Controlling officer: the Commissioner of Rating and Valuation will account for expenditure under this Head.

Establishment ceiling 2021–22 (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 997 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2021 reducing by 93 posts to 904 posts as at 31 March 2022

\$416.8m

In addition, there will be an estimated 14 directorate posts as at 31 March 2021 and as at 31 March 2022.

Controlling Officer's Report

Programmes

Programme (1) Statutory Valuation and Assessments	This programme contributes to Policy Area 25: Revenue Collection and Financial Control (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury) and Policy Area 31: Housing (Secretary for Transport and Housing).
Programme (2) Collection and Billing of Rates and Government Rent	This programme contributes to Policy Area 25: Revenue Collection and Financial Control (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury).
Programme (3) Provision of Valuation and Property Information Services	This programme contributes to Policy Area 27: Intra-Governmental Services (Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury) and Policy Area 31: Housing (Secretary for Transport and Housing).

Programme (4) Landlord and Tenant Services This programme contributes to Policy Area 31: Housing (Secretary for Transport and Housing).

Detail

Programme (1): Statutory Valuation and Assessments

	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Original)	2020–21 (Revised)	2021–22 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	370.6	506.5	391.3 (-22.7%)	401.5 (+2.6%)
				(20.70/

(or –20.7% on 2020–21 Original)

Aim

2 The aim is to establish and maintain a database showing all properties liable to Rates and/or Government Rent with their respective rateable values which are reviewed annually.

Brief Description

- 3 The Department:
- references properties, creates and maintains a database for them with a view to determining and updating their rateable values on an annual basis;
- compiles and maintains:
 - a Valuation List showing all rated properties together with their rateable values, on which Rates are charged at a percentage determined in accordance with the Rating Ordinance (Cap. 116)(RO); and
 - a Government Rent Roll for all properties assessed to Government Rent under the Government Rent (Assessment and Collection) Ordinance (Cap. 515)(GRACO) and their rateable values upon which Government Rent is charged at three per cent;
- reviews rateable values upon receipt of objections and appeals;
- processes applications for Rates and/or Government Rent exemption; and
- conducts a general revaluation of the rateable values of properties in the Valuation List and Government Rent Roll annually to reflect prevailing market rents.

4 The key performance measures in respect of statutory valuation and assessments are:

Targets

	Target	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Revised Estimate)	2021–22 (Plan)
notifying the ratepayer and/or rentpayer of the rateable value of a new property within eight months from the date when				
Rates and/or Government Rent first become payable (%)processing objections to new assessments	85	87	85	85
within four months (%)#processing objections to existing	90	99	90	90
assessments within four months (%)# keeping the no. of assessments unchallenged or remaining unchanged after objection review to not less than a set percentage of the assessments in the	85	91	85	85
Valuation List (the set percentage)allocating building numbers to new buildings not later than one month after	no less than 95	99	99	99
their completion in urban areas (%) allocating building numbers to new buildings not later than one month upon receipt of completion document in rural areas where there is an established	95	99	95	95
numbering scheme (%)	90	100	90	90

[#] The statutory requirement is to process objections within six months.

Indicators

	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Revised Estimate)	2021–22 (Estimate)
Valuation List for Rates			
assessments in the List at year end	2 568 998	2 600 000	2 630 000
new assessments added to the List	48 122	43 000	42 000
assessments deleted from the List	10 470	8 000	8 000
Government Rent Roll			
assessments in the Rent Roll at year end	2 007 337	2 040 000	2 070 000
new assessments added to the Rent Roll	38 492	36 000	34 500
assessments deleted from the Rent Roll	7 148	5 500	5 500
Valuation List for Rates and Government Rent Roll			
total assessments	4 576 335	4 640 000	4 700 000
assessments per post	7 704	7 644	7 833

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2021–22

- 5 The Department will:
- continue the referencing and valuation of properties not yet assessed to Rates and/or Government Rent, and add them to the database; and
- carry out the annual general revaluation to update rateable values to take effect from 1 April 2022.

Programme (2): Collection and Billing of Rates and Government Rent

	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Original)	2020–21 (Revised)	2021–22 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	82.0	91.8	87.5 (-4.7%)	91.9 (+5.0%)
				(or +0.1% on 2020–21 Original)

Aim

6 The aim is to levy Rates and charge Government Rent in accordance with the RO and the GRACO respectively.

Brief Description

- 7 The Department issues demand notes and maintains accounts for Rates and/or Government Rent for all properties included in the Valuation List and the Government Rent Roll. The Department also regularly reviews the RO and the GRACO, and updates procedures to ensure the timely collection of Rates and Government Rent and to improve services to the public.
 - 8 The key performance measures in respect of collection and billing of Rates and Government Rent are:

Targets

S .	Target	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Revised Estimate)	2021–22 (Plan)
collection of Rates keeping the amount of arrears within a set percentage of the Rates demanded for the preceding 12 months (the set percentage)	no more than 0.9	0.4	0.7	0.9
collection of Government Rent keeping the amount of arrears within a set percentage of the Government Rent demanded for the preceding 12 months (the set percentage)	no more			
Indicators	than 1.1	0.6	1.0	1.1
Thuculots		2019–20	2020–21 (Revised	2021–22
		(Actual)	Estimate)	(Estimate)
Rates and Government Rent accounts maintaine Rates and Government Rent accounts per post		2 641 894 25 901	2 678 000 25 750	2 712 000 26 330

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2021–22

- 9 The Department will continue to:
- remind payers of their responsibility for timely settlement of Rates and Government Rent and the consequences of late payment; and
- review and enhance its Accounting and Billing System to speed up the recovery of arrears if practicable and to identify areas for improvement in service delivery.

Programme (3): Provision of Valuation and Property Information Services

	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Original)	2020–21 (Revised)	2021–22 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	100.9	106.7	103.6 (-2.9%)	107.5 (+3.8%)
				(or +0.7% on 2020–21 Original)

Aim

10 The aim is to provide valuation and property information services to government bureaux and departments, the private sector and the general public.

Brief Description

- 11 The main activities involved are:
- providing property valuation advice to the Inland Revenue Department to facilitate the collection of stamp duty and estate duty;
- providing valuation advice to government bureaux and departments to assist them in formulating policies and in their day-to-day work;
- compiling and publishing property market information on a regular basis, and providing property-related information to government bureaux and departments to facilitate policy review and formulation; and
- providing enquiry service on property information to the public.
- 12 The key performance measures in respect of provision of valuation and property information services are:

Targets

	Target	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Revised Estimate)	2021–22 (Plan)
notifying the Inland Revenue Department				
of valuation on stamp duty cases within four months (%)	85	86	85	85
notifying the Inland Revenue Department				
of valuation on estate duty cases within six months (%)^	85	98	85	85
notifying other client departments	83	90	63	0.5
of valuation advice within				
four months (%)	90	90	90	90
publishing the monthly property market statistics within six weeks following the				
end of the month (%)	100	100	100	100
Indicators				
			2020–21	
		2019–20	(Revised	2021–22
		(Actual)	Estimate)	(Estimate)
stamp duty cases scrutinised where stated consider				
considered adequate		80 517	80 000	80 000
	rection is	00 517	80 000	00 000
stamp duty cases scrutinised where stated considered inadequate		0000,		
considered inadequatevaluations provided for stamp duty cases without	stated	4 483	5 000	5 000
considered inadequatevaluations provided for stamp duty cases without consideration	stated	4 483 4 787	5 000 5 300	5 000 5 300
considered inadequatevaluations provided for stamp duty cases without considerationvaluations provided for estate duty purposes^	stated	4 483 4 787 511	5 000 5 300 360	5 000 5 300 360
considered inadequatevaluations provided for stamp duty cases without considerationvaluations provided for estate duty purposes^valuations on stamp duty and estate duty cases pe	stated	4 483 4 787 511 1 050	5 000 5 300 360 1 054	5 000 5 300 360 1 054
considered inadequatevaluations provided for stamp duty cases without considerationvaluations provided for estate duty purposes^	stated	4 483 4 787 511	5 000 5 300 360	5 000 5 300 360

Although estate duty was abolished on 11 February 2006, there are still some outstanding cases to be processed.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2021–22

- 13 The Department will continue to:
- provide property-related information to government bureaux and departments to facilitate their policy review and formulation; and
- review and enhance its computer systems to improve the efficiency of data retrieval and transfer among the parties concerned, including government departments and agencies.

Programme (4): Landlord and Tenant Services

	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Original)	2020–21 (Revised)	2021–22 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	34.3	35.4	35.3 (-0.3%)	35.8 (+1.4%)
				(or +1.1% on 2020–21 Original)

Aim

14 The Department assists landlords and tenants in accordance with the Landlord and Tenant (Consolidation) Ordinance (Cap. 7) (LTCO). It also provides advisory and mediatory services to the public on tenancy matters.

Brief Description

- 15 The main activities involved are:
- administering the provisions of the LTCO, including processing applications and notifications made under the LTCO;
- monitoring the operation of the LTCO by conducting surveys and reviews, and making recommendations to the Secretary for Transport and Housing as and when necessary for improving tenancy arrangements under the LTCO; and
- providing the public with advisory and mediatory services on tenancy matters.
- 16 The key performance measures in respect of landlord and tenant services are:

Targets

	Target	2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Revised Estimate)	2021–22 (Plan)
endorsing a notice of new letting or lease renewal within one month (%)	99	100	99	99
electronic enquiry on tenancy matters within 14 days (%)	90	100	90	90
Indicators				
		2019–20 (Actual)	2020–21 (Revised Estimate)	2021–22 (Estimate)
applications and notices processedenquiries handled applications, notices and enquiries processed per		54 113 105 395 2 573	56 000 130 000 3 000	56 000 130 000 3 000

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2021–22

17 The Department will continue to administer the provisions of the LTCO.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

Progr	ramme	2019–20 (Actual) (\$m)	2020–21 (Original) (\$m)	2020–21 (Revised) (\$m)	2021–22 (Estimate) (\$m)
` /	Statutory Valuation and Assessments Collection and Billing of Rates and	370.6	506.5	391.3	401.5
(Government RentProvision of Valuation and Property	82.0	91.8	87.5	91.9
` /	Information Services	100.9	106.7	103.6	107.5
(4) I	Landlord and Tenant Services	34.3	35.4	35.3	35.8
		587.8	740.4	617.7 (-16.6%)	636.7 (+3.1%)

(or -14.0% on 2020–21 Original)

Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

Programme (1)

Provision for 2021–22 is \$10.2 million (2.6%) higher than the revised estimate for 2020–21. This is mainly due to possible refund of overcharged interest in respect of some appeal cases on Government Rent and salary increments for staff, partly offset by the deletion of 92 posts.

Programme (2)

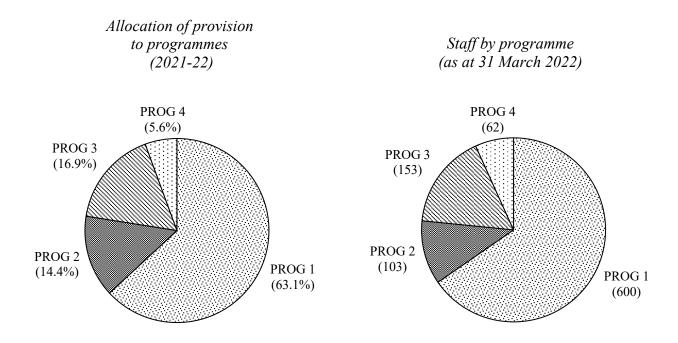
Provision for 2021–22 is \$4.4 million (5.0%) higher than the revised estimate for 2020–21. This is mainly due to salary increments for staff and increase in departmental expenses, partly offset by the deletion of one post.

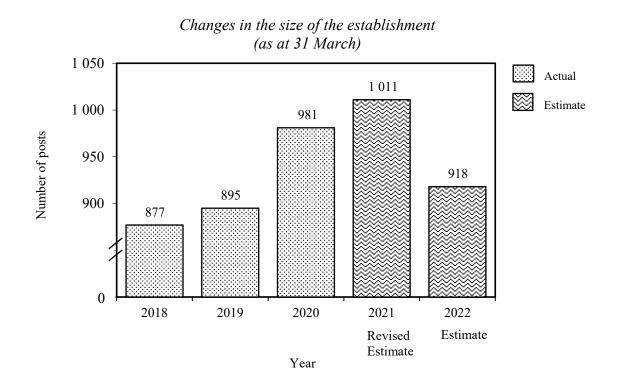
Programme (3)

Provision for 2021–22 is \$3.9 million (3.8%) higher than the revised estimate for 2020–21. This is mainly due to salary increments for staff and increase in departmental expenses.

Programme (4)

Provision for 2021–22 is \$0.5 million (1.4%) higher than the revised estimate for 2020–21. This is mainly due to salary increments for staff.





Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2019–20	Approved estimate 2020–21	Revised estimate 2020–21	Estimate 2021–22
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000	Operational expenses	587,760	738,740	616,082	636,664
	Total, Recurrent	587,760	738,740	616,082	636,664
	Total, Operating Account	587,760	738,740	616,082	636,664
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	_	1,648	1,648	_
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works		1,648	1,648	
	Total, Capital Account		1,648	1,648	
	Total Expenditure	587,760	740,388	617,730	636,664

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

The estimate of the amount required in 2021–22 for the salaries and expenses of the Rating and Valuation Department is \$636,664,000. This represents an increase of \$18,934,000 over the revised estimate for 2020–21 and \$48,904,000 over the actual expenditure in 2019–20.

Operating Account

Recurrent

- **2** Provision of \$636,664,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Rating and Valuation Department.
- 3 The establishment as at 31 March 2021 will be 1 011 permanent posts. It is expected that there will be a decrease of 93 permanent posts in 2021–22. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2021–22, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$416,771,000.
 - 4 An analysis of the financial provision under Subhead 000 Operational expenses is as follows:

	2019–20 (Actual) (\$'000)	2020–21 (Original) (\$'000)	2020–21 (Revised) (\$'000)	2021–22 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries	461,201 6,922 7	513,499 8,464 25	463,618 7,319 16	476,388 7,344 25
- Mandatory Provident Fund				
contribution Civil Service Provident Fund	2,009	3,562	2,180	3,062
contribution	17,872	22,310	20,706	25,060
- Temporary staff General departmental expenses	38,385 61,364	41,796 149,084	47,403 74,840	51,244 73,541
	587,760	738,740	616,082	636,664