## **Controlling Officer's Report**

#### **Programmes**

Programme (1) Energy Supply; Electrical, This programme contributes to Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security) and Policy Area 23: Environmental Protection, Conservation, Power and Sustainable Development Gas and Nuclear Safety (Secretary for the Environment). This programme contributes to Policy Area 5: Travel and **Programme (2) Mechanical Installations** Tourism (Secretary for Commerce and Economic Development), Safety Policy Area 18: Recreation, Culture, Amenities and Entertainment Licensing (Secretary for Home Affairs), Policy Area 21: Land and Waterborne Transport (Secretary for Transport and Housing) and Policy Area 22: Buildings, Lands, Planning, Heritage Conservation, Greening and Landscape (Secretary for Development). This programme contributes to Policy Area 23: Environmental Programme (3) Energy Efficiency and Conservation, and Protection, Conservation, Power and Sustainable Development Alternative Energy (Secretary for the Environment). contributes **Programme (4) Centralised Services and** programme to Policy Area

Head 42 does not include expenses attributable to the Electrical and Mechanical Services Trading Fund (EMSTF) established in August 1996, other than EMSTF's share of the common administrative expenses provided by the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department (EMSD). Such expenses will be reimbursed to Government through General Revenue.

## Detail

# Programme (1): Energy Supply; Electrical, Gas and Nuclear Safety

**Special Support** 

	2020–21 (Actual)	2021–22 (Original)	2021–22 (Revised)	2022–23 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	182.2	187.4	187.2 (-0.1%)	<b>180.1</b> (-3.8%)
				(or –3.9% on 2021–22 Original)

Intra-Governmental Services (Secretary for Development).

## Aim

<sup>2</sup> The aim is to safeguard the public through implementation of a set of comprehensive regulatory frameworks and systems on the safety of electrical and gas applications and work closely with the community on education, to monitor the operation of utility companies and development of electricity supply, and to provide professional support and advice on nuclear-related matters.

#### **Brief Description**

**3** For the regulatory functions, the Department is responsible for the administration and enforcement of the Electricity Ordinance (Cap. 406) (EO), the Gas Safety Ordinance (Cap. 51) (GSO) and the Oil (Conservation and Control) Ordinance (Cap. 264). The work includes:

Gas safety

- administration and enforcement of the GSO, including registration of gas supply companies, installers and contractors; monitoring gas distributors and contractors; and approval and inspection of gas appliances, tubing and installations including those in maintenance workshops for liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) vehicles;
- risk assessment of potentially hazardous installations relating to gas supply and land use planning aspects;
- assessment, approval and monitoring of natural gas supply projects;
- enlistment of competent persons for maintenance of LPG vehicles and approval of fuel tank of LPG vehicles;
- approval and monitoring of the operation of LPG filling stations;
- · investigation of gas incidents;
- · initiating prosecution and taking disciplinary actions;
- · promotion of gas safety;

Electrical safety

- administration and enforcement of the EO, including registration of electrical workers, contractors and competent persons, recognised certification bodies, recognised manufacturers and generating facilities; and inspection of electrical installations and products;
- investigation of electrical incidents;
- initiating prosecution and taking disciplinary actions;
- promotion of electrical safety;

Monitoring of electricity utilities (Scheme of Control Agreements)

- annual auditing review of technical performance of electricity utilities;
- assessment of development plans submitted regularly by electricity utilities;
- provision of technical advice relating to monitoring of electricity utilities;

Oil and gas supply

- administration and enforcement of the Oil (Conservation and Control) Ordinance;
- compilation of statistics on oil and gas supply;

Nuclear safety

- reviewing and implementing departmental plans in preparedness for nuclear emergencies;
- responding immediately to initial alert, and interpreting and assessing engineering information received;
- planning and participating in exercises and drills in response to nuclear emergencies; and
- giving professional advice on matters relating to nuclear power and associated emergency preparedness.
- 4 The key performance measures are:

#### **Targets**

	Target	2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Plan)
Gas safety				
registration of installers within				
12 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
registration of contractors within				
38 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
approval for construction of notifiable				
gas installations (NGIs) within				
30 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
approval for use of NGIs within				
12 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
approval for use of equipment/materials				
within 26 working days (%)	100	100	100	100

	Target	2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Plan)
	Target	(Actual)	(Actual)	(1 lali)
scheduling and inspection of LPG road tankers and cylinder wagons within				
18 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
investigation of reports of illegal installations within				
ten working days (%)	100	100	100	100
response to complaints of excessive storage of LPG within				
two working days (%)	100	100	100	100
enlistment of competent persons for LPG installations/gasholders within				
25 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
LPG vehicle safety enlistment of competent persons for				
maintenance of fuel systems within	100	100	100	100
25 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
approval for use of LPG fuel tanks in vehicles within 26 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
approval for construction of filling stations	100	100	100	100
within 30 working days (%)approval for use of filling stations within	100	100	100	100
12 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
Electrical safety registration of electrical workers/ contractors/competent persons within 13 working days (%)	99	99	99	99
registration of generating facilities	0.5	100	100	00
within 40 working days (%)registration of recognised certification	95	100	100	99
bodies and manufacturers within				
17 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
endorsement of testing certificate of				
electrical installations within 13 working days (%)	99	99	100	99
investigation of incidents/complaints		))	100	,,,
related to electrical installations/				
products within ten working days (%)	100	100	100	100
Monitoring of electricity utilities conducting an annual technical performance audit on each of the two power companies under the Scheme of Control Agreements				
within 102 working days (%)providing technical input in the financial	100	100	100	100
auditing review of capital expenditure				
variances within 55 working days (%) providing technical advice related to	100	100	100	100
electricity utilities matters within	100	100	100	400
13 working days (%)	100	100	100	100

# Nuclear safety

The target is to ensure the availability of fully-trained and competent officers round the clock to provide immediate response to initial alerts, and to provide professional advice to the Government on matters relating to nuclear power and nuclear emergencies.

## **Indicators**

	2020	2021	2022
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
Gas safety audit inspections to gas supply companies, contractors and			
distributors NGIs and related inspections	1 336	1 411	1 400
	1 183	1 245	1 200

	2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Estimate)
follow-up inspections and quality assurance visitsapplications processed for equipment approval and	2 074	2 128	2 100
registration of gas contractors/installers	221	188	220
LPG road tankers and cylinder wagons inspected	469	460	470
NGIs approved	14	20	22
gas incidents investigated	244	245	250
prosecutions/disciplinary actions conducted/improvement		0	200
notices served	64	86	85
competent persons (for LPG installations/gasholders)			
enlistment applications processed	1	5	4
enquiries/complaints handled	2 262	1 997	2 300
LPG vehicle safety	10	~	
competent persons enlistment applications processed	12	5	6
LPG fuel tanks in vehicles approved and revalidated	6 525#	5 019#	4 600#
inspections of vehicles and filling stations (all before grant	36	36	100
of approval)inspections of approved filling stations	250	242	48ρ 240
filling stations approved	3	242	6@
enquiries/complaints handled	995	1 001	950
enquiries/complaints handred	775	1 001	750
Electrical safety			
site inspections on electrical installations	7 943	8 715	8 500
site inspections on electrical products	3 910	3 964	3 900
electrical workers/contractors/competent persons			
registration applications processed (including renewals)	32 717	26 781∆	$40~000\Delta$
generating facilities registration applications processed	1 252	4 876α	6 000α
recognised certification bodies and manufacturers	4.0		
applications processed	10	8	8
periodic testing certificates of electrical installations	10.262	11.200	11.000
processed	10 263	11 209	11 000
reported electrical incidents investigated	457	516	490
reported unsafe electrical installations/products	601	715	680
investigated prosecutions/disciplinary actions conducted prosecutions/disciplinary actions conducted prosecutions are supported prosecutions.	427	745 313	400
electrical products tested	66	61	60
enquiries handled	13 765	8 709	10 000
enquiries nandied	13 703	0 707	10 000
Monitoring of electricity utilities			
technical indicators assessed in the annual auditing review			
to monitor the technical performance of electricity			
utilities	62	62	62
projects assessed relating to technical input in the financial			
auditing review of capital expenditure variances	40	40	40
enquiries handled	91	90	90
Nuclear safety			
Nuclear safety technical co-operation or exchanges participated	3	3	3
exercises and drills participated	2	2	2
excluses and arms participated	2	2	4

<sup>#</sup> The LPG taxi incentive scheme was launched in 2000. The number of LPG fuel tanks requiring the fourth five-yearly revalidation peaked in 2020 and began to decrease in 2021 after the peak in 2020. It is expected that the number will further decrease in 2022.

<sup>ρ The number of inspections of filling stations (before grant of approval) is expected to increase in 2022 due to more applications on modification of existing stations in view of commencement of new contracts of dedicated LPG filling stations in 2022.</sup> 

<sup>@</sup> The number of filling stations approved is expected to increase in 2022 due to more applications on modification of existing stations in view of commencement of new contracts of dedicated LPG filling stations in 2022.

Δ Registered electrical workers/contractors/competent persons are required to have their registration renewed every three years. Due to the uneven distribution of renewal registrations for these persons, a cyclical peak appears once every three years. The number of three-yearly renewal applications of electrical workers/contractors/competent persons showed a cyclical trough in 2021 and is expected to show a cyclical peak in 2022.

α The number of applications in 2021 increased as more solar energy generating facilities had been installed under the Feed-in Tariff Scheme. It is expected that the number of applications for generating facilities registration will further increase in 2022.

#### Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2022–23

- 5 During 2022–23, the Department will:
- continue to monitor the operation and maintenance of LPG storage installations;
- continue the stepped-up inspection of vehicle maintenance workshops in relation to LPG vehicles and education for the trades on gas safety measures;
- monitor the development and application of new refrigerants of low global warming potential in the air conditioning and refrigeration market; and
- continue to provide technical support to the Environment Bureau on matters relating to the future development of the electricity market and the implementation of the Scheme of Control Agreements.

#### Programme (2): Mechanical Installations Safety

	2020–21 (Actual)	2021–22 (Original)	2021–22 (Revised)	2022–23 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	623.2	749.3	747.8 (-0.2%)	<b>892.1</b> (+19.3%)
				(or +19.1% on 2021–22 Original)

#### Aim

6 The aim is to safeguard the public through implementation of a set of comprehensive regulatory frameworks and systems on the safety of lifts, escalators, builders' lifts, tower working platforms, aerial ropeways, amusement rides, railways, tramway, peak tramway and other mechanical installations; and working closely with the community on public education.

#### **Brief Description**

- 7 The Department is responsible for the administration and enforcement of various safety ordinances, including the Lifts and Escalators Ordinance (Cap. 618) (LEO), the Amusement Rides (Safety) Ordinance (Cap. 449), the Aerial Ropeways (Safety) Ordinance (Cap. 211), the Builders' Lifts and Tower Working Platforms (Safety) Ordinance (Cap. 470), certain provisions of the Mass Transit Railway Ordinance (Cap. 556) and the Mass Transit Railway Regulations (Cap. 556A), the Airport Authority (Automated People Mover) (Safety) Regulation (Cap. 483C), the Tramway Ordinance (Cap. 107) and the Peak Tramway (Safety) Regulations (Cap. 265A). The Department is also responsible for the development and implementation of the voluntary registration schemes for vehicle mechanics and vehicle maintenance workshops. For ease of reference, the above activities, which are under different policy areas, are reported under this programme. The work includes:
  - administration and enforcement of the above ordinances and regulations on mechanical safety and railway safety;
  - registration of contractors, engineers, workers, examiners, surveyors and competent persons and inspection of installations;
  - approval of design and construction of aerial ropeways, amusement rides, builders' lifts and tower working platforms, new brands/models of lift and escalator equipment, new railways and major railway modifications;
  - preparation of codes of practice;
  - investigation of incidents;
  - initiating prosecution and taking disciplinary actions;
  - implementation of the voluntary registration schemes for vehicle mechanics and vehicle maintenance workshops;
     and
  - provision of expert advice.
  - **8** The key performance measures are:

## **Targets**

	Target	2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Plan)
applications of new or major modified railway facilities/systems processed				
within 25 working days (%)	99	99	100	99

	Target	2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Plan)
registration of				
lift/escalator contractors within				
40 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
lift/escalator engineers within	100	100	100	100
40 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
lift/escalator workers within	100	100	100	100
40 working days (%) periodic testing certificates for	100	100	100	100
lifts and escalators processed within				
13 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
builders' lifts and tower working				
platforms processed within				
12 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
issue of permits to use for				
lifts and escalators within	100	100	100	100
13 working days (%)builders' lifts and tower working	100	100	100	100
platforms within				
12 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
amusement rides within	100	100	100	100
13 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
approval of design and construction of				
amusement rides (capacity $\leq 20$				
persons) within				
34 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
amusement rides (capacity $\geq 21$				
persons) within	100	100	100	100
48 working days (%)builders' lifts and tower working	100	100	100	100
platforms within				
34 working days (%)	100	100	100	100
Indicators				
		2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Estimate)
applications processed				
new brands/models of lift and escalator equip design and construction of builders' lifts and	tower	504	511	500
working platforms		30	31	45φ
new or major modified railway facilities/syst	ems	768η	572η	480η
certificates processed lifts and escalators		93 010	91 289	94 200
builders' lifts and tower working platforms	•••••	196	91 289 219Ф	230 <b>Φ</b>
amusement rides		110	139§	3208
inspections			3	- 3
lifts and escalators		28 528	28 826	28 900
percentage of existing lifts and escalators	(%)	35.6	35.5	35.2
builders' lifts and tower working platforms		303	302	300
amusement rides		1 843	1 900	1 850
railway facilities/systemspeak tramway		408 15	418 15	420 15
tramway		170	170	170
aerial ropeways		90	90	90
incidents investigated		, ,		
lifts and escalators		276	276	276
aerial ropeways		2	3	3
amusement rides		11	16	16
peak tramway		1	1	1
tramway		4	16	16
railways	•••••	109	117	110
builders' lifts and tower working platforms, and others		3	3	3
and oniois		3	3	3

	2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Estimate)
incidents/1 000 registered lifts	3.4	5.3	5.3
incidents/100 registered escalators	15.1	18.4	18.4
enquiries/complaints handled	3 867	4 033	4 000

- φ The number of design applications is expected to grow with increasing construction activities in 2022.
- η The higher number in 2020 was attributed to the increased number of safety assessments and improvement works of MTR stations arising from social unrest in the second half of 2019. The number of applications dropped in 2021, and is expected to further decrease in 2022.
- Φ The increase in the number of certificates issued in 2021 was attributed to an increased number of active construction sites. The figure in 2022 is estimated to grow further.
- § The number of applications in 2021 remained low due to reduction in entertainment activities during the epidemic. It is expected that the number of applications would return to the normal level in 2022.

## Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2022–23

- 9 During 2022–23, the Department will continue to:
- monitor the operation and maintenance of the aerial ropeways of Ngong Ping 360 and Ocean Park, and amusement rides in Hong Kong Disneyland, Ocean Park and other venues;
- promote and administer the voluntary registration schemes for vehicle mechanics and vehicle maintenance workshops, including stepping up inspection of vehicle mechanics and vehicle maintenance workshops under the voluntary registration schemes, as well as examine the introduction of a mandatory registration scheme for vehicle mechanics and vehicle maintenance workshops;
- step up public education and publicity efforts to enhance the safety of lifts and escalators;
- step up inspection of registered contractors' maintenance works for aged lifts and escalators;
- implement the LEO and publicise the requirements to relevant stakeholders;
- provide support to the Urban Renewal Authority for implementation of the Lift Modernisation Subsidy Scheme;
- continue to monitor the safety performance of railway service provided by the MTR Corporation Limited.

#### Programme (3): Energy Efficiency and Conservation, and Alternative Energy

	2020–21 (Actual)	2021–22 (Original)	2021–22 (Revised)	2022–23 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	394.5	542.7	485.8 (-10.5%)	<b>563.8</b> (+16.1%)
				(or +3.9% on 2021–22 Original)

#### Aim

10 The aim is to promote energy efficiency and conservation and application of alternative energy.

#### **Brief Description**

- 11 The Department is responsible for the development, promotion and implementation of energy efficiency and conservation; and providing professional support to the Government on the promotion and use of new and renewable energy. The work includes:
  - administration and enforcement of the Energy Efficiency (Labelling of Products) Ordinance (Cap. 598);
  - administration and enforcement of the Buildings Energy Efficiency Ordinance (Cap. 610) (BEEO);
  - provision of professional support and advice to relevant bureaux and the Energy Advisory Committee on matters in relation to energy efficiency and conservation as well as adoption of renewable energy;
  - planning for and implementation of district cooling systems;
  - preparation and review of codes of practice and technical guidelines;
  - development and implementation of energy saving, energy efficiency and conservation as well as renewable energy programmes and projects;
  - research and development on application of innovative energy efficiency and renewable energy technologies;
  - establishment and updating of the energy end-use database;

- promotion of public awareness and application of energy efficiency and conservation measures, equipment and systems and the use of renewable energy; and
- liaison with the Mainland, regional and international organisations such as the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation on energy-related issues.
- 12 The key performance measures are:

# **Targets**

	Target	2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Plan)
registration under the voluntary Energy Efficiency Labelling Scheme (EELS)				
within 17 working days (%) processing of product submissions under the mandatory EELS within	99	100	100	99
17 working days (%)approval of applications under the	99	100	100	99
voluntary water-cooled air-conditioning system scheme for the design or operation of the evaporative cooling towers within				
17 working days (%)registration under the voluntary Energy Efficiency Registration Scheme for	99	100	100	99
Buildings within 17 working days (%) annual updating of Hong Kong Energy	99	100	100	99
End-use Database (% completed)registration of Registered Energy Assessors under the Mandatory	100	100	100	100
Building Energy Code (BEC) Scheme within 40 working days (%)	99	100	100	99
Indicators				
		2020 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)	2022 (Estimate)
Mandatory EELS product submissions processedsite inspections on prescribed products		872 721	1 554µ 701	770µ 700
Voluntary EELS energy labels developedenergy labels implementedenergy labels issued		0¶ 0¶ 197	0¶ 0¶ 154¶	0¶ 0¶ 154¶
Mandatory BEC Scheme sampling inspections for submissions relating to ne- buildings, major retrofitting works and energy at sampling inspections of buildings	w ıdit	24 991	24 1 000	24 980
Voluntary Energy Efficiency Registration Scheme f Buildings certificate issued		42	10	20
Energy consumption study studies completedenergy consumption indicators developed/updated .		1	1 1	1 1
Voluntary water-cooled air-conditioning system schapplications received and processedinstallations completed		45 44	42 34	40 35

	2020	2021	2022
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
Research and development on the application of innovative energy efficiency technologies studies completed	3	3	3
Energy efficiency and conservation promotion talks delivered/visits organised for organisations/schools enquiries handled	235	347ə	347ə
	3 867	3 590	3 590

- μ The upsurge in the number of product submissions in 2021 was due to an increase in the number of product submissions arising from the full implementation of new energy efficiency grading standards for single package type room air conditioners, compact fluorescent lamps and dehumidifiers. It is anticipated that the number will return to the normal level in 2022.
- ¶ There was no new energy label under the voluntary EELS in recent years as it has already covered 22 types of electrical appliances, office equipment and gas appliances. The decrease in the number of energy labels issued was mainly due to fewer product submissions in 2021 during the epidemic as reflected by major suppliers. The figure in 2022 is expected to remain at the same level as 2021.
- The increase in the number of talks delivered/visits organised in 2021 was mainly due to increased number of school visits to the EMSD exhibition gallery. The figure in 2022 is expected to remain at the same level as 2021

#### Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2022–23

- 13 During 2022–23, the Department will:
- continue to implement the mandatory EELS, fully implement the new energy efficiency grading standards for room air conditioners, compact fluorescent lamps and dehumidifiers, take forward the legislative amendments to implement the fourth phase of the scheme, and continue to implement the voluntary EELS;
- continue to implement the BEEO including the statutory codes of practice, and to promote building energy
  efficiency among stakeholders in the built environment;
- administer and promote the voluntary Hong Kong Energy Efficiency Registration Scheme for Buildings to encourage building energy efficiency that is above the statutory levels;
- continue the development of the existing and additional district cooling systems at the Kai Tak Development, continue the design and development of the proposed district cooling systems in the Tung Chung New Town Extension (East) and Kwu Tung North New Development Area (NDA), continue the planning and design of the proposed district cooling system in the Hung Shui Kiu/Ha Tsuen NDA, and conduct feasibility studies on the provision of district cooling systems in other NDAs;
- continue research and development works on the application of new energy efficiency and renewable energy technologies;
- continue to promote public awareness of best practices in energy efficiency and conservation as well as renewable energy through publicity and public education programmes;
- provide professional support to encourage the development of renewable energy in the private and public sectors and to facilitate research and development in relation to renewable energy;
- continue to provide technical advice and support to government bureaux and departments on energy saving through organising seminars, experience sharing workshops and other channels;
- continue to promote retro-commissioning to the relevant trades and professions;
- continue to promote and provide technical advice relating to the implementation of energy-saving measures in government and public venues;
- oversee energy audit, energy saving projects and retro-commissioning projects in government buildings and facilities; and
- implement energy saving projects and renewable energy projects as appropriate in schools and welfare non-government organisations.

## **Programme (4): Centralised Services and Special Support**

	2020–21 (Actual)	2021–22 (Original)	2021–22 (Revised)	2022–23 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	105.6	112.0	110.9 (-1.0%)	11 <b>8.4</b> (+6.8%)
				(or +5.7% on 2021–22 Original)

#### Aim

14 The aim is to provide efficient and cost-effective centralised services and specialist support to other departments.

## **Brief Description**

- 15 The Department is responsible for providing common administrative support to EMSTF. The common administrative expenses shared by EMSTF will be reimbursed to the Government.
- 16 The Department is also responsible for the regulatory control of fresh water cooling towers under the Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132).

#### ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

Prog	yramme	2020–21 (Actual) (\$m)	2021–22 (Original) (\$m)	2021–22 (Revised) (\$m)	2022–23 (Estimate) (\$m)
(1)	Energy Supply; Electrical, Gas and				
( )	Nuclear Safety	182.2	187.4	187.2	180.1
(2)	Mechanical Installations Safety	623.2	749.3	747.8	892.1
(3)	Energy Efficiency and Conservation,				
	and Alternative Energy	394.5	542.7	485.8	563.8
(4)	Centralised Services and Special				
	Support	105.6	112.0	110.9	118.4
		1,305.5	1,591.4	1,531.7	1,754.4
				(-3.8%)	(+14.5%)

(or +10.2% on 2021–22 Original)

## **Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision**

### Programme (1)

Provision for 2022–23 is \$7.1 million (3.8%) lower than the revised estimate for 2021–22. This is mainly due to the decreased provision for operational expenses.

#### Programme (2)

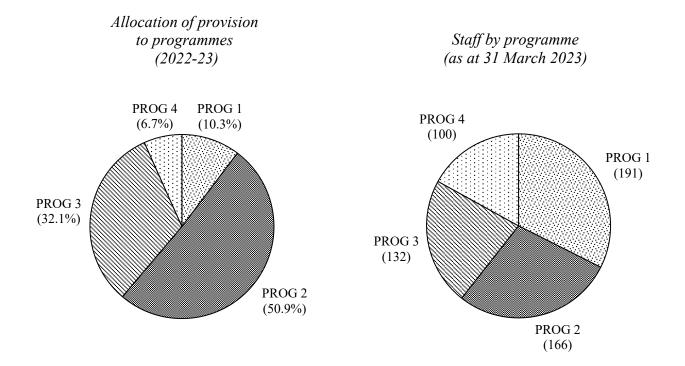
Provision for 2022–23 is \$144.3 million (19.3%) higher than the revised estimate for 2021–22. This is mainly due to the increased cash flow requirement for the non-recurrent item for Lift Modernisation Subsidy Scheme.

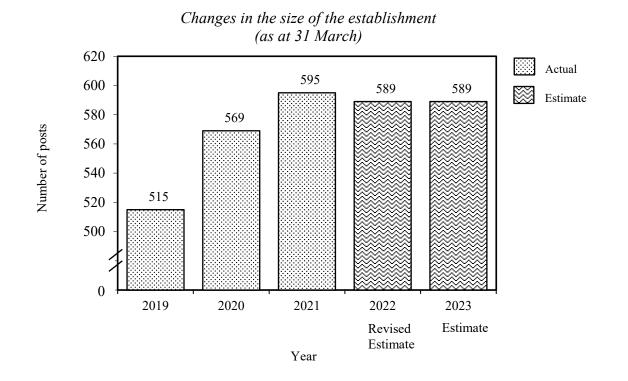
# Programme (3)

Provision for 2022–23 is \$78.0 million (16.1%) higher than the revised estimate for 2021–22. This is mainly due to the increased provision for capital non-works projects and recurrent consequence of the development of the district cooling system at the Kai Tak Development.

## Programme (4)

Provision for 2022–23 is \$7.5 million (6.8%) higher than the revised estimate for 2021–22. This is mainly due to the increased provision for operational expenses.





Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2020–21 \$'000	Approved estimate 2021–22 \$'000	Revised estimate 2021–22 \$'000	Estimate 2022–23
	Operating Account	Ψ 000	Ψ 000	Ψ 000	Φ 000
	Recurrent				
000	Operational expenses	694,375	687,070	666,878	694,474
	Total, Recurrent	694,375	687,070	666,878	694,474
	Non-Recurrent				
700	General non-recurrent	459,931	587,300	585,152	734,643
	Total, Non-Recurrent	459,931	587,300	585,152	734,643
	Total, Operating Account	1,154,306	1,274,370	1,252,030	1,429,117
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
661 696	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	63,312	207,000	202,000	235,300
090	Energy saving projects in government buildings (block vote)	87,865	110,000	77,700	90,000
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	151,177	317,000	279,700	325,300
	Total, Capital Account	151,177	317,000	279,700	325,300
	Total Expenditure	1,305,483	1,591,370	1,531,730	1,754,417

#### **Details of Expenditure by Subhead**

The estimate of the amount required in 2022–23 for the salaries and expenses of the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department is \$1,754,417,000. This represents an increase of \$222,687,000 over the revised estimate for 2021–22 and \$448,934,000 over the actual expenditure in 2020–21.

#### Operating Account

#### Recurrent

- 2 Provision of \$694,474,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department.
- 3 The establishment as at 31 March 2022 will be 589 posts. No change in establishment is expected in 2022–23. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2022–23, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$424,223,000.
  - 4 An analysis of the financial provision under Subhead 000 Operational expenses is as follows:

	2020–21 (Actual) (\$'000)	2021–22 (Original) (\$'000)	2021–22 (Revised) (\$'000)	2022–23 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries	450,357	488,540	469,174	490,151
- Allowances	6,645	6,477	7,098	7,275
Personnel Related Expenses				
- Mandatory Provident Fund				
contribution - Civil Service Provident Fund	1,671	1,247	1,701	1,091
contribution	26,603	30,687	30,756	36,870
Departmental Expenses				
- General departmental expenses	209,099	160,119	158,149	159,087
	694,375	687,070	666,878	694,474

#### Capital Account

#### Plant, Equipment and Works

- 5 Provision of \$235,300,000 under Subhead 661 Minor Plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote) represents an increase of \$33,300,000 (16.5%) over the revised estimate for 2021–22. This is mainly due to the increased requirement for new projects.
- 6 Provision of \$90 million under Subhead 696 Energy saving projects in government buildings (block vote) is for acquisition and replacement of plant and equipment for government buildings for the purpose of energy saving, up to a limit of \$10 million for each project. The increase of \$12,300,000 (15.8%) over the revised estimate for 2021–22 is mainly due to the increased requirement for new projects.

# Commitments

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment \$'000	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2021 \$\frac{\$000}{}	Revised estimated expenditure for 2021–22	Balance \$'000
Opera	ting Ac	count				
700		General non-recurrent				
	806	Intelligent detection system for solar photovoltaic panels	5,000	99	802	4,099
	807	Lift Modernisation Subsidy Scheme	4,508,400	706,946	577,800	3,223,654
	808	Consultancy studies on multi-storey vehicle maintenance workshop buildings	2,100	947	550	603
	809	Energy-cum-carbon audit on government premises	14,000	2,000	6,000	6,000
		Total	4,529,500	709,992	585,152	3,234,356