Controlling officer: the Permanent Secretary for Health will account for expenditure under this Head.	
Estimate 2023–24	\$94,402.9m
Establishment ceiling 2023–24 (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 223 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2023 rising by four posts to 227 posts as at 31 March 2024	\$176.2m
In addition, there will be an estimated 15 directorate posts as at 31 March 2023 and as at 31 March 2024.	
Commitment balance	\$4,598.3m

Controlling Officer's Report

Programmes

Programme (1) Director of Bureau's Office

This programme contributes to Policy Area 27: Intra-Governmental Services (Secretary for Health).

Programme (2) Health

These programmes contribute to Policy Area 15: Health

Programme (2) Health
Programme (3) Subvention: Hospital
Authority
Programme (4) Subvention: Prince Philip
Dental Hospital

These programmes contribute to Policy Area 15: Health (Secretary for Health).

Detail

Programme (1): Director of Bureau's Office

	2021–22	2022–23	2022–23	2023–24
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)#	14.7	15.2	21.5 (+41.4%)	27.0 (+25.6%)

(or +77.6% on 2022–23 Original)

Aim

2 The aim is to ensure the smooth operation of the Office of the Secretary for Health.

Brief Description

3 The Office of the Secretary for Health is responsible for providing support to the Secretary for Health in undertaking political work. This includes the support provided by the Under Secretary and the Political Assistant. The Office is also responsible for providing administrative support to the Secretary for Health in carrying out his duties. The work includes the planning, co-ordination and implementation of all arrangements for the Secretary's public, media and community functions.

[#] For comparison purpose, the figures include relevant provisions for the Director of Bureau's Office which have been transferred from Head 139 — Government Secretariat: Environment and Ecology Bureau (Food Branch) due to re-organisation of the Government Secretariat with effect from 1 July 2022.

Programme (2): Health				
	2021–22 (Actual)	2022–23 (Original)	2022–23 (Revised)	2023–24 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)				
Government sector	2,687.0	21,601.5	19,965.0 (-7.6%)	2,946.0 (-85.2%)
				(or -86.4% on 2022-23 Original)
Subvented sector	109.9	379.0	256.8 (-32.2%)	324.0 (+26.2%)
				(or -14.5% on 2022–23 Original)
Total	2,796.9	21,980.5	20,221.8 (-8.0%)	3,270.0 (-83.8%)
				(or -85.1% on 2022–23 Original)

Aim

4 The aim is to formulate and oversee implementation of policies to protect and promote public health, to provide comprehensive and lifelong holistic healthcare to each citizen, and to ensure that no one is prevented, through lack of means, from obtaining adequate medical treatment.

Brief Description

- 5 The Health Bureau formulates and co-ordinates policies and programmes to:
- protect and promote health;
- prevent and treat illness and disease; and
- minimise the impact of disability.
- **6** Generally, the effectiveness of the work of the Bureau is reflected in the extent to which the departments and subvented organisations delivering medical and healthcare services achieve the objectives of this programme. The aim has been broadly achieved in 2022–23.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2023–24

- 7 During 2023–24, the Bureau will:
- take forward and implement policy initiatives to promote the development of primary healthcare having regard
 to the Primary Healthcare Blueprint, including launching the three-year Chronic Disease Co-care Pilot Scheme,
 enhancing the Elderly Health Care Voucher Scheme, and prepare for the establishment of the Primary
 Healthcare Commission;
- continue to take forward and enhance the development of District Health Centres (DHCs) across the territory and oversee the implementation of the "DHC Express" Scheme;
- further promote the development of Chinese medicine (CM) in Hong Kong, including commencing the formulation of a blueprint for the development of CM in Hong Kong in collaboration with the CM sector, enhancing the provision of funding support to the CM and CM drug sector through the Chinese Medicine Development Fund (CMDF); increasing the annual quota of subsidised outpatient CM services at the 18 district-based Chinese Medicine Clinics cum Training and Research Centres, and regularising and further developing Integrated Chinese-Western Medicine treatment services;
- take forward the review of dental care services provided or subsidised by the Government;
- continue to develop the Chinese Medicine Hospital (CMH) located at Tseung Kwan O and work closely with the Hong Kong Baptist University, the contractor for the operation of the CMH selected through tendering to prepare the service commencement in 2025;
- continue to service the Advisory Committee on Mental Health and pursue recommendations of the Mental Health Review Report;
- continue to combat the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) epidemic;

- continue to implement the Voluntary Health Insurance Scheme;
- continue to oversee the implementation of the Pilot Accredited Registers Scheme for Healthcare Professions;
- continue the phased implementation of the regulatory regime for private healthcare facilities and facilitate private hospital development;
- continue to implement the Hong Kong Genome Project;
- continue to oversee the smooth and timely implementation of capital works projects under the First Ten-year Hospital Development Plan (HDP), and the planning of those under the Second Ten-year HDP;
- continue to monitor the demand and supply of healthcare professionals;
- continue to pursue the recommendations of the strategic review on healthcare manpower planning and professional development in consultation with stakeholders;
- continue to oversee the implementation of the action plans on prevention and control of cancer and other non-communicable diseases, viral hepatitis and antimicrobial resistance;
- continue to oversee the implementation of health promotion and preventive programmes;
- continue to oversee the implementation of the Elderly Health Care Voucher Scheme, the "Outreach Dental Care Programme for the Elderly" and the "Healthy Teeth Collaboration" programme;
- continue to oversee enhancements of the Electronic Health Record Sharing System to support new service areas including primary healthcare;
- continue efforts to promote breastfeeding and organ donation and to deter smoking; and
- continue to manage the Health and Medical Research Fund.

Programme (3): Subvention: Hospital Authority

	2021–22 (Actual)	2022–23 (Original)	2022–23 (Revised)	2023–24 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	83,523.6	92,063.3	93,441.9 (+1.5%)	90,885.7 (-2.7%)
				(or -1.3% on 2022-23 Original)

Aim

8 The Hospital Authority advises the Government on the needs of the public for hospital services and resources required to meet those needs, and provides adequate, efficient and effective public hospital services of the highest standard recognised internationally within the resources available.

Brief Description

- 9 The Bureau subvents the Hospital Authority to provide public medical services. The Hospital Authority is a statutory body established on 1 December 1990 under the Hospital Authority Ordinance (Cap. 113) to manage all public hospitals in Hong Kong. The Authority, with over 89 000 staff (full time equivalents), manages 43 public hospitals and institutions, 49 specialist outpatient clinics and 73 general outpatient clinics as at 31 December 2022.
- 10 The Hospital Authority manages and develops the public medical service system in ways which are conducive to achieving the following objectives:
 - to use hospital beds and clinics, staff, equipment and other resources efficiently to provide medical services of the highest standard within the resources available;
 - to improve the efficiency of medical services by developing appropriate management structure, systems and performance measures;
 - to attract, motivate and retain staff;
 - to encourage public participation in the operation of the public medical service system; and
 - to ensure accountability to the public for the management and control of the public medical service system.
- 11 In the past years, the Hospital Authority generally achieved its performance targets. Nevertheless, with the emergence of COVID-19 epidemic in Hong Kong since early 2020, the Hospital Authority has been adjusting its services in response to the epidemic along with tightening up infection control measures. The Hospital Authority will continue to closely monitor the epidemic situation, support the Government's overall infectious disease prevention strategy and suitably adjust the scale of service provision when necessary. Subject to the development of the COVID-19 epidemic, it is expected that a gradual pick-up would continue in 2023–24.

12 The key activity data in respect of the Hospital Authority are:

Targets

Turgets			
	As at 31 March 2022 (Actual)	As at 31 March 2023 (Revised Estimate)	As at 31 March 2024 (Target & Plan)
Access to services			
inpatient services			
no. of hospital beds	23 838	24 257	24 325
general (acute and convalescent) mentally ill	3 675	3 675	3 710
mentally handicapped	675	675	675
infirmary	1 981	1 961	1 961
·			
overall	30 169	30 568	30 671
ambulatory and outreach services			
accident and emergency (A&E) services percentage of A&E patient attendances seen			
within target waiting time			
triage I (critical cases – 0 minute) (%)	100	100	100
triage II (emergency cases –			
15 minutes) (%)	96	95	95
triage III (urgent cases – 30 minutes) (%)	72	90	90
specialist outpatient services median waiting time for first appointment at			
specialist outpatient clinics			
priority 1 cases	<1 week	2 weeks	2 weeks
priority 2 cases	5 weeks	8 weeks	8 weeks
rehabilitation and geriatric services			
no. of geriatric day places	703	757	787
psychiatric services	900	000	000
no. of psychiatric day places	899	909	909
Indicators			
11000000015		2022 22	
	2021–22	2022–23 (Paying d	2023–24
	(Actual)	(Revised Estimate)	(Estimate)
	(Hetaar)	Estimate)	(Estimate)
Delivery of services			
inpatient services overall			
no. of patient days	7 926 440	8 154 000	8 857 000
bed occupancy rate (%)	82	82	82
no. of discharges and deaths	1 024 571	1 084 280	1 255 970
general (acute and convalescent)	6 400 501	6 60 5 000	- 4- 6 000
no. of patient days	6 408 581	6 605 000	7 256 000
bed occupancy rate (%)no. of discharges and deaths	85 1 004 190	85 1 063 800	85 1 234 400
average length of stay (days)§	6.4	6.4	6.4
mentally ill	0	· · ·	
no. of patient days	855 786	902 000	947 000
bed occupancy rate (%)	68	68	68
no. of discharges and deaths	16 816	16 900	18 000
average length of stay (days)§ mentally handicapped	51	51	51
no. of patient days	173 324	179 000	186 000
bed occupancy rate (%)	70	70	70
infirmary			
no. of patient days	458 749	468 000	468 000
bed occupancy rate (%)	85	85	85

		2022 22	
	2021–22	2022–23 (Revised	2023–24
	(Actual)	Estimate)	(Estimate)
	(1100001)	234111445)	(2341111100)
ambulatory and outreach services day inpatient services			
no. of discharges and deaths	732 499	723 000	795 700
A&E services	132 477	723 000	175 100
no. of A&E attendances	1 840 029	1 963 000	2 203 000
no. of A&E first attendances			
triage I	27 159	27 100	27 100
triage II	52 253	52 200	52 200
triage III	704 932	706 800	748 600
specialist outpatient services Ψ			
no. of specialist outpatient (clinical) first	831 540	817 000	885 000
no. of specialist outpatient (clinical) follow-up	031 340	817 000	003 000
attendances	7 133 293	7 149 000	7 304 000
attendances	T 133 273	/ 1 1 7 000	
total no. of specialist outpatient (clinical)			
attendances	7 964 833	7 966 000	8 189 000
primary care services			
no. of general outpatient attendances	5 762 282	5 894 000	6 320 000
no. of family medicine specialist clinic			
attendances	321 790	320 000	345 600
total no. of primary care attendances	6 084 072	6 214 000	6 665 600
rehabilitation and palliative care services			
no. of rehabilitation day and palliative care day	45 227	77.400	117 400
attendances	45 327	77 400	116 400
no. of community nurse attendances	882 713 25 234	884 000 31 000	950 000 34 200
no. of allied health (community) attendances no. of allied health (outpatient) attendances	2 927 419	2 936 000	3 184 000
geriatric services	2 721 717	2 930 000	3 104 000
no. of geriatric outreach attendances	814 619	738 700	772 700
no. of geriatric elderly persons assessed for	01.019	750 700	,,,,,,,,
infirmary care service	1 659	1 750	1 850
no. of geriatric day attendances	79 481	126 600	170 300
psychiatric services			
no. of psychiatric outreach attendances	221 952	282 100	329 100
no. of psychiatric day attendances	34 436	158 500	237 100
no. of psychogeriatric outreach attendances	86 432	93 200	114 600
Quality of services			
no. of hospital deaths per 1 000 populationΔ	3.0	3.0	3.0
unplanned readmission rate within 28 days for general			
inpatients (%)	10.8	10.8	10.8
* * *			
Cost of services cost distribution			
cost distribution by service types (%)			
inpatient	53.8	54.2	54.2
ambulatory and outreach	46.2	45.8	45.8
cost of services for persons aged 65 or above			1010
share of cost of services (%)	51.8	51.3	51.3
cost of services per 1 000 population (\$m)	29.4	28.8	28.9
unit costs			
inpatient services			
cost per patient day (\$)	= 0.10		
general (acute and convalescent)	7,010	7,060	6,810
mentally ill	3,630	3,730	3,750
mentally handicapped	2,220	2,190	2,220
infirmary	2,100	2,110	2,190

	2021–22 (Actual)	2022–23 (Revised Estimate)	2023–24 (Estimate)
ambulatory and outreach services			
cost per A&E attendance (\$)	2,270	2,080	1,900
cost per specialist outpatient attendance (\$)	1,600	1,660	1,690
cost per general outpatient attendance (\$)cost per family medicine specialist clinic	600	600	600
attendance (\$)	1,380	1,480	1,550
cost per community nurse attendance (\$)	715	745	750
cost per psychiatric outreach attendance (\$)	2,520	2,070	1,880
cost per geriatric day attendance (\$)	3,780	2,810	2,450
fee waivers			
total amount of waived fees (\$m)percentage of Comprehensive Social Security	1,080.1	1,173.0	1,220.4
Assistance fee waiver (%)¶ percentage of Old Age Living Allowance (OALA)	14.9	14.8	14.1
fee waiver (%) Φ	12.4	12.9	12.4
percentage of other fee waiver (%)¶	9.0	9.0	8.5
Manpower (no. of full time equivalent staff as at 31 March) Medical	7.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
doctor	6 484	6 450	6 560
specialist	3 385	3 280	3 230
non-specialist	3 099	3 170	3 330
intern	445	513	539
dentist	12	12	12
medical total	6 941	6 975	7 111
Nursing			
nurse	28 107	27 700	27 620
trainee	1 686	1 300	1 400
nursing total	29 793	29 000	29 020
allied health	8 941	9 180	9 410
others	44 137	45 460	46 780
total	89 812	90 615	92 321

- § Derived by dividing the sum of length of stay of inpatients by the corresponding number of inpatients discharged and treated.
- Ψ The no. of attendances includes consultations provided by honorary doctors, e.g. under the collaboration model between the Hospital Authority and the CUHK Medical Centre commencing 2021–22.
- Δ Refers to the age-standardised hospital death rate covering inpatient and day inpatient deaths in Hospital Authority hospitals in a particular year. The standardised rate, as a standard statistical technique to facilitate comparison over years, is calculated by applying the Hospital Authority age-specific hospital death rate in that particular year to the "standard" population in mid-2001.
- Refers to the amount waived as percentage to total charge.
- Revised description of the previous indicator "percentage of Higher Old Age Living Allowance fee waiver" as from 2022–23. The merging of the Normal and Higher OALA was effective from 1 September 2022. Against this background, the figure stated under 2022–23 (Revised Estimate) covers Higher OALA recipients aged 75 or above before the merger and all eligible OALA recipients aged 75 or above upon the merger, whereas that under 2021-22 (Actual) only covers Higher OALA recipients. The indicator refers to the amount waived as percentage to total charge.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2023–24

13 In 2023–24, the Hospital Authority will continue to meet the healthcare needs of the population within the policy framework of the Government. The Government's direction is for the Hospital Authority to focus on four priority areas: (a) acute and emergency care; (b) services for the low income group and the underprivileged; (c) illnesses that entail high cost, advanced technology and multi-disciplinary professional team work in their treatment; and (d) training of healthcare professionals.

- 14 The Hospital Authority will also:
- open a total of around 100 additional hospital beds to meet the growing demand;
- enhance the treatment and management of major chronic illnesses;
- augment the workforce by attracting and retaining staff through various measures;
- continue to enhance access to A&E, surgical, diagnostic imaging and specialist outpatient services as well as increase the number of operating theatre sessions and improve pharmacy services;

- continue to enhance mental health services and community psychiatric services;
- continue to make use of investment returns generated from the \$10 billion Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Endowment Fund allocated to the Hospital Authority to operate clinical PPP programmes; and
- continue to provide support for COVID-19 patients.

Programme (4): Subvention: Prince Philip Dental Hospital

	2021–22	2022–23	2022–23	2023–24
	(Actual)	(Original)	(Revised)	(Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	226.9	220.1	223.3 (+1.5%)	220.2 (-1.4%)

(or comparable to 2022–23 Original)

Aim

15 The aim is to provide facilities for the training of dentists and dental ancillary personnel.

Brief Description

- 16 The Bureau subvents the Prince Philip Dental Hospital (PPDH). The PPDH is a statutory body established in 1981 under the Prince Philip Dental Hospital Ordinance (Cap. 1081). It is a purpose-built teaching hospital to provide clinical training facilities for undergraduate and postgraduate students of the Faculty of Dentistry of the University of Hong Kong. It also runs courses for dental ancillary personnel at diploma level.
- 17 In the 2021/22 academic year, the PPDH generally achieved its overall performance targets in terms of the number of students attending the undergraduate and postgraduate courses and the diploma courses.
 - 18 The key performance measures are:

Indicators

	Academic Year		
	2021/22 (Actual)	2022/23 (Revised Estimate)	2023/24 (Estimate)
no. of training places			
undergraduate	452	467	487
research postgraduate	104	122	128
taught postgraduate#	56	46	40
student dental technician	32	35	38
student dental surgery assistant	25	37	39
student dental hygienist	67	63	64
student dental therapist	12	10	12
totalcapacity utilisation rate (%)Φ	748	780	808
undergraduate	98	98	99
research postgraduate	100	100	100
taught postgraduate	93	92	100
student dental technician	80	88	95
student dental surgery assistant	69	103∧	100
student dental hygienist	99	93	94
student dental therapist	100	83	100
completion rate (%)			
undergraduate	100	100	100
research postgraduate	100	100	100
taught postgraduate	100	100	100
student dental technician	75	94	95
student dental surgery assistant	76	78	79
student dental hygienist	82	89	89
student dental therapist	100	100	100

[#] The indicator covers only University Grants Committee funded taught postgraduate programmes.

Φ This refers to the number of students enrolled in courses as a percentage of the total number of training places offered.

[^] The utilisation rate exceeds 100 per cent because there was a student retaking the course in 2022/23 academic year.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2023–24

19 During 2023–24, PPDH will continue improving its building infrastructure and facilities.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

Pro	gramme	2021–22 (Actual) (\$m)	2022–23 (Original) (\$m)	2022–23 (Revised) (\$m)	2023-24 (Estimate) (\$m)
(1) (2)	Director of Bureau's Office	14.7 2,796.9	15.2 21,980.5	21.5 20,221.8	27.0 3,270.0
(3) (4)	Subvention: Hospital Authority Subvention: Prince Philip Dental	83,523.6	92,063.3	93,441.9	90,885.7
	Hospital	226.9	220.1	223.3	220.2
		86,562.1‡	114,279.1‡	113,908.5‡ (-0.3%)	94,402.9 (-17.1%)

(or -17.4% on 2022-23 Original)

Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

Programme (1)

Provision for 2023–24 is \$5.5 million (25.6%) higher than the revised estimate for 2022–23. This is mainly due to the increased requirement for operating expenses.

Programme (2)

Provision for 2023–24 is \$16,951.8 million (83.8%) lower than the revised estimate for 2022–23. This is mainly due to the decreased provision for various anti-epidemic measures, partly offset by the increased provision for personal emoluments as a result of a net increase of four posts in 2023–24.

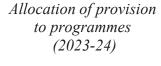
Programme (3)

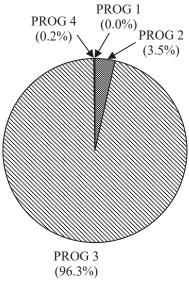
Provision for 2023–24 is \$2,556.2 million (2.7%) lower than the revised estimate for 2022–23. This is mainly due to the decreased anti-epidemic related provision.

Programme (4)

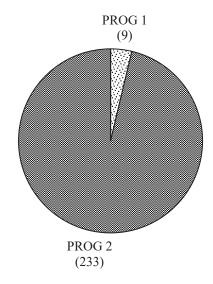
Provision for 2023–24 is \$3.1 million (1.4%) lower than the revised estimate for 2022–23. This is mainly due to the lapse of time-limited provision, partly offset by increased requirement in minor plant, equipment, maintenance, and improvement in 2023–24.

[‡] For comparison purpose, the figures have been adjusted to reflect the provisions for the relevant programme under this Head due to the re-organisation of the Government Secretariat with effect from 1 July 2022.



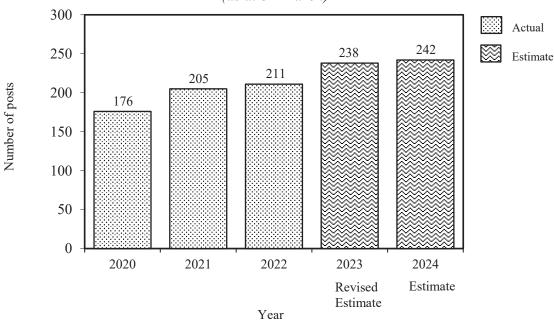


Staff by programme (as at 31 March 2024)



(No government staff under PROG 3-4)

Changes in the size of the establishment (as at 31 March)



Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2021–22	Approved estimate 2022–23	Revised estimate 2022–23	Estimate 2023–24
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000	Operational expenses	84,270,094	111,375,834	111,398,085	91,608,955
	Total, Recurrent	84,270,094	111,375,834	111,398,085	91,608,955
	Non-Recurrent				
700	General non-recurrent	566,610	1,149,254	776,996	1,066,720
	Total, Non-Recurrent	566,610	1,149,254	776,996	1,066,720
	Total, Operating Account	84,836,704	112,525,088	112,175,081	92,675,675
	Capital Account				
	Subventions				
899979	Prince Philip Dental Hospital - minor plant, vehicles, equipment, maintenance, and improvement (block vote)	16,986	14,377	14,377	15,479
919	Hospital Authority - equipment and information systems (block vote)	1,665,900	1,710,000	1,710,000	1,711,745
	information systems, maintenance, and improvement (block vote)	9,935	_	_	_
	Total, Subventions	1,692,821	1,724,377	1,724,377	1,727,224
	Total, Capital Account	1,692,821	1,724,377	1,724,377	1,727,224
	Total Expenditure	86,529,525	114,249,465	113,899,458	94,402,899

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

The estimate of the amount required in 2023–24 for the salaries and expenses of the Health Bureau is \$94,402,899,000. This represents a decrease of \$19,496,559,000 against the revised estimate for 2022–23 and an increase of \$7,873,374,000 over the actual expenditure in 2021–22.

Operating Account

Recurrent

- 2 Provision of \$91,608,955,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Health Bureau. The decrease of \$19,789,130,000 (17.8%) against the revised estimate for 2022–23 is mainly due to the reduced requirements for various anti-epidemic measures.
- 3 The establishment as at 31 March 2023 will be 238 posts including one supernumerary post. It is expected that there will be a net increase of four posts in 2023–24. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2023–24, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$176,227,000.
 - 4 An analysis of the financial provision under Subhead 000 Operational expenses is as follows:

	2021–22 (Actual) (\$'000)	2022–23 (Original) (\$'000)	2022–23 (Revised) (\$'000)	2023–24 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries	167,776	180,190	190,086	229,946
- Allowances	8,156	8,550	9,414	9,652
- Job-related allowances	_	2	3	3
Personnel Related Expenses				
- Mandatory Provident Fund contribution	546	306	421	383
- Civil Service Provident Fund	340	300	421	363
contribution	11,184	15,169	14,440	20,569
Departmental Expenses	,	,	,	,
- General departmental expenses	1,713,140	19,762,899	18,744,234	1,091,187
Other Charges				
- Primary healthcare development expenses.	191,775	740,749	389,664	769,554
Subventions	,	ŕ	,	
- Hospital Authority	81,857,716	90,353,320	91,731,928	89,173,960
- Prince Philip Dental Hospital	209,935	205,696	208,942	204,748
- Hong Kong Genome Institute	109,866	108,953	108,953	108,953
	84,270,094	111,375,834	111,398,085	91,608,955

Capital Account

Subventions

- 5 Provision of \$15,479,000 under Subhead 899 Prince Philip Dental Hospital minor plant, vehicles, equipment, maintenance, and improvement (block vote) is for the procurement of plant and equipment, maintenance, and minor improvement works costing over \$200,000 but not exceeding \$10 million for each project.
- 6 Provision of \$1,711,745,000 under Subhead 979 Hospital Authority equipment and information systems (block vote) is for the procurement of equipment items and computerisation projects costing over \$200,000 each.

Commitments

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment **3000	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2022 \$'000	Revised estimated expenditure for 2022–23	Balance \$'000
Operating Account						
700		General non-recurrent				
	802	Chinese Medicine Development Fund@	1,000,000@	235,716	180,839	583,445
	803	Hong Kong Genome Project	682,000	34,184	147,844	499,972
	804	"DHC Express" Scheme	596,200	199,476	116,113	280,611
	807	Indemnity Fund for Adverse Events Following Immunization with Coronavirus Disease 2019 Vaccines	1,000,000	34,090	98,390	867,520
	809	Preparation for service commencement of the Chinese Medicine Hospital	80,445	3,981	5,400	71,064
	823	Health and Medical Research Fund	4,223,000	1,703,901	223,410	2,295,689
		Total	7,581,645	2,211,348	771,996	4,598,301

[@] The approved commitment for the item was \$500 million. An increase in commitment of \$500 million is sought in the context of the Appropriation Bill 2023.