	122,107	218,470
	Total Expenditure	3,630,607	4,426,311	4,154,876	4,943,961
	Total Expenditure	3,630,607	4,426,311	4,154,876	4,943

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

The estimate of the amount required in 2019–20 for the salaries and expenses of the Customs and Excise Department is \$4,943,961,000. This represents an increase of \$789,085,000 over the revised estimate for 2018–19 and \$1,313,354,000 over the actual expenditure in 2017–18.

Operating Account

Recurrent

2 Provision of \$4,661,991,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* represents an increase of \$689,722,000 (17.4%) over the revised estimate for 2018–19. This is mainly due to the additional requirement for the provision of customs clearance services at the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Port, the Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link and the Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point as well as the increased operating expenses.

3 The establishment as at 31 March 2019 will be 7 387 permanent posts. It is expected that there will be a net increase of 186 permanent posts in 2019–20. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2019–20, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$3,300,156,000.

4 An analysis of the financial provision under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is as follows:

	2017–18 (Actual) (\$'000)	2018–19 (Original) (\$'000)	2018–19 (Revised) (\$'000)	2019–20 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
 Salaries Allowances Job-related allowances Personnel Related Expenses 	2,666,955 65,318 11,393	2,989,930 68,227 12,566	2,960,243 71,169 11,862	3,251,255 74,539 12,840
 Rent allowance Mandatory Provident Fund 	604	735	620	659
contribution - Civil Service Provident Fund	15,573	25,673	23,156	28,699
contribution - Disturbance allowance	142,664 29	168,104 193	170,636 201	207,334 34
Departmental Expenses				
- General departmental expenses Other Charges	621,748	920,607	729,046	1,086,291
- Land usage cost - Grant to the Customs and Excise Service	4,699	5,100	5,026	1
Welfare Fund	291	298	310	339
	3,529,274	4,191,433	3,972,269	4,661,991

5 Provision of \$12 million under *Subhead 103 Rewards and special services* is for expenditure on rewards and services of a confidential nature.

6 Provision of \$51,500,000 under *Subhead 292 Seizure management* is to meet expenses related to the transportation and storage of goods seized in anti-smuggling and other enforcement activities.

Capital Account

Plant, Equipment and Works

7 Provision of \$119,347,000 under *Subhead 661 Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)* represents an increase of \$77,554,000 (185.6%) over the revised estimate for 2018–19. This is mainly due to the increased requirement for new and replacement equipment.

Commitments

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2018	Revised estimated expenditure for 2018–19	Balance
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Capita	l Accou	nt				
603		Plant, vehicles and equipment				
	801	Replacement of one mobile X-ray vehicle scanning system for Shenzhen Bay Control Point (AM5531)	48,006	600	1,440	45,966
	802	Replacement of one mobile X-ray vehicle scanning system for Shenzhen Bay Control Point (AM5532)	48,006	600	1,440	45,966
	803	Replacement and enhancement of equipment for Automatic Vehicle Clearance Support System for Goods Vehicles at Lok Ma Chau Control Point, Man Kam To Control Point, Sha Tau Kok Control Point and Shenzhen Bay Control Pointβ	113,400β	_	_	113,400
	804	Replacement and enhancement of closed circuit television system at Customs Headquarters Buildingβ	21,559β	_	_	21,559
	834	Replacement of one high speed pursuit craft (CE17)	26,293	1,927	1,350	23,016
	835	Replacement of one high speed pursuit craft (CE18)	26,293	1,838	1,350	23,105
	882	Replacement of one mobile X-ray vehicle scanning system for Kwai Chung Customhouse (AM5529)	46,872	1,000	15,350	30,522
	883	Replacement of one mobile X-ray vehicle scanning system for Kwai Chung Customhouse (AM5530)	46,872	1,000	15,350	30,522
		Total	377,301	6,965	36,280	334,056

 β This is a new item, funding for which is sought in the context of the Appropriation Bill 2019.